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## APPENDIX C

## Relative Importance of Goods in Process Based on Federal Trade Commission and Securities and Exchange Commission Reports

The Industrial Corporation Reports present balance sheets showing year end inventories and stocks of goods in process for 38 industries in 1939 and 16 in 1938.<sup>1</sup> For 1939 the FTC compiled the information from reports submitted directly by selected corporations. For 1938 the data were taken from annual reports to the SEC and from supplementary information submitted at the request of the FTC.

The sample of reporting firms was usually obtained by selecting in each industry some "of the most important concerns . . . from the standpoint of investment and value of goods sold". The sales reported by the sample in 1939 range from 12.5 to 97 percent of the Bureau of Census value of product for corresponding groups (excluding a few cases where the census data were exceeded by the sample figures).<sup>2</sup> In most groups the sample accounted for over half the activity reported to the census. The number of firms reporting in each industry ranged from 4 to 34, but usually from 4 to 9. The over-all coverage of the sample firms compared with

<sup>1</sup> In general, the reports are for the end of the calendar year, but in some cases cover fiscal years ending nearest the end of the calendar year to which the reports are attributed.

<sup>2</sup> These cases are attributed largely to the classification of certain plants of these corporations under other industries by the Bureau of Census, and also to the fact that the census does not cover foreign establishments, while the FTC data cover the consolidated operations of the corporations.

teports		RATIO	1 otal stocks in ind, to total stocks in all mfg. (\$0.682 mil.)	(6)		0.1	1.7	0.9	0.1	0.6	6.1	6.1	0.1	0.3	2.9	0.1	0.5	0.2	1.4	o.6	0.4		0.3	0.4	1.1	1.2	I.0
mmission R	8 9	ENTAGE	Total stocks in sample to total stocks in ind.	(8)		93.9	68. I	69.4	121.4	78.6	105.6	291.3	84.6	134.5	43.3	60.0	35.4	63.2	131.4	88. I	30.6		0.171	76.2	37.9	25.8	6.06
lange Co	1 9	PERC	Goods in process in sample to total	(2)	S I O N	70.1	32.5	0.8	0.5	в.б	15.8	0.2	0.11	10.3	21.9	29.3	47.3	46.5	23.I	8.0	13.5		13.0	35.2	17.0	31.3	12.1
and Excl Sample			TOTAL STOCKS OF FIRMS IN SAMPLE \$ MIL.	(9)	C O MM I S	92	109	59	17	44	190	536	II	39	120	9	17	12	18	52	II		53	32	39	31	88
Obtained from Federal Trade and Securities and Exc Relative Importance of Firms and Industries in Sample		RATIO	I otal stocks in ind. to total stocks in all mfg. (S8.026 mil.)	(5)	RAL TRADE	0.7	1.5	1.0					0.1			0.1	0.5			0.8	0.3						
l Trade and Firms and	8 8 8	CENTAGE B	Total stocks in sample to total stocks in ind.	(4)	FEDER/	93.4	68.2	71.6					76.9			25.6	36.4			72.5	26.7						
n Federal rtance of	I	PERCE	Goods in process in sample to total	(3)		69. I	31.8	0.8					8.5			29.0	42.0			6.9	13.4						
ained fror ive Impo			TOTAL STOCKS OF FIRMS IN SAMPLE S MIL.	(2)		57	06	63					10			ŝ	16			50							
Sample of Goods in Process Obtained from Federal Trade and Securities and Exchange Commission Reports Relative Importance of Firms and Industries in Sample			XMISDONI	(1)	•	Aircraft	Auto parts & accessories	Beet sugar	Biscuits & crackers	Cane sugar	Chemicals (ind.)	Cigarettes & tob. prod.	Clay (other than pottery)	Confectionery	Cotton textiles	Domestic laundry equip.	Eng., turb., waterwheels & windmills	Firearms & ammunition	Furniture	Glass & glassware	Gray-iron & malleable iron castings	Gypsum & asbestos prod. & roof coating	(excl. paint)	Hardware	Heat. & cook. apparatus (excl. electric)	Knitgoods (incl. hosiery)	Leather boots & shoes

