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(Resolution adopted October 25, 1926, as revised February 6, 1933, and February 24, 1941)

CONTENTS

Preface	
1. Introduction	1
2. Regional Differentials	6
3. City Size Differentials	10
4. Regional Differential Adjusted for City Size	17
5. Skill Level and Geographical Differentials	22
6. Region, City Size, and Interindustry Differences in Earni	ings 27
7. Conclusion	32
Appendix A: Sources, Notes, and Basic Data	36
Appendix B: Reliability of Hours Data	47

TABLES

1.	Average Hourly Earnings of Nonagricultural Employed Persons, United States, by Demographic Characteristics,	0
9	Average House Forsings New without Free and	3
۷.	Average Hourly Earnings, Nonagricultural Employed Persons, by Region, 1959	7
3.	"Expected" Average Hourly Earnings, by Region, 1959	8
4.	Ratio of Actual to "Expected" Hourly Earnings, by Region, 1959	9
5.	Average Hourly Earnings, Nonagricultural Employed Persons, by City Size, 1959	12
6.	"Expected" Average Hourly Earnings, by City Size, 1959	14
7.	Distribution, by Years of Schooling, of White Males in	
	Nonagricultural Employment Across City Size in the Non-South, 1960	15
8.	Ratio of Actual to "Expected" Hourly Earnings, by City Size, 1959	16
9.	Percentage Distribution of Man-Hours, by City Size and Region, 1959	18
10.	Regional Indexes of Ratio of Actual to "Expected" Hourly Earnings, by City Size, 1959	19
11.	Ratio of Actual to "Expected" Hourly Earnings, by	
	Region, Adjusted for City Size, 1959	20
12.	Ratio of Actual to "Expected" Hourly Earnings, by City Size, Adjusted for Region, 1959	21
13.	Index of Standardized Hourly Earnings in Non-South Relative to the South, by Education, Color, and Sex, 1959	23
14.	Index of Standardized Hourly Earnings in SMSA's of	
	1,000,000 and More Relative to Outside SMSA's, by	24
15	Education, Color, and Sex, 1959	24
15.	Index of Standardized Earnings, Non-South Relative to the South, by Color, Education, and City Size	26
16.	Results of Regressing the Logarithm of Average Hourly Earnings on the Percentage in South and Other Variables	
	Across 138 Industries	29
17.	Earnings on the Percentage in Large SMSA's and Other	
	Variables Across 138 Industries	30

A-1.	Average Hourly Earnings of Nonagricultural Employed Persons, by Color, Age, Sex, and Education, 1959	39
A-2.	Number of Nonagricultural Employed Persons, by Color, Age, Sex, and Education, 1959	42
A-3.	Average Annual Earnings of Nonagricultural Employed Persons, by Color, Age, Sex, and Education, 1959	44
B-1.	Comparison of Means and Distribution of Hours in the 1/1,000 Sample and Current Population Survey, Nonagricultural Employed Persons, 1959 and April 1960	49
B-2.	Average Weeks Worked in 1959, by Hours Worked per Week in April 1960, for Color-Sex Groups, Employed Persons, 1960	49
В-3.	Comparison of Means and Distributions of Hours in the 1/1,000 Sample and Current Population Survey, Nonagricultural Employed Persons, 1959 and April 1960	50
	CHARTS	
1.	Average Hourly Earnings of Nonagricultural Employed Persons by City Size, by Region and Color, 1959	13
2.	Average Hourly Earnings of White Males by Education and City Size: Weighted Average of South and Non-	25
	South, 1959	25



PREFACE

This paper is a by-product of the National Bureau's study of productivity in the service industries undertaken with the financial assistance of the Ford Foundation. In the course of that study, we found that since 1929 the goods industries have been substituting skilled for unskilled labor at a much more rapid rate than have the service industries. During that same period, the price of unskilled labor has risen relative to that of skilled labor; this suggests as one possible explanation a difference between the sectors in their ability to adjust labor inputs to changing wage structure. (I.e., the elasticity of substitution of skilled for unskilled labor might be smaller in the service industries.) One way of testing this hypothesis is to examine variations in the labor skill mix in the same industry in different areas of the country, and try to relate these variations to differences in the relative prices of skilled and unskilled labor in different regions. One of the initial purposes of this paper, therefore, was to develop measures of regional wage differentials at several skill levels. The finding that the differential between wage rates in the South and in the rest of the country is much greater for unskilled labor than for skilled labor provided the starting point for a study of elasticity now being conducted by Richard Auster.

In the course of answering the regional differential question, a number of other interesting findings emerged. In particular, the magnitude of the earnings differentials across city size within regions proved to be surprisingly large. For all nonagricultural employed persons, hourly earnings in Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas of 1,000,000 and more are approximately 30 per cent higher than in rural areas and small towns. They are approximately 15 per cent higher than in SMSA's of less than 500,000.

The paper also develops a methodology and body of data for studying wage differentials adjusted for differences in labor force composition as measured by color, age, sex, and education. These demographic characteristics are used as proxies for labor "quality," and measures are presented of regional and city size differences in labor "quality" and of wage differentials adjusted for "quality." Approximately one-third of the gross South-non-South wage differential is attributable to differences in labor force composition. In contrast,

¹ An excerpt from this paper appeared in the Monthly Labor Review, January 1967.

the city size wage differentials are unaffected by the adjustment for labor force composition.

The methods and data developed in this paper are being used in several other parts of the National Bureau service industry project, including David Schwartzman's study of productivity in retailing, Jean Wilburn's study of productivity in personal services, Irving Leveson's study of self-employment, and my own investigation of interindustry and intersector differences in earnings.

Certain data used here were derived from punch cards furnished under a joint project sponsored by the U.S. Bureau of the Census and the Population Council, and containing selected 1960 Census information for a 0.1 per cent sample of the population of the United States. Neither the Census Bureau nor the Population Council assumes any responsibility for the validity of any of the figures or interpretations of them published herein based on this material.

The preparation of the paper was assisted immeasurably by a computer program designed by Charlotte Boschan for processing the data contained in the 1/1,000 sample of the U.S. population. A description of this program is available upon request. A grant of computer time from the International Business Machines Corporation is also gratefully acknowledged. The reading committee of the National Bureau's board of directors — Joseph A. Beirne, Melvin G. de Chazeau, and Charles G. Mortimer — made several helpful comments. I am also grateful to Gary Becker, Gerhard Bry, Solomon Fabricant, Harry Gilman, Jacob Mincer and Geoffrey Moore for many suggestions and criticisms. Irving Leveson and Harriet S. Rubin supervised the computations and made numerous other contributions. Thanks are also due to James F. McRee, Jr., for editing the MS., to H. Irving Forman for the charts, to Regina Riebstein for research assistance, and to Joyce M. Rose and Lorraine Lusardi for secretarial assistance.

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