# General Description Booklet 

for the

## 1998 PUBLIC USE TAX FILE

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## 1998 STATISTICS OF INCOME PUBLIC USE TAX FILE

## INTRODUCTION

The Internal Revenue Service 1998 Public Use Tax File, which contains 122,625 records, was selected as part of the Statistics of Income program that was designed to tabulate and present statistical information for the 124.8 million Form 1040, Form 1040A, and Form 1040EZ Federal Individual Income Tax Returns filed for Tax Year 1998. The Individual Tax File is designed for making national level estimates.

The Tax Files, which have been produced since 1960, consist of detailed information taken from SOI sample records. The public use versions of these sample files are sold in an unidentifiable form, with names, Social Security Numbers (SSN), and other similar information omitted. The primary uses made of these files have been to simulate the administrative and revenue impact of tax law changes, as well as to provide general statistical tabulations relating to sources of income and taxes paid by individuals.

The 1998 Tax File can be purchased through the Internal Revenue Service, Statistics of Income Division. Any questions concerning the cost and acquisition of the current Individual Tax File should be directed to:

Thomas Petska, Director
Statistics of Income Division N:ADC:R:S
Internal Revenue Service
P.O. Box 2608

Washington, DC 20013-2608
Telephone number: (202) 874-0700
Fax number: (202) 874-1198
Individual Public Use Tax Files for each of the Tax Years 1960, 1962, and 1966 through 1991 are available through the National Archives and Records Service. Questions concerning cost, acquisition, and delivery of these historical tax model files, should be addressed to:

Reference Services<br>Center for Electronic Records<br>National Archives and Records Administration<br>8601 Adelphi Road<br>College Park, MD 20740-6001<br>(301) 713-6630

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The Archives order number for any of the above-mentioned historical Public Use Tax Model Files is $374-109-(A)$. In addition to the order number, the requester should also specify the tax year and version (Individual or State) of the file under consideration.

Please refer to the sections of this booklet titled "Individual Tax File Sample Description" for a more detailed discussion of the Tax File.

## DISCLOSURE AVOIDANCE PROCEDURES

To preserve the character of the microdata file while also protecting the identity of individuals, we have made the following changes to the Individual Tax File.

First, to make sure that it will be impossible to know whether a given taxpayer is represented in the sample, we have subsampled our 100 percent sample ${ }^{1}$ at a 33 percent rate. In addition, certain records (83) with extreme values were exempt from inclusion in the public-use file. Each of these records would have had a 33 percent chance of selection for the file. Therefore, the actual subsampling rate is slightly less than one third..

Second, those records that remain in our file from the 100 percent sample have been combined with other high income returns (defined as returns with $\$ 200,000$ or more of AGI) for the following processing changes:

- The State codes and all other geographic indicators have been removed for all high income records.
- Other codes and fields removed for these returns include: alimony paid, alimony received, and blindness indicator.
- Also, certain codes (marital status, and exemptions for children living at home) have been modified (see section on Code Definitions for specific changes).
- Then, all of the high income returns have been sorted from largest to smallest for the field "State and local income taxes deductions". In this field, for every three records, in descending order, the average State and local income taxes deduction has been

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determined and that value has been placed in the State and local income taxes deduction field for each of the three records. This has been done over that part of the sample containing non-zero values in these fields. If the last group of records contains fewer than three, these records have been combined with the group of three immediately before it. This method of disguising data is called "blurring".

- High income returns have then been separated into 25 different classes based on marital status, the number of children living at home, and the size of salaries and wages. Within each of these 25 classes, returns have been sorted on salaries and wages. This field has then been blurred over consecutive records as described above for State and local income tax deductions. However, records have only been averaged with other records in the same class. Therefore, records within one of the 25 classes have not been averaged with records in any of the other 24 classes. The file was then sorted on real estate tax deductions (again, within the 25 classes), and on Net Receipts, and the same blurring procedure was repeated on each field. ${ }^{2}$

Third, all lower income returns (records with an adjusted gross income of less than \$200,000 and not from our 100 percent sample) have been blurred, nationally, for alimony paid and alimony received. Then, all lower income returns were sorted by State. After this sort, the records were blurred for salaries and wages, real estate tax deductions, Net Receipts, and State and local income taxes deduction (State of Wisconsin, only, for this last item) in the same manner as described above. The only difference between the processing of these records and that of the high income returns is

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that the lower income returns have been sorted for the blurred field by individual state with no records from two different States being combined when averaging a field over a series of records.

Fourth, for all records on the file, all fields on the file have been rounded to the four most significant digits (e.g., $\$ 14,371=\$ 14,370$ and $\$ 228,867=\$ 228,900$ ).

Since individual records in this file may or may not contain data from just one tax return-and never contain the full item content of any one tax return--we request that researchers make these facts clear in publishing their findings. In particular, they should refrain from using any language that would imply that they had access to individual taxpayers' records.

# 1998 STATISTICS OF INCOME PUBLIC USE TAX FILE 

## CORE RECORD LAYOUT

## 4-Digit Codes

(all codes are 4 characters in length)

| 1. RESERVED | 15. F8582 | 29. XBI* |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2. AGIR1 | 16. F8606 | 30. XFPT |
| 3. CYCLE | 17. MARS | 31. XFST |
| 4. DSI | 18. PCI | 32. XOCAH |
| 5. EFI | 19. PREP | 33. XOCAWH |
| 6. EIC | 20. PSV | 34. XOODEP |
| 7. ELECT | 21. REGION* | 35. XOPAR |
| 8. FDED | 22. SCHB | 36. XTOT |
| 9. FLPDYR | 23. SCHCF | 37. IE |
| 10. FLPDMO | 24. SCHE | 38. MIDR |
| 11. F2441 | 25. SPECTX |  |
| 12. F2555 | 26. STATE* |  |
| 13. F3800 | 27. TFORM |  |
| 14. F6251 | 28. TXST |  |

* Only present for returns that sampled at less than a $100 \%$ rate and where AGI was less than $\$ 200,000$.


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## CORE RECORD LAYOUT

Amount Fields and Large Codes

| Field No | Fields |
| :---: | :--- |
| Income |  |
| 1. | Salaries and Wages ${ }^{3 /}$ |
| 2. | Taxable Interest |
| 3. | Tax-Exempt Interest Income |
| 4. | Dividends |
| 5. | State Income Tax Refunds |
| 6. | Alimony Received ${ }^{2} /$ |
| 7. | Business or Profession Net Income Less Loss (Schedule C) ( $+/-)$ |
| 8. | Sales of Capital Assets Reported on Sch. D Net Gain Less Loss in AGI ( $+/-$ ) |
| 9. | RESERVED |
| 10. | Sales of Prop. other than Capital Assets Net Gain Less Loss (+/-)(Form 4797) |
| 11. | Taxable IRA Distribution |
| 12. | Total Pensions and Annuities |
| 13. | Pensions and Annuities in AGI |
| 14. | Schedule E Net Income Less Loss (+/-) |
| 15. | Farm Net Income Less Loss (Schedule F) (+/-) |
| 16. | Unemployment Compensation |
| 17. | Total Social Security Benefits |
| 18. | Social Security Benefits in AGI |
| 19. | RESERVED |
| 20. | RESERVED |
| 21. | RESERVED |
| Statutory Adjustments |  |
| 22. | Payments to Individual Retirement Account (IRA) |
| 23. | RESERVED |
| 24. | Moving Expenses |
| 25. | Deduction for Self-Employment Tax |
| 26. | Self-Employed Health Insurance Deduction |
| 27. | Payments to a Keogh Plan |
| 28. | Forfeited Interest Penalty |
| 29. | Alimony Paid $2 /$ |
| 30. | RESERVED |
| 31. | RESERVED |
| 32. | RESERVED |

Note: See page 14 for this section's footnotes.

