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Functions of and Needs for Credit

TYPES OF PROJECT

Projects reported in this area are those types that are devoted to problems of: (a) defining fundamental financial concepts; (b) describing the mechanisms and processes by which credit functions under modern economic conditions; (c) analyzing theoretically the stabilizing and unstabilizing effects of credit; (d) evaluating the alternative mechanisms of control and supervision of credit with respect to social needs. Such projects are primarily analytical or theoretical in approach and method.

Part V

Functions of and Needs for Credit

A. Concepts of Money, Currency and Credit

(a) Meaning of money and currency	Functions of and needs for money Nominalism, metallism, and com- modity theory Types of monetary standard
(b) Meaning of credit -	Time-space elements and the need for credit Types of credit Instruments of credit Use of credit in payments, clear- ings, collections Velocity of circulation

(c) Relationships among currency, credit and prices

B. Credit and Economic Organization

	Individual savings
(a) Supply of credit	Corporate savings

(b) Demand for credit {	Working capital demands Investment demands Speculative demands Consumer demands
(c) Allocation of credit	Adequacy of facilities Availability of information Guidance of investment Terms, as interest, priority, repay- ment method
(d) Relation of credit terms to	Capitalization of income Volume of circulating and other credit Volume of debt service Output of producers' and consum- ers' goods
(e) Flow of credit and the mechanism of ad- justment	Effects on prices, exchange rates, incomes, trade

C. Credit and Economic Stability

	Instability of prices and production
	as related to the quantity of
	credit
	Costs of credit and the rate of
	debt formation
	Fixed debt charges and fluctuations
(a) Credit as a cause of	in income
instability	Non-liquid assets of credit agen-
·	cies vs. fluctuating withdrawals
	of deposits and other liabilities
	Interest changes and fluctuations in
	security prices
	Income distribution as related to
	changes in the quantity of credit
	· · ·

(b) Credit as an aid to stability and expansion

Use of credit to stabilize production and prices

- Role of credit in accelerating capital formation, output and consumption
- Credit and the anticipation of income

Function of credit in equalizing incomes and outlays

Objectives of currency and credit

management