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ECONOMICS/SOCIOLOGY

Recipient of the 1992 Nobel Memorial Prize in Economic Science, Gary S. Becker has pioneered the application of economic analysis to human behavior in such areas as discrimination, marriage, family relations, and education—areas where behavior was thought to be habitual and often downright irrational. Becker's research on human capital was considered by the Nobel committee to be his most noteworthy contribution to economics, and this volume is the most up-todate exposition of that innovative work.

Human Capital is Becker's classic study of the consequences of investing in a person's knowledge and skills. According to his theory, investment in an individual's education and training is similar to business investments in equipment. Becker looks at the economic effects of investment in education on employment and earnings, and shows how his theory measures the incentive for such investment. The human capital approach also allows for determining the costs and returns from college and high school education. Another part of the study explores the relation between on-the-job experience, age, and earnings.

This edition includes four new chapters, covering recent ideas about human capital, fertility and economic growth, the division of labor, economic considerations within the family, and inequality^{*}in earnings.



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