## 1998 STATISTICS OF INCOME PUBLIC USE TAX FILE

Adjusted Gross Income
33. Adjusted Gross Income Less Deficit (AGI) (+/-)

Tax Computation
34. Standard Deduction (if used) or Itemized Deductions (whether or not used)
35. Exemption Amount
36. Taxable Income
37. Tax on Taxable Income and Form 8814 Tax (SOI)
38. Computed Income Tax (SOI)
39. Income Tax Before Credits
40. Income Subject to Tax (SOI)
41. Marginal Tax Base (SOI)
42. Tax Generated - Tax Rate Tables (SOI)

Credits
43. Total Tax Credits (SOI)
44. Child and Dependent Care
45. Elderly or Disabled
46. Foreign Tax
47. General Business Credit
48. Other Tax Credits (Not Included in the Specified Credit fields)
49. Credit for Prior Year Minimum Tax

Other Taxes
50. Total Income Tax (SOI)
51. Income Tax after Credits (SOI)
52. Self-Employment Tax
53. Alternative Minimum Tax
54. Recapture Tax from Form 4255, Investment Credit (SOI)
55. Social Security Tax on Tip Income Not Reported to Employer
56. Penalty Tax on Qualified Retirement Plans
57. Total Tax Liability (SOI)

Note: See page 14 for this section's footnotes.

## 1998 STATISTICS OF INCOME PUBLIC USE TAX FILE

```
Payments
58. Income Tax Withheld
59. Estimated Tax Payments
60. Earned Income for Earned Income Credit (SOI)
61. EIC Used to Offset Income Tax Before Credits (SOI)
62. EIC Used to Offset All Other Taxes (SOI)
63. EIC Refundable Portion (SOI)
64. Amount Paid with Form }486
65. Excess Social Security/RRTA
66. Credit for Federal Tax on Special Fuels and Oils
67. Regulated Investment Company Credit
68. Total Tax Payments (SOI)
Refund or Amount You Owe
69. Balance Due (Overpayment) (+/-)
70. Overpayment Credited to Next Year's Tax
71. Predetermined Estimated Tax Penalty
Itemized Deductions (Schedule A):
Medical and Dental Expense Deductions
72. Medical and Dental Expenses Subject to Reduction by AGI Limit
73. Limited Medical and Dental Expenses Deduction
Taxes Paid Deductions
74. State and Local Income Taxes \({ }^{1 /}\)
75. Real Estate Taxes \({ }^{3 /}\)
76. RESERVED
77. RESERVED
Interest Paid Deductions
78. RESERVED
79. RESERVED
80. RESERVED
81. RESERVED
82. Total Interest
```

Note: See page 14 for this section's footnotes.

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```
    Gifts to Charity
83. Cash Contributions
84. Other than Cash Contributions
85. RESERVED
86. Contributions Deduction, Total
    Miscellaneous Deductions (Subject to 2% Limitation)
87. Net Limited Miscellaneous Deductions
88. Unreimbursed Employee Business Expense
89. Tax Preparation Fees
90. Total Miscellaneous Deductions Subject to AGI Limitation
    Other
91. Casualty or Theft Loss
92. RESERVED
93. RESERVED
    Itemized Deduction Limitation
94. Itemized Deduction Limitation (SOI)
Interest and Dividend Income (Schedule B)
95. RESERVED
Combined Schedule C Income and Some Deduction Items
96. Net Receipts (+/-)}\mp@subsup{)}{}{3/
97. Cost of Goods Sold And/or Operations
98. RESERVED
99. RESERVED
100. Car and Truck Expenses
101. Commissions and Fees
102. Depreciation
103. Insurance
104. Mortgage Interest
105. Other Interest
106. Office Expenses
107. Rent - Other Business Property
108. Wages (Less Jobs Credit)
109. Total Expenses }\mp@subsup{}{}{4/
110. RESERVED
```

Note: See page 14 for this section's footnotes.

# 1998 STATISTICS OF INCOME PUBLIC USE TAX FILE 

