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THE MEASUREMENT OF CORPORATE SOURCES AND USES OF FUNDS

DAVID MEISELMAN

ELI SHAPIRO



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(Resolution adopted October 25, 1926, as revised February 6, 1933, and February 24, 1941) This report is one of a series emerging from an investigation of postwar capital market developments in the United States. The costs of the study were financed by a grant to the National Bureau from the Life Insurance Association of America and from general funds of the National Bureau. The Life Insurance Association is not, however, responsible for any of the statements made or views expressed in the report.

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> David Meiselman Eli Shapiro

Summary

tion tables for the quarterly flows. The second set, called "supplementary" tables, is on file at the National Bureau of Economic Research. Appendix C contains the corporate balance sheets on an industry basis covering the years 1945–1958. Finally, the Dawson sources and uses estimates on an annual basis for the 1931–1950 period are presented in Appendix D.

The tables used to derive the flows report explicitly the procedure for estimating each line of the final summary tables and give abbreviated references to the sources of data employed. The supplementary tables contain additional data, references, and operations which could not be included conveniently in the paper.

The extensive detail underlying the summary tables found in Appendixes A and B is reproduced to make the accounts more useful to people interested in these data. Analysts need not accept the present form of the summary tables. They can reconstruct or regroup the data to fit their own purposes. The flows are presented on a gross basis wherever possible; those who prefer net flows can easily adjust the figures. It is hoped that publication of the detail will facilitate experimentation with the sources and uses data by others, thereby improving the quality of this information.

Use of the derivation and supplementary tables facilitates reproduction of both the annual and quarterly series and their extension beyond 1955. Given the current reporting lags of the federal government's statistical agencies which provide the bulk of the required data, these tables can be extended to a more nearly current basis with a lag of approximately six months.

Summary

The principal material included in this paper results from efforts to improve the data depicting the flow of funds through the corporate business sector. The tables which are reproduced constitute a statistical filing cabinet in which are recorded the sources and uses of corporate funds by major industry groupings. Annual data cover the six-year period, 1950 through 1955; quarterly data for the same industrial classifications are presented for the years 1953 through 1955.

The annual and quarterly sources and uses of funds statements are presented with identical detail on two levels of aggregation: all nonfinancial corporations reporting for tax purposes to the Internal Revenue Service; and industry categories consisting of (a) manufacturing, (b) mining, (c) gas and electric utilities, (d) railroads, (e) communications, and (f) the "residual" group composed of trade, service, credit agencies other than banks,¹ and miscellaneous corporations. Chapter I describes the rationale of the accounts, their transactions and coverage, and presents the summary accounts on an annual basis for 1950 through 1955 and on a quarterly basis from 1953 through 1955.

In Chapter II, the methods of deriving the estimates from sources of data are discussed in detail.

Chapter III is devoted to a critique of the accounts and an examination of discrepancies. The chapter closes with a comparison of NBER and other estimates, and a set of recommendations which, if adopted, would improve future estimates.

The underlying data and the operations performed on them are found in two supporting sets of tables. The first, called "derivation" tables, are presented in Appendixes A and B. Appendix A contains the derivation tables for the annual flows and Appendix B the deriva-

¹ This group constitutes an exception to the nonfinancial character of the companies covered.

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