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Ξ	Ĵ	(8)	(•)	(9)	(9)	(4)	(8)	(0)
Lumber & timber					<b>6</b> 6	1.7	20.9	0.0 0
Machine tool acc. & mach. precision tools					13 24	5.1.2	4 4 8 9 9 9 9	0.7
Machine tools	2	1.00	280.0	0.1	4	36.0	233.3	0.1
Matchel	4 -		20.4	0.6	12.	24.1	21.1	o.6
rumps, pumping equip. a au compressus Proves e alliad and		1.11	87.0	4.0	61	28.9	86.4	0.2
Rayons & allicu prou-	501	6.7	132.7	1.6	210	7.4	123.5	1.8
Kubber prou.		20.0	5.55	4.0	11	31.9	32.4	4.0
		67.7	42.4	4.0	17	69-4	4o-5	4.0
Soups Sette	- 00	20.0	0.05	0.2	6	21.8	47.4	0.2
SUK	)		•		12	39.0	80.0	0.2
Silverware & plated wate					<b>60</b> I	20.3	74.1	1.5
Soap, cottonseed ou prou. & county tate					1 <u>6</u>	26.9	66.7	0.2
Steel castings					15	12.2	1.4	4.0
Lexule dyeing a musuing (excl. would )					47	24.4	8.66	0.5
I extile machinery & sewing inactines	08	<b>22.6</b>	68.2	5.0	36	30.7	67.9	0.6
Wool carpets & rugs Woolens & worsteds	) C			<b>)</b>	84 94	35.1	51.9	1.7
	•	2 2 2 2	C U R I T I E S	X A U D E X	EXCHANGE	COMMIS	NOIS	
	270	39.9	82.5	3.8	2 79 <sup>a</sup>	33.3 <sup>a</sup>	68.o	4.3
		2.2	13.1	2.1	24	2.9	12.2	2.0
			16.8	2.0	32	1.6	17.8	6.1
	0.0	4.6	84.0	0.3	33	1.7	84.6	0.3
Misc. 1000s: Daking powder	; •	8	52.9	0.0	6	7.8	45.0	0.9
Com prod.	n - 1	12.8	0.7	4.7	43	12.7	10.3	4-3
		8.01	6.7	5.0	en	10.9	6.5	0.5
Fortland concut	530	21.1	72.3	8.5	635	23.5	81.0	8.1
Total	1549	1.9.1	56.1	30.9	3310	28.6	66.3	51.9
				1 938		1 939		
% inv. of sample firms are of total mfr. inventorics	ventories			17.4		34-4		

## <sup>a</sup> 1937 data. Classification not available for 1938 or 1939.

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all manufacturing is far less adequate, since some leading industries are not represented at all; for example, the sales of the sample firms reporting an inventory were only 15 percent of the total census value of product in 1939; the coverage was even smaller in 1938.

To help offset these inadequacies, the National Bureau of Economic Research collected additional information for some of the more important industry groups omitted from the FTC sample. The data were obtained from annual reports to the SEC by corporations listed on the New York Stock Exchange. The industries represented in the augmented sample held stocks amounting to 30.9 percent of manufacturers' total holdings in 1938 and to 51.9 percent in 1939 (Table 103); the sample firms held a smaller portion: 17.4 percent in 1938 and 34.4 percent in 1939.

An over-all ratio of goods in process to total stocks was computed by weighting the ratio of goods in process to total stocks in each industry by the census value of inventories held in that industry at the end of 1938 and of 1939. The result is unsatisfactory partly because of inadequate coverage of many industries and partly because certain groups, notably foods, beverages, paper, printing and publishing, nonferrous metals, and leather, were not represented.