```
Capital Gains (Schedule D)
111. Short-Term Gains (Before Carryover)
112. RESERVED
113. RESERVED
114. Long Term Gain from Other Forms Carried To Schedule D
115. Long Term Capital Gain Taxed at the 28% rate
116. Schedule D Capital Gain Distributions
117. Long-Term Gains Less Losses (Before Carryover)
118. Unrecaptured Section 1250 gain
119. RESERVED
Supplemental Income and Loss (Schedule E)
    Rental Real Estate and Royalties
120. Total Rents Received
121. Total Royalties Received
122. Rental Expenses:Mortgage Interest
123. Rent/Royalty Expenses Other Interest
124. Royalty Depletion
125. Rental Depreciation
126. Rent Net Income or Loss (+/-)
127. Royalty Net Income or Loss (+/-)
128. Deductible Rental Real Estate Loss
129. RESERVED
130. Rent/Royalty Net Income
131. Rent/Royalty Net Loss
    Partnerships
132. Total Passive Income
133. Total Non-Passive Income
134. Total Passive Loss
135. Total Non-Passive Loss
136. Partnership Section 179 Expense Deduction
```

Note: See page 14 for this section's footnotes.

## 1998 STATISTICS OF INCOME PUBLIC USE TAX FILE

Small Business Corporation
137. Total Passive Income
138. Total Non-Passive Income
139. Total Passive Loss Allowed
140. Total Non-Passive Loss
141. Combined Partnership and S Corporation Net Income/Loss (+/-)
142. S-Corp. Section 179 Expense Deduction

Estate or Trust
143. Total Income
144. Total Loss

Farm Rental
145. Farm Rent Net Income or Loss (Not included in any other rent field) (+/-)

Schedule SE - Self Employment Income
146. Net Earnings subject to Social Security Tax, Total (SOI)
147. Net Earnings subject to Social Security Tax, Secondary Taxpayer (SOI)

Child Care Credit (Form 2441)
148. Qualifying Expenses Limitation
149. Earned Income Limitation (SOI)
150. Qualified Expenses Limited to Earned Income

General Business Credit (Form 3800)
151. Investment (Included in General Business Credit)
152. Jobs (Included in General Business Credit)
153. Alcohol Used as Fuel (Included in General Business Credit)
154. Increasing Research Activities (Included in General Business Credit)
155. Low Income Housing (Included in General Business Credit)

Investment Interest Expense Deduction (Form 4952)
156. Disallowed Investment Interest Expense to be Carried Forward
157. Investment Interest Expense
158. Amount of Net Long-Term Capital Gains Elected for Inclusion in Investment Income

Note: See page 14 for this section's footnotes.

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Alternative Minimum Tax Computation (Form 6251)
159. Accelerated Depreciation
160. Combined Tax Preferences (SOI)
161. Net Operating Loss Tax Preference (SOI)
162. RESERVED
163. Total Adjustments and Preferences excluding other adjustments (+/-) (SOI)
164. Alternative Minimum Taxable Income
165. Alternative Tax Foreign Tax Credit

Passive Activity Loss Limitation (Form 8582)
166. Total Current Year Passive Net Income (SOI)
167. Total Current Year Passive Net Losses (SOI)
168. Total Losses Allowed from All Passive Activities for 1998
169. RESERVED

Minimum Tax Credit (Form 8801)
170. RESERVED
171. Minimum Tax Credit Carryforward to 1999

Miscellaneous Codes
172. Return Id
173. RESERVED
174. RESERVED
175. Decimal Weight
176. Sample Count
177. Population Count
178. Sample Code
179. Marginal Tax Rate Code (SOI)
180. RESERVED

Additional Items
181. Other Income (Schedule C)
182. Non-Schedule D tax
183. Schedule D 10 percent tax amount
184. Schedule D 20 percent tax amount
185. Schedule D 25 percent tax amount
186. Schedule D 28 percent tax amount

Note: See page 14 for this section's footnotes.

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187. AMT Long-Term Capital Gains Eligible for Capital Gains Treatment
188. AMT Unrecaptured Section 1250 Gain
189. AMT Capital Gains less Investment Interest Amount
190. Reserved
191. AMT Adjusted Gross Income less Total Deductions
192. Student Loan Interest Deduction
193. Child Tax Credit
194. Hope Credit Prior to Limitation
195. Lifetime Learning Credit Prior to Limitation
196. Education Credits
197. Additional Child Tax Credit
${ }^{1 /}$ Blurred for high income returns (note: State and local income taxes deduction is also blurred for low income returns in Wisconsin); See the section on Disclosure Avoidance Procedures for a more complete explanation.
${ }^{2 /}$ Blurred for lower income returns, reserved for high income returns.
${ }^{3 /}$ Blurred for all returns.
${ }^{4 /}$ For Schedule C-EZ filers, no detail is available for this field.

## 1998 STATISTICS OF INCOME PUBLIC USE TAX FILE <br> CODE DEFINITIONS

## 1. RESERVED

2. AGIR1 Adjusted Gross Income (AGI) Range:

No AGI (includes deficit) .............................................................. 00
\$ 1 under \$ 1,000 .............................................................. 01
\$ 1,000 under \$ 2,000 .............................................................. 02
\$ 2,000 under \$ 3,000 ............................................................. 03
\$ 3,000 under \$ 4,000 .............................................................. 04
\$ 4,000 under \$ 5,000 ............................................................. 05
\$ 5,000 under \$ 6,000 ............................................................. 06
\$ 6,000 under \$ 7,000 .............................................................. 07
\$ 7,000 under \$ 8,000 .............................................................. 08
\$ 8,000 under \$ 9,000 .............................................................. 09
\$ 9,000 under \$ 10,000 ............................................................ 10
\$ 10,000 under \$ 11,000 ............................................................. 11
\$ 11,000 under \$ 12,000 ............................................................. 12
\$ 12,000 under \$ 13,000 ............................................................. 13
\$ 13,000 under \$ 14,000 ............................................................ 14
\$ 14,000 under \$ 15,000 ............................................................ 15
\$ 15,000 under \$ 16,000 ............................................................. 16
\$ 16,000 under \$ 17,000 ............................................................ 17
\$ 17,000 under \$ 18,000 ............................................................ 18
\$ 18,000 under \$ 19,000 ............................................................. 19
\$ 19,000 under \$ 20,000 ............................................................ 20
\$ 20,000 under \$ 25,000 ............................................................ 21
\$ 25,000 under \$ 30,000 ............................................................ 22
\$ 30,000 under \$ 40,000 ............................................................ 23
\$ 40,000 under \$ 50,000 ............................................................. 24
\$ 50,000 under \$ 75,000 ............................................................ 25
\$ 75,000 under \$ 100,000 .......................................................... 26
\$ 100,000 under \$ 200,000 .......................................................... 27
\$ 200,000 under \$ 500,000 .......................................................... 28
\$ 500,000 under \$ 1,000,000 ....................................................... 29
$\$ 1,000,000$ or more......................................................................... 30
3. CYCLE CYCLE

Individual Master File return posting cycle (week) code ...... 04-52
(Each number represents the nth week of the year)

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4. DSI Dependent Status Indicator:
(A) Taxpayer not being claimed as a dependent on another tax return. 0
(B) Taxpayer claimed as a dependent on another tax return .....  1
5. EFI Electronic Filing Indicator:
(A) Return not filed electronically .....  0
(B) Return filed electronically .....  16. EIC Earned Income Credit Code:
(A) No children claimed .....  0
(B) One child claimed. .....
