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## APPENDIX D

## DIVIDEND DISBURSEMENTS, 1884-1919, AND TOTAL

## DIVIDEND PAYMENTS TO INDIVIDUALS, 1919-1950

The series on dividend payments to individuals for 1919 to 1941 was computed by adjusting the level of a monthly sample series published by the New York Journal of Commerce to annual bench-mark data. For 1919-1921 the annual data used are from an article by J. F. Ebersole, S. B. Burr, and G. M. Peterson, "Income Forecasting by the Use of Statistics of Income Data" (Review of Economic Statistics, November 1929), and for 1922 to 1941 from appropriate years of Statistics of Income (Bureau of Internal Revenue).

We used an adaptation of the method developed by V Lewis Bassie which least affects the relative monthly movement within each year and the December-January movement between consecutive years (see Frederick M. Cone, Monthly Income Payments in the United States, 1929-40, Dept. of Commerce, Economic Series No. 6, 1940, pp. 27-28).

The annual data used as control totals were computed by subtracting dividends received by corporations from dividends paid out by corporations. The result is a close approximation of dividend payments to individuals, although we have not been able to exclude from it receipts of (1) individuals residing abroad, (2) foreign corporations, and (3) eleemosynary and other nonprofit institutions.

The monthly series includes manufacturing, retailing, mining, shipping, railroad, and traction companies. In 1925 the sample is placed on a more inclusive basis. From May 1934 onward the data exclude semiprivate and closed corporations and include financial corporations. Neither the 1919-1924 nor the 1925-1941 segment is a continuous sample; the number of corporations included changes from year to year. For 1939-1950 the National Income Division of the Department of Commerce has compiled a monthly series on dividends received by individuals. Its procedure is very similar to ours; it adjusts its own sample of monthly dividend payments using annual control totals (dividends paid by corporations less dividends received) from Statistics of Income. The sample is a large one and is stratified by industry groups. The Bassie method is used in making the interpolation. This series has not been published but has been made available to us by the Department of Commerce. Table D-1 presents total dividend payments to individuals for 1919-1950. Data


APPENDIX D
TABLE D-1 (continued)
(millions of dollars)

|  | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1939 | 362 | 335 | 274 | 314 | 321 | 268 | 317 | 310 | 299 | 317 | 335 | 342 |
| 1940 | 359 | 349 | 305 | 338 | 336 | 335 | 332 | 342 | 355 | 351 | 335 | 331 |
| 1941 | 346 | 341 | 369 | 351 | 364 | 380 | 365 | 362 | 387 | 381 | 376 | 389 |
| 1942 | 376 | 359 | 371 | 381 | 357 | 351 | 369 | 358 | 342 | 354 | 368 | 342 |
| 1943 | 369 | 396 | 363 | 376 | 390 | 368 | 381 | 383 | 377 | 387 | 395 | 363 |
| 1944 | 361 | 369 | 385 | 389 | 373 | 398 | 397 | 370 | 407 | 384 | 384 | 405 |
| 1945 | 370 | 371 | 388 | 376 | 354 | 422 | 388 | 375 | 388 | 408 | 395 | 398 |
| 1946 | 454 | 426 | 424 | 464 | 468 | 447 | 490 | 526 | 491 | 489 | 563 | 545 |
| 1947 | 529 | 546 | 513 | 530 | 568 | 527 | 556 | 605 | 552 | 589 | 566 | 549 |
| 1948 | 611 | 596 | 604 | 612 | 551 | 586 | 624 | 669 | 638 | 651 | 672 | 643 |
| 1949 | 610 | 614 | 692 | 643 | 595 | 650 | 633 | 600 | 674 | 632 | 630 | 685 |
| 1950 | 636 | 643 | 752 | 655 | 671 | 639 |  |  |  |  |  |  |

[^0]for earlier years are not presented because they do not give us a reliable picture of the amplitude of their specific cycles.

A test was made in which the turning points in the specific cycles of the interpolation series were compared with those of the series adjusted to annual control totals for 1919-1941. There were seven turning points in each series, all comparable. Of the seven, there were four coincidences, and no difference greater than three months. We therefore decided that the Journal of Commerce data available for years before 1919, unadjusted to annual control totals, would be reliable in determining cyclical turning points in dividend disbursements; however, the sample series cannot be used in measuring cyclical amplitude.

\left.|  | date of turning points in: |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Journal of Commerce |  |  |
| Series Adjusted to |  |  |$\right]$| Journal of Commerce | Series | Annual Control Totals |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |

$$
\mathrm{P}=\text { peak } ; \mathbf{T}=\text { trough } .
$$

The Journal of Commerce series extends back to 1906. For the years 1904 and 1905, no record of monthly dividend payments was published. For the years 1884-1903, monthly data are available in the Daily Stockholder. It should be noted again that in compiling these series the payments of a constant sample of corporations were not added, but only those of corporations whose reports happened to be seen by the Journal of Commerce and Daily Stockholder compilers. For 1884-1908, banks and trust companies are included in the data; from 1909 to April 1934 they are excluded.

The entire series from 1884 to 1950 has been corrected for seasonal variation by the National Bureau of Economic Research, using a moving seasonal index.


[^0]:    Source: See Appendix D.