(C) Two children claimed .....  2(Note: This field does not indicate whether the Earned Income Credit was claimed)7. ELECT Presidential Election Campaign Fund Boxes:
(A) No "yes" boxes checked .....  0
(B) One "yes" box or both "yes" \& "no" boxes checked) .....  1
(C) Two "yes" boxes checked .....  2
6. FDED Form of Deduction Code:
(A) Itemized deductions ..... 1
(B) Standard deduction .....  2
(C) Taxpayer did not use itemized or standard deduction ..... 3

Note: Unused total itemized deductions may be shown in field 34 if provided by the taxpayer.
$\qquad$9. FLPDYR Filing (Accounting) Period, Year:Tax Year1901-1999

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10. FLPDMO Filing (Accounting) Period, Month:

Month Taxpayer's year ended $\qquad$ 01-12
11. F2441 Form 2441, Child Care Credit Qualified Individual:
(A) No Form 2441 attached to return .. 0
(B) Number of qualifying individuals 1-9

NOTE: For high income returns with values greater than 3, this code was set equal to 3
12. F2555 Form 2555, Foreign Earned Income:
(A) No Form 2555 attached to the return
.. 0
(B) Number of Forms 2555 attached1-2
13. F3800 Form 3800, General Business credit:
(A) No Form 3800 attached to return ........................................... 0
(B) Form 3800 attached to return
.. 1
14. Reserved
15. F8582 Form 8582, Passive Activity Loss Limitation:
(A) No Form 8582 attached to return.............................................. 0
(B) Form 8582 attached to return.................................................... 1
16. F8606 Form 8606, Nondeductible IRA Contributions:
(A) No Form 8606 attached to return............................................... 0
(B) Form(s ) 8606 attached to return ..........................................1-2

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17. MARS Marital (Filing) Status:
(A) Single ......................................................................................... 1
(B) Married filing a joint return ....................................................... 2
(C) Married filing separately ........................................................... 3
(D) Head of household...................................................................... 4
(E) Widow(er) with dependent child (surviving spouse)................. 5

NOTE: For high income returns with values equal to 5, this code was set equal to 2.
18. PCI Form 1040PC indicator
(A) Return not filed as Form 1040PC.............................................. 0
(B) Return filed as Form 1040PC ................................................... 1
19. PREP Tax Preparer:
(A) No preparer other than taxpayer indicated on the form ............. 0
(B) Return prepared by paid tax preparer......................................... 1
(C) IRS prepared return.................................................................... 2
(D) IRS reviewed return................................................................... 3
(E) Voluntary Income Tax Assistance prepared return.................... 4
(F) Self help ..................................................................................... 5
(G) Tax Counseling for the elderly.................................................. 6
(H) Outreach program ...................................................................... 7
20. Reserved

## 1998 STATISTICS OF INCOME PUBLIC USE TAX FILE

21. REGION IRS Regions:
(A) Northeast ................................................................................... 1
(B) Southeast.................................................................................... 2
(C) Midstates.................................................................................... 3
(D) Western...................................................................................... 4

NOTE: For high income returns this code was set equal to zero.
22. SCHB Schedule B Indicator:
(A) No Schedule B attached to return .............................................. 0
(B) Schedule B attached to return
23. SCHCF Schedule C or F Indicator:
(A) Neither Schedule C or F present................................................ 0
(B) Schedule C present only ............................................................ 1
(C) Schedule F present only............................................................. 2
(D) Schedule C and F present Schedule C Gross Receipts Larger .. 3
(E) Schedule C and F present Schedule F Gross Receipts Larger ... 4
24. SCHE Schedule E Indicator:
(A) No Schedule E attached to the return ........................................ 0
(B) Schedule E attached to the return .............................................. 1
25. SPECTX Special Tax Computation:
(A) No entry ..................................................................................... 0
(B) Form 4970 tax used .................................................................... 1
(C) Form 4972 tax used ................................................................... 2
(D) Both Form 4972 and Form 4970 taxes used............................. 3
(E) Type not determinable or prior year return with any
combination of the additional taxes ....................................... 4

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26. STATE:

| Code | STATE NAME |
| :--- | :--- |
| 1 | Alabama |
| 2 | Alaska |
| 3 | Arizona |
| 4 | Arkansas |
| 5 | California |
| 6 | Colorado |
| 7 | Connecticut |
| 8 | Delaware |
| 9 | District of Columbia |
| 10 | Florida |
| 11 | Georgia |
| 12 | Hawaii |
| 13 | Idaho |
| 14 | Illinois |
| 15 | Indiana |
| 16 | Iowa |
| 17 | Kansas |
| 18 | Kentucky |
| 19 | Louisiana |
| 20 | Maine |
| 21 | Maryland |
| 22 | Massachusetts |
| 23 | Michigan |
| 24 | Minnesota |
| 25 | Mississippi |
| 26 | Missouri |
| 27 | Montana |
| 28 | Nebraska |
|  |  |

Code STATE NAME
29 Nevada
30 New Hampshire
31 New Jersey
32 New Mexico
33 New York
34 North Carolina
35 North Dakota
36 Ohio
37 Oklahoma
38 Oregon
39 Pennsylvania
40 Rhode Island
41 South Carolina
42 South Dakota
43 Tennessee
44 Texas
45 Utah
46 Vermont
47 Virginia
48 Washington
49 West Virginia
50 Wisconsin
51 Wyoming
52 APO/FPO, Puerto Rico, Puerto Rico, Virgin
Islands, Guam or
U.S. Citizens Abroad

NOTE: For high income returns this code was set equal to zero.
27. TFORM Form of Return:
(A) 1040 Return.................................................................................... 0
(B) 1040A Return .................................................................................. 1
(C) 1040EZ Return ................................................................................ 2
(D) 1040PC Return................................................................................ 3

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28. TXST TAX STATUS:
(A) No tax owed and IRS did not compute tax........................................ 0
(B) Regular tax only, not computed by IRS ............................................. 1
(C) Taxes are owed and IRS computed tax.............................................. 2
(D) No taxes due as computed by IRS ..................................................... 3
(E) Tax based on Form 8615, Schedule D tax has no entry..................... 4
(F) Form 8814 tax at children's $15 \%$ rate; Sched D tax has no entry....... 5
(G) Form 8814 tax at children's $15 \%$ rate; Sched D tax has entry........... 6
(H) Sch. D tax has an entry, no tax from Form 8615 or Form 8814........ 7
(I) Tax based on Form 8615, Schedule D tax also has an entry............... 8
(J) Schedule J, Farm Income Averaging has an entry.......................... 9
29. XBI Primary or Secondary Taxpayer Blindness Indicator:
(A) Neither the primary nor secondary taxpayer is blind ....................... 0
(B) Either the primary or secondary taxpayer is blind........................... 1
(C) Both the primary and secondary taxpayer is blind .......................... 2
30. XFPT Primary Taxpayer Exemption:
(A) No exemption for primary taxpayer (dep. of another taxpayer)...... 0
(B) Primary taxpayer exemption............................................................ 1
31. XFST Secondary Taxpayer Exemption:
(A) No secondary taxpayer or joint return filed by dependents............. 0
(B) Secondary taxpayer exemption........................................................ 1
32. XOCAH Exemptions for Children Living at Home:

Number of children............................................................................... 0-99
NOTE: For high income returns with values greater than 3, this code was set equal to 3.

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33. XOCAWH Exemptions for Children Living Away from Home:
Number of children ..... 0-9
NOTE: For high income returns with values greater than 3 for XOCAH, this code, XOCAWHwas set equal to 0 .
34. XOODEP Exemptions for Other Dependents:
Number of other dependents ..... 0-99
NOTE: For high income returns with values greater than 3 for XOCAH, this code, XOODEPwas set equal to 0 .
35. XOPAR Exemptions for Parents Living at Home or Away from Home:
Number of parents ..... 0-9
NOTE: For high income returns with values greater than 3 for XOCAH, this code, XOPAR wasset equal to 0 .
36. XTOT Total Exemptions:
Number of exemptions ..... 00-99
37. IE Itemized Deductions Election Indicator (Taxpayer elects to claim itemized deductions even though the standard deduction amount is greater than the amount of itemized deductions)
Taxpayer does not use itemized election option .....  0
Taxpayer used itemized election option. .....  1
38. MDIR Married Filing Separately Itemized Deductions Requirement Indicator
Not necessary to itemize because of filing status .....  0
Necessary to itemized when filing separately ..... 1

## 1998 STATISTICS OF INCOME PUBLIC USE TAX FILE

## EXPLANATION OF FIELDS NOT ABSTRACTED DIRECTLY FROM TAX FORMS

The following explanations define data fields contained in the 1998 Individual Tax File that have not been abstracted directly from a specific line on Forms 1040, 1040A, 1040EZ, or the accompanying schedules and forms. Field numbers not appearing in this section have been entered on the specific lines on the forms or schedules from which the data were abstracted. Refer to the " 1998 Federal Tax Forms" section of this booklet for further information.

## Field

## Definition

## 34 DEDUCTIONS

This is either Total Standard Deduction or Total Itemized Deductions. Only one can appear on each return. (Note: If the taxpayer had no income, but still included the total itemized deductions for which he/she was eligible, this amount is shown in Field 34; else the standard deduction for which he/she was eligible is shown.)

TAX ON TAXABLE INCOME
This is the amount shown in Field 39 less special taxes from Form 4972 (Tax on Lump Sum Distributions).

## COMPUTED INCOME TAX

This is the amount arrived at by applying the Tax Rate Schedules to Taxable Income, without regard to the type of computation used by the taxpayer.

INCOME SUBJECT TO TAX
For taxpayers filing current year returns, "Income Subject to Tax" is identical to taxable income except for: those dependents paying "kiddie" tax from Form 8615; and those returns with long-term capital gains taxed at the 28 percent rate (TXST equals 6 or 7 ). For dependents filing Form 8615 (TXST $=4$ or 8 ), this is the income taxed at child's rate. For taxpayers with long-term capital gains, this is only the income taxed at the regular rates (not any capital gains that were taxed at the maximum capital gains rate of 28 percent). For prior year returns, "income subject to tax" is computed by using the Tax Year tax rate schedule to impute a hypothetical taxable income amount necessary to yield the given amount of tax reported.

MARGINAL TAX BASE
This is the amount of income subject to tax at the marginal tax rate applicable to the return (TXRT), using the 1998 Tax Rate Schedules for all returns. (See

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Income Subject to Tax).
TAX GENERATED
This is a computed amount arrived at by applying the Tax Rate Schedules to Income Subject to Tax.

TOTAL TAX CREDITS (SOI)
Total credits from Form 1040 (line 45) or 1040A (line 24d plus EARNED INCOME CREDIT USED TO OFFSET INCOME TAX BEFORE CREDITS (F61).

## OTHER TAX CREDITS (NOT INCLUDED IN THE SPECIFIED CREDIT FIELDS)

The sum of the amounts for Other Tax Credits on Form 1040 line 47 for which separate fields have not been listed.

TOTAL INCOME TAX Income Tax After Credits (F51) plus Alternative Minimum Tax (F53).

## INCOME TAX AFTER CREDITS (SOI)

Income Tax after Credits from Form 1040 (line 44) or 1040A (line 25) minus the amount of Earned Income Credit used to offset Income Tax Before Credits. For Form 1040EZ, which does not allow for any credits or any other taxes, this is the same as "Total Tax Liability."

RECAPTURE TAX FROM FORM 4255
Amount shown on Form 1040, line 56 for Recapture of Investment Credit from Form 4255

TOTAL TAX LIABILITY (SOI)
Total tax liability (Form 1040, line 56, Form 1040A, line 34, Form 1040-EZ, line 10) minus Advance Earned Income Credit payments (line 54, Form 1040) minus EIC USED TO OFFSET INCOME TAX BEFORE CREDITS (F61) minus EIC USED TO OFFSET ALL OTHER TAXES (F62) minus the additional child tax credit (F197) (but never less than zero).

60 EARNED INCOME FOR EARNED INCOME CREDIT
The total of earned income (salaries and wages and earned business income) used in computing the earned income credit, as shown on line 6 of the EIC Worksheet (page 23 of the Instructions for Form 1040). Note that this field is computed by SOI. Taxpayers are not required to file this worksheet with their return.

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## CREDITS

This amount is the lesser of: Total Earned Income Credit or Income Tax Before Credits (F39) minus all credits except the Earned Income Credit.

62-63 If Total Earned Income Credit (EIC) is greater than Income Tax Before Credits (reduced by all credits except the Earned Income Credit), the following fields are computed:

## 62 - EARNED INCOME CREDIT USED TO OFFSET ALL OTHER TAXES EXCEPT ADVANCE EIC

The lesser of:

1. Total EIC minus Earned Income Credit used to offset Income Tax Before Credits (F61); or
2. The sum of all other taxes (fields 52 through 56), plus the following tax items which are not shown separately: Advance EIC and Household Employment Taxes

## 63 - EARNED INCOME CREDIT, REFUNDABLE PORTION <br> EIC minus F61 minus F62 (see above for definitions and conditions).

NET EARNINGS FROM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME

## 1998 STATISTICS OF INCOME PUBLIC USE TAX FILE

The lesser of line 6 (net Schedule SE earnings) or 9 (maximum amount subject to Social Security tax) on the combined Schedule SE. For the short form, Schedule SE, this is line 4.

NET EARNINGS FROM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME, SECONDARY TAXPAYER
The lesser of line 6 (net Schedule SE earnings) or 9 (maximum amount subject to Social Security tax) on the secondary taxpayer's Schedule SE. For the short form, Schedule SE, this is line 4.

EARNED INCOME LIMITATION
The smaller of line 4 or 5 (primary or secondary earned income), Form 2441, limited to a maximum of $\$ 10,000$.

COMBINED TAX PREFERENCES
Sum of the amounts on lines $3,4,5,7,8,9,10,11,12$ and 13 , less amount on line 6 , Form 6251. The amounts on lines 1 and 2 can be determined from items on Form 1040 or Schedule A.

NET OPERATING LOSS TAX PREFERENCE PLUS OTHER ADJUSTMENTS Line 17 less line 20 plus line 14, Form 6251.

TOTAL ADJUSTMENTS \& PREFERENCES EXCLUDING OTHER ADJUSTMENTS AND PREFERENCES
Line 15 less line 14, Form 6251
TOTAL CURRENT YEAR PASSIVE NET INCOME
Lines 1A + 2A, Form 8582
TOTAL CURRENT YEAR PASSIVE NET LOSSES
Lines 1 b +2 b, Form 8582
PRIOR YEAR UNALLOWED LOSSES
Lines 1C + 2C, Form 8582
RETURN ID
A unique number assigned for each sampled tax return during processing.

## DECIMAL WEIGHT

This field was derived by dividing the computer population count of returns in a sample stratum by the number of sample returns for that stratum (carried to two decimal places). The decimal place is implied. Estimates derived from each

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return record must be multiplied by this decimal weight and divided by 100 .

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SAMPLE COUNT
The number of sampled tax returns found in the given sample code.
POPULATION COUNT
The number of tax returns in the population for a given sample code.
SAMPLE CODE
See Table B, below.
MARGINAL TAX RATE
Top rate from tax rate schedule that applies to income subject to tax. See definition for field number 40 (Income Subject to Tax). Note that this field uses an implied decimal point ( 28.0 percent is represented by 280 ).

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## TECHNICAL DESCRIPTION OF THE FILE

The Public Use file is available on CD-ROM in ASCII format. The record length is 2516 where the last byte is an end of record marker.

All codes are unsigned. The data fields are signed positive or negative, whichever is appropriate, in the first character position of the field.

Codes are 4 characters in length with leading zeros. The largest value is 99 . The fields in the file are 12 characters in length with leading zeros and with " + " or "-" leading signs.

## 1998 STATISTICS OF INCOME PUBLIC USE TAX FILE

## SAMPLE DESCRIPTION

This section describes the sample design and selection, the method of estimation, the sampling variability of the estimates, and the methodology of computing confidence intervals.

## Domain of Study

The data in this file are estimates from a probability sample of unaudited Individual Income Tax Returns, Forms 1040, 1040A, 1040EZ, 1040PC, 1040T and 1040TEL (including electronic returns) filed by U.S. citizens and residents during Calendar Year 1999.

All returns processed during 1999 were subjected to sampling except tentative and amended returns. Tentative returns were not subjected to sampling because the revised returns may have been sampled later, while amended returns were excluded because the original returns had already been subjected to sampling. A small percentage of returns were not identified as tentative or amended until after sampling. These returns, along with those that contained no income information, were excluded in calculating estimates. This resulted in a small difference between the population total ( $125,037,636$ returns) reported in Table A and the estimated total of all returns ( $124,770,764$ returns) generated using the Public Use Tax File. In addition, the perfection of money amounts during Statistics of Income processing, as well as the blurring techniques used in creation of the Public Use File, may have shifted some returns from one income class to another, making it impossible to replicate Table A exactly from the Public Use sample.

The records found in this file are intended to represent all returns filed for Tax Year 1998. While about 98 percent of the returns processed during Calendar Year 1999 were for Tax Year 1998, a few were for noncalendar years ending during 1998 and 1999, and some were returns for prior years. Returns for prior years were used in place of 1998 returns received and processed after December 31, 1999. This was done in the belief that the characteristics of returns due, but not yet processed, could best be represented by the returns for previous income years that were processed in 1999.

## Sample Design and Selection

The sample design is a stratified probability sample, in which the population of tax returns is classified into subpopulations, called strata, and a sample is selected independently from each stratum. Strata are defined by:

1. Nontaxable with adjusted gross income or expanded income of $\$ 200,000$ or over and no alternative minimum tax.

## 1998 STATISTICS OF INCOME PUBLIC USE TAX FILE

2. High combined business and farm total receipts of $\$ 50,000,000$ or more.
3. Presence or absence of special Forms or Schedules (Form 2555, Form 1116, Form 1040 Schedule C, and Form 1040 Schedule F).
4. Total gross positive or negative income. Sixty variables are used to derive positive and negative incomes. These positive and negative classes are deflated using the Gross Domestic Product Implicit Price Deflator to represent a base year of 1991.
5. Potential usefulness of the return for tax policy modeling. Thirty-two variables are used to determine how useful the return is for tax modeling purposes.

Table A shows the population and sample count for each stratum after collapsing some strata with the same sampling rates. The sampling rates range from 0.05 percent to 100 percent.

Tax data processed to the IRS Individual Master File at the Martinsburg Computing Center during Calendar Year 1999 were used to assign each taxpayer's record to the appropriate stratum and to determine whether or not the record should be included in the sample. Records are selected for the sample either if they possess certain combinations of the four ending digits of the social security number, or if their ending five digits of an eleven-digit number generated by a mathematical transformation of the SSN is less than or equal to the stratum sampling rate times 100,000.

## Data Capture and Cleaning

Data capture for the SOI sample begins with the designation of a sample of administrative records. While the sample was being selected, the process was continually monitored for sample selection and data collection errors. In addition, a small subsample of returns was selected and independently reviewed, analyzed, and processed for a quality evaluation.

The administrative data and controlling information for each record designated for this sample was loaded onto an online database at the Cincinnati Service Center. Computer data for the selected administrative records were then used to identify inconsistencies, questionable values, and missing values as well as any additional variables that an editor needed to extract for each record. The editors use a hardcopy of the taxpayer's return to enter the required information onto the online system. Data are also adjusted during editing in an attempt to achieve consistent statistical definitions. For example, a taxpayer may report director's fees on the other income line of the Form 1040 return. If this situation was detected during editing, the amount of director's fees were added to the salaries and wages field.

After the completion of service center review, data were further validated, tested, and

## 1998 STATISTICS OF INCOME PUBLIC USE TAX FILE

balanced at the Detroit Computing Center. Adjustments and imputations for selected fields were used to make each record internally consistent.

Some returns designated for the sample were not available for SOI processing because other areas of IRS needed the return at the same time. For Tax Year 1998, 0.08 percent of the sample returns were unavailable.

## Method of Estimation

Weights were obtained by dividing the population count of returns in a stratum by the number of sample returns for that stratum. The weights were adjusted to correct for misclassified returns.

Table A.-Number of Individual Income Tax Returns in the Population and Sample by Sampling Strata for 1998

Description of the sample strata
Continued on next page
Grand total
Form 1040 returns only with adjusted gross income or expanded income of $\$ 200,000$ and over, with no income tax after credits and no additional tax for tax preferences, total
Form 1040 returns only with combined Schedule C (business or profession) total receipts of $\$ 50,000,000$ and over, total
Other Returns, total

| Description of the sample strata | Degree of interest ${ }^{3}$ | Number of Returns by type of form attached |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Form 1040, <br> with Form 1116 but without Form 2555 |  |  | Form 1040, <br> with Schedule C but without Form 1116 or Form 2555 |  |  | Form 1040, with Schedule F but without Form 1116 or Form 2555 |  |  | All other forms |  |  |
|  |  | Population counts | Sample counts | Public-use sample counts | Population counts | Sample counts | Public-use sample counts | Population counts | Sample <br> counts | Public-use sample counts | Population counts | Sample counts | Public-use sample counts |
|  | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | (7) | (8) | (9) | (10) | (11) | (12) | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline(13) \\ \hline 65,404 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| Total. |  | 2,465,704 | 31,283 | 23,478 | 17,118,658 | 35,196 | 29,149 | 1,546,182 | 4,403 | 3,598 | 103,904,099 | 90,465 |  |
| \$10,000,000 or more...................... | All | 78 | 78 | 26 | 484 | 484 | 159 | 73 | 73 | 24 | 577 | 577 | 191 |
| \$5,000,000 under \$10,000,000.......... | All | 96 | 96 | 32 | 622 | 622 | 207 | 121 | 121 | 40 | 699 | 699 | 233 |
| \$2,000,000 under \$5,000,000............. | All | 332 | 101 | 101 | 2,247 | 732 | 732 | 534 | 182 | 61 | 2,536 | 820 | 819 |
| \$1,000,000 under \$2,000,000............. | All | 671 | 113 | 113 | 4,932 | 760 | 759 | 1,313 | 220 | 219 | 5,073 | 833 | 831 |
| \$500,000 under \$1,000,000................ | All | 1,444 | 48 | 48 | 13,819 | 456 | 455 | 4,010 | 123 | 123 | 11,835 | 404 | 403 |
| \$250,000 under \$500,000.................. | All | 2,905 | 39 | 38 | 34,515 | 334 | 322 | 10,370 | 102 | 100 | 26,680 | 247 | 242 |
| \$120,000 under \$250,000................. | All |  | ** | $* *$ | 80,691 | 356 | 337 | 19,244 | 82 | 80 | 57,692 | 265 | 245 |
| \$60,000 under \$120,000................... | All | * | ** | ** | 117,403 | 299 | 270 | 20,446 | 47 | 45 | 87,359 | 228 | 213 |
|  | All | * | ** | ** | 329,368 | 431 | 363 | 38,812 | 60 | 50 | 315,763 | 407 | 345 |
| Indexed Positive Income ${ }^{4}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1 |  |  | $* *$ |  |  | ** |  |  | * | 27,033,158 | 13,427 | 8,041 |
|  | 2 | 74,599 | 44 | 27 | 1,870,503 | 970 | 585 | 116,952 | 55 | 33 | 29,186,440 | 14,582 | 8,787 |
|  | 3-4 | 251,336 | 272 | 229 | 3,531,202 | 3,645 | 2,934 | 185,113 | 200 | 159 | 6,939,555 | 7,322 | 5,943 |
| \$30,000 under \$60,000.................... | 1-2 | 167,242 | 89 | 49 | 1,718,727 | 827 | 501 | 194,278 | 91 | 54 | 20,134,368 | 9,956 | 5,988 |
| \$30,000 under \$60,000.................... | 3-4 | 307,440 | 349 | 280 | 3,365,480 | 3,611 | 2,975 | 286,784 | 299 | 258 | 5,517,314 | 6,023 | 4,861 |
| \$60,000 under \$120,000................... | 1-3 | 389,111 | 181 | 108 | 1,817,425 | 967 | 587 | 230,539 | 112 | 63 | 9,414,789 | 4,698 | 2,796 |
| \$60,000 under \$ $120,000 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . ~$ | 4 | 322,834 | 330 | 255 | 2,201,565 | 2,258 | 1,807 | 182,835 | 172 | 138 | 2,182,254 | 2,207 | 1,771 |
| \$120,000 under \$250,000.................. | 1-3 | 227,463 | 362 | 302 | 436,583 | 639 | 556 | 106,446 | 161 | 143 | 1,399,085 | 2,009 | 1,749 |
| \$120,000 under \$250,000................. | 4 | 284,199 | 810 | 751 | 1,018,129 | 2,925 | 2,711 | 69,351 | 180 | 174 | 883,073 | 2,551 | 2,366 |
| \$250,000 under \$500,000.................. | All | 243,266 | 1,636 | 1,593 | 421,230 | 2,850 | 2,746 | 57,665 | 358 | 351 | 493,608 | 3,298 | 3,202 |
| \$500,000 under \$1,000,000............... | All | 112,063 | 2,676 | 2,655 | 113,905 | 2,834 | 2,806 | 15,408 | 388 | 384 | 144,754 | 3,594 | 3,565 |
| \$1,000,000 under \$2,000,000............. | All | 46,392 | 5,677 | 5,665 | 27,867 | 3,462 | 3,455 | 4,018 | 513 | 511 | 45,033 | 5,562 | 5,551 |
| \$2,000,000 under \$5,000,000............. | All | 23,483 | 7,632 | 7,629 | 9,191 | 2,964 | 2,961 | 1,457 | 451 | 451 | 17,220 | 5,522 | 5,519 |
| \$5,000,000 under \$10,000,000.......... | All | 6,595 | 6,595 | 2,198 | 1,879 | 1,879 | 626 | 277 | 277 | 92 | 3,472 | 3,472 | 1,157 |
| \$10,000,000 or more...................... | All | 4,155 | 4,155 | 1,379 | 891 | 891 | 295 | 136 | 136 | 45 | 1,762 | 1,762 | 586 |

' This population includes an estimated 266,974 returns that were excluded from other tables in this report because they contained no income information or represented amended or tentative returns identified after sampling.
${ }^{2}$ This population includes 167 Form 1040 returns that were misclassified because of bad data collected during revenue processing
Each population member is assigned a degree of interest based on how useful it is for tax modeling purposes. Degree of interest ranges from one (1) to four (4), with a one being assigned to returns that are the least
interesting, and a four being assigned to those that are the most interesting. 'All' refers to income classes for which returns with all four degrees of interest are assigned.
${ }^{4}$ Positive and Negative Income classes are divided by a Gross Domestic Product Deflator of 1.1403 to represent a base year of 1991 .
** Data combined.

Table A.-Number of Individual Income Tax Returns in the Population and Sample by Sampling Strata for 1998


[^2]
## 1998 STATISTICS OF INCOME PUBLIC USE TAX FILE

Table B - Sample Code Definitions
Sample Codes


Weighted Counts for each code field


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|  | C27 |  |  | C33 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 71,500,673 |  | 0 | 123,935,571 |  | 0 |
| 25,711,954 |  | 1 | 643,805 |  | 1 |
| 20,791,241 |  | 2 | 137,766 |  | 2 |
| 6,766,896 |  | 3 | 32,606 |  | 3 |
|  |  |  | 13,078 |  | 4 |
|  | C28 |  | 3 |  | 5 |
|  |  |  | 7,936 |  | 6 |
| 23,800,451 |  | 0 |  |  |  |
| 82,998,030 |  | 1 |  | C34 |  |
| 29,099 |  | 2 | --------------- |  |  |
| 86,950 |  | 3 | 122,565,266 |  | 0 |
| 99,550 |  | 4 | 1,725,186 |  | 1 |
| 98,673 |  | 5 | 362,775 |  | 2 |
| 117,880 |  | 6 | 77,239 |  | 3 |
| 17,122,861 |  | 7 | 25,362 |  | 4 |
| 368,319 |  | 8 | 4,870 |  | 5 |
| 48,949 |  | 9 | 6,731 |  | 6 |
|  |  |  | 3,334 |  | 8 |
|  | C29 |  |  |  |  |
|  | --- |  |  | C35 |  |
| 124,411,326 |  | 0 | --------------- |  |  |
| 351,388 |  | 1 | 122,843,959 |  | 0 |
| 8,049 |  | 2 | 1,607,585 |  | 1 |
|  |  |  | 310,501 |  | 2 |
|  | C30 |  | 8,709 |  | 3 |
| --------------- | --- |  | 11 |  | 4 |
| 11,236,813 |  | 0 |  |  |  |
| 113,533,950 |  | 1 |  | C36 |  |
|  | C31 |  | 11,236,813 |  | 0 |
|  |  |  | 45,224,747 |  | 1 |
| 75,205,958 |  | 0 | 33,255,146 |  | 2 |
| 49,564,806 |  | 1 | 15,757,638 |  | 3 |
|  |  |  | 12,663,167 |  | 4 |
|  | C32 |  | 4,759,960 |  | 5 |
| --------------- | ----- |  | 1,297,444 |  | 6 |
| 81,872,562 |  | 0 | 402,168 |  | 7 |
| 19,347,136 |  | 1 | 101,526 |  | 8 |
| 16,361,652 |  | 2 | 43,786 |  | 9 |
| 5,444,044 |  | 3 | 19,115 |  | 10 |
| 1,235,273 |  | 4 | 4,290 |  | 11 |
| 365,603 |  | 5 | 4,787 |  | 12 |
| 86,869 |  | 6 | 164 |  | 13 |
| 37,487 |  | 7 | 11 |  | 14 |
| 11,018 |  | 8 |  |  |  |
| 4,179 |  | 9 |  | C37 |  |
| 4,776 |  | 10 | ---------------- |  |  |
| 164 |  | 11 | 124,695,795 |  | 0 |
|  |  |  | 74,969 |  | 1 |
|  |  |  |  | C38 |  |
|  |  |  | 124,197,512 |  | 0 |
|  |  |  | 573,252 |  | 1 |


|  | 1998 Full SOI Individual Sample | 1998 Public Use Sample | Full Sample less Public Use |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| F 1 | 3,879,762,258,742 | 3,883,574,797,231 | $(3,812,538,489)$ | -0.10\% |
| F 2 | 178,333,631,966 | 176,191,048,924 | 2,142,583,042 | 1.20\% |
| F 3 | 50,223,364,709 | 51,351,748,957 | $(1,128,384,248)$ | -2.25\% |
| F 4 | 118,479,991,267 | 117,002,683,550 | 1,477,307,717 | 1.25\% |
| F 5 | 14,707,843,863 | 14,713,947,666 | $(6,103,803)$ | -0.04\% |
| F 6 | 5,118,122,760 | 4,785,421,871 | 332,700,889 | 6.50\% |
| F 7 | 202,400,115,562 | 200,278,950,810 | 2,121,164,752 | 1.05\% |
| F 8 | 446,083,838,930 | 440,329,648,344 | 5,754,190,586 | 1.29\% |
| F 10 | $(1,575,698,131)$ | $(1,666,927,394)$ | 91,229,263 | -5.79\% |
| F 11 | 74,094,366,560 | 73,369,514,417 | 724,852,143 | 0.98\% |
| F 12 | 441,521,384,822 | 436,096,947,518 | 5,424,437,304 | 1.23\% |
| F 13 | 280,650,197,892 | 282,261,439,723 | (1,611,241,831) | -0.57\% |
| F 14 | 219,258,920,765 | 218,913,453,299 | 345,467,466 | 0.16\% |
| F 15 | (7,933,777,724) | $(7,787,534,154)$ | $(146,243,570)$ | 1.84\% |
| F 16 | 16,814,669,075 | 16,980,014,299 | $(165,345,224)$ | -0.98\% |
| F 17 | 154,953,369,985 | 152,899,751,406 | 2,053,618,579 | 1.33\% |
| F 18 | 68,702,699,693 | 68,272,491,320 | 430,208,373 | 0.63\% |
| F 22 | 8,188,452,257 | 8,165,848,990 | 22,603,267 | 0.28\% |
| F 24 | 1,684,183,147 | 1,727,432,903 | $(43,249,756)$ | -2.57\% |
| F 25 | 15,960,341,328 | 15,786,086,210 | 174,255,118 | 1.09\% |
| F 26 | 4,693,286,185 | 4,675,702,999 | 17,583,186 | 0.37\% |
| F 27 | 11,039,683,313 | 10,881,902,842 | 157,780,471 | 1.43\% |
| F 28 | 217,912,857 | 214,460,015 | 3,452,842 | 1.58\% |
| F 29 | 6,877,808,078 | 4,828,518,128 | 2,049,289,950 | 29.80\% |
| F 33 | 5,415,972,846,622 | 5,408,164,504,873 | 7,808,341,749 | 0.14\% |
| F 34 | 1,145,378,266,289 | 1,143,385,341,536 | 1,992,924,753 | 0.17\% |
| F 35 | 650,347,284,653 | 650,302,271,439 | 45,013,214 | 0.01\% |
| F 36 | 3,780,838,199,695 | 3,773,771,366,353 | 7,066,833,342 | 0.19\% |
| F 37 | 813,227,104,111 | 811,501,830,485 | 1,725,273,626 | 0.21\% |
| F 38 | 874,055,382,776 | 871,653,438,136 | 2,401,944,640 | 0.27\% |
| F 39 | 813,568,861,433 | 811,750,674,069 | 1,818,187,364 | 0.22\% |
| F 40 | 3,386,649,319,414 | 3,382,591,376,067 | 4,057,943,347 | 0.12\% |
| F 41 | 1,847,644,432,360 | 1,845,299,462,578 | 2,344,969,782 | 0.13\% |
| F 42 | 736,947,663,118 | 735,894,127,479 | 1,053,535,639 | 0.14\% |
| F 43 | 30,055,932,830 | 29,989,896,510 | 66,036,320 | 0.22\% |
| F 44 | 2,660,572,769 | 2,673,495,656 | $(12,922,887)$ | -0.49\% |
| F 45 | 35,688,636 | 34,334,123 | 1,354,513 | 3.80\% |
| F 46 | 4,677,022,465 | 4,541,786,416 | 135,236,049 | 2.89\% |
| F 47 | 732,486,974 | 730,210,438 | 2,276,536 | 0.31\% |
| F 48 | 379,633,685 | 343,557,290 | 36,076,395 | 9.50\% |
| F 49 | 818,388,640 | 814,144,610 | 4,244,030 | 0.52\% |
| F 50 | 788,541,978,985 | 786,754,986,384 | 1,786,992,601 | 0.23\% |

## 1998 STATISTICS OF INCOME PUBLIC USE TAX FILE

|  | 1998 Full SOI <br> Individual Sample |  | Full Sample less <br> Public Use |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| F 51 | $783,512,928,603$ | $781,761,417,272$ | $1,751,511,331$ | $0.22 \%$ |
| F 52 | $31,914,255,815$ | $31,566,237,301$ | $348,018,514$ | $1.09 \%$ |
| F 53 | $5,014,548,971$ | $4,976,984,997$ | $37,563,974$ | $0.75 \%$ |
| F 54 | $238,979,598$ | $249,681,033$ | $(10,701,435)$ | $-4.48 \%$ |
| F 55 | $26,263,641$ | $23,837,601$ | $2,426,040$ | $9.24 \%$ |
| F 56 | $2,699,418,995$ | $2,819,581,811$ | $(120,162,816)$ | $-4.45 \%$ |
| F 57 | $821,899,253,212$ | $819,837,369,496$ | $2,061,883,716$ | $0.25 \%$ |
| F 58 | $636,248,491,217$ | $636,358,622,033$ | $(110,130,816)$ | $-0.02 \%$ |
| F 59 | $177,750,951,906$ | $177,139,623,915$ | $611,327,991$ | $0.34 \%$ |
| F 60 | $248,690,987,415$ | $248,543,861,577$ | $147,125,838$ | $0.06 \%$ |
| F 61 | $2,232,024,926$ | $2,249,708,130$ | $(17,683,204)$ | $-0.79 \%$ |
| F 62 | $2,358,147,982$ | $2,375,842,110$ | $(17,694,128)$ | $-0.75 \%$ |
| F 63 | $27,001,616,194$ | $26,822,299,279$ | $179,316,915$ | $0.66 \%$ |
| F 64 | $45,640,224,874$ | $44,882,291,738$ | $757,933,136$ | $1.66 \%$ |
| F 65 | $1,523,583,609$ | $1,532,560,223$ | $(8,976,614)$ | $-0.59 \%$ |
| F 66 | $108,376,188$ | $109,326,730$ | $(950,542)$ | $-0.88 \%$ |
| F 67 | $46,076,338$ | $45,881,628$ | 194,710 | $0.42 \%$ |
| F 68 | $861,317,704,132$ | $860,068,598,136$ | $1,249,105,996$ | $0.15 \%$ |
| F 69 | $(65,835,613,714)$ | $(66,507,159,505)$ | $671,545,791$ | $-1.02 \%$ |
| F 70 | $23,541,267,501$ | $23,552,755,989$ | $(11,488,488)$ | $-0.05 \%$ |
| F 71 | $961,802,017$ | $954,754,734$ | $7,047,283$ | $0.73 \%$ |
| F 72 | $48,891,967,216$ | $48,995,932,076$ | $(103,964,860)$ | $-0.21 \%$ |
| F 73 | $31,984,304,218$ | $31,825,817,808$ | $158,486,410$ | $0.50 \%$ |
| F 74 | $152,638,264,698$ | $152,596,325,065$ | $41,939,633$ | $0.03 \%$ |
| F 75 | $79,977,795,207$ | $79,680,395,806$ | $297,399,401$ | $0.37 \%$ |
| F 82 | $271,624,314,461$ | $271,011,715,352$ | $612,599,109$ | $0.23 \%$ |
| F 83 | $80,114,371,722$ | $79,179,124,263$ | $935,247,459$ | $1.17 \%$ |
| F 84 | $29,255,984,581$ | $29,391,344,328$ | $(135,359,747)$ | $-0.46 \%$ |
| F 86 | $109,240,077,944$ | $108,419,770,463$ | $820,307,481$ | $0.75 \%$ |
| F 87 | $40,546,291,259$ | $41,251,029,095$ | $(704,737,836)$ | $-1.74 \%$ |
| F 88 | $41,570,155,273$ | $42,402,242,620$ | $(832,087,347)$ | $-2.00 \%$ |
| F 89 | $3,269,951,802$ | $3,254,370,186$ | $15,581,616$ | $0.48 \%$ |
| F 90 | $60,074,058,504$ | $60,897,469,115$ | $(823,410,611)$ | $-1.37 \%$ |
| F 91 | $1,193,534,210$ | $1,121,715,462$ | $71,818,748$ | $6.02 \%$ |
| F 94 | $26,948,018,160$ | $26,867,030,138$ | $80,988,022$ | $0.30 \%$ |
| F 96 | $888,997,237,560$ | $881,003,946,038$ | $7,993,291,522$ | $0.90 \%$ |
| F 97 | $325,696,100,277$ | $319,485,376,942$ | $6,210,723,335$ | $1.91 \%$ |
| F 100 | $39,641,433,661$ | $38,883,228,628$ | $758,205,033$ | $1.91 \%$ |
| F |  |  |  |  |

## 1998 STATISTICS OF INCOME PUBLIC USE TAX FILE

1998 Full SOI
Individual Sample

| F 101 | 10,644,370,121 | 10,609,238,080 | 35,132,041 | 0.33\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| F 102 | 29,055,083,411 | 29,034,067,359 | 21,016,052 | 0.07\% |
| F 103 | 12,930,248,409 | 12,977,739,555 | $(47,491,146)$ | -0.37\% |
| F 104 | 4,799,812,032 | 4,668,771,738 | 131,040,294 | 2.73\% |
| F 105 | 6,296,421,368 | 6,201,725,071 | 94,696,297 | 1.50\% |
| F 106 | 9,582,421,346 | 9,532,936,193 | 49,485,153 | 0.52\% |
| F 107 | 22,815,295,823 | 22,908,544,983 | $(93,249,160)$ | -0.41\% |
| F 108 | 58,828,817,804 | 58,681,579,909 | 147,237,895 | 0.25\% |
| F 109 | 370,190,303,944 | 367,185,549,327 | 3,004,754,617 | 0.81\% |
| F 111 | (29,727,892,809) | (4,147,642,322) | $(25,580,250,487)$ | 86.05\% |
| F 114 | 104,466,274,321 | 102,209,570,566 | 2,256,703,755 | 2.16\% |
| F 115 | $(40,370,732,910)$ | (40,292,176,016) | $(78,556,894)$ | 0.19\% |
| F 116 | 46,147,491,551 | 45,819,938,270 | 327,553,281 | 0.71\% |
| F 117 | 389,453,227,891 | 433,083,935,155 | (43,630,707,264) | -11.20\% |
| F 118 | 12,560,773,303 | 12,428,860,055 | 131,913,248 | 1.05\% |
| F 120 | 169,886,017,856 | 170,289,058,526 | $(403,040,670)$ | -0.24\% |
| F 121 | 7,626,930,270 | 7,266,353,019 | 360,577,251 | 4.73\% |
| F 122 | 44,008,629,194 | 44,512,449,177 | $(503,819,983)$ | -1.14\% |
| F 123 | 5,098,617,285 | 5,153,774,498 | $(55,157,213)$ | -1.08\% |
| F 124 | 724,356,570 | 693,269,049 | 31,087,521 | 4.29\% |
| F 125 | 33,484,695,386 | 33,798,863,737 | $(314,168,351)$ | -0.94\% |
| F 126 | 11,735,409,545 | 11,781,481,249 | $(46,071,704)$ | -0.39\% |
| F 127 | 5,739,554,756 | 5,384,989,223 | 354,565,533 | 6.18\% |
| F 128 | 29,703,417,159 | 30,206,245,891 | $(502,828,732)$ | -1.69\% |
| F 130 | 52,195,580,359 | 51,938,280,926 | 257,299,433 | 0.49\% |
| F 131 | 33,182,638,037 | 33,721,893,853 | $(539,255,816)$ | -1.63\% |
| F 132 | 31,750,049,341 | 31,617,664,559 | 132,384,782 | 0.42\% |
| F 133 | 79,293,137,125 | 78,047,505,898 | 1,245,631,227 | 1.57\% |
| F 134 | 12,065,478,557 | 12,015,735,237 | 49,743,320 | 0.41\% |
| F 135 | 24,357,573,165 | 24,143,812,624 | 213,760,541 | 0.88\% |
| F 136 | 1,348,897,269 | 1,346,183,731 | 2,713,538 | 0.20\% |
| F 137 | 23,396,364,143 | 23,224,496,017 | 171,868,126 | 0.73\% |
| F 138 | 135,903,516,761 | 136,106,720,645 | (203,203,884) | -0.15\% |
| F 139 | 3,501,074,533 | 3,230,926,603 | 270,147,930 | 7.72\% |
| F 140 | 36,694,187,972 | 35,690,549,307 | 1,003,638,665 | 2.74\% |
| F 141 | 187,354,592,501 | 187,508,505,831 | $(153,913,330)$ | -0.08\% |
| F 142 | 5,021,263,372 | 5,059,913,779 | $(38,650,407)$ | -0.77\% |
| F 143 | 10,734,339,539 | 10,896,501,712 | $(162,162,173)$ | -1.51\% |
| F 144 | 1,270,231,318 | 926,452,528 | 343,778,790 | 27.06\% |
| F 145 | 3,428,713,640 | 3,221,387,128 | 207,326,512 | 6.05\% |
| F 146 | 189,986,825,443 | 187,874,294,148 | 2,112,531,295 | 1.11\% |
| F 147 | 27,947,764,542 | 27,626,488,095 | 321,276,447 | 1.15\% |
| F 148 | 13,612,133,789 | 13,706,965,263 | (94,831,474) | -0.70\% |
| F 149 | 166,452,003,550 | 61,227,518,299 | 105,224,485,251 | 63.22\% |
| F 150 | 13,408,710,797 | 13,494,143,268 | $(85,432,471)$ | -0.64\% |


| F 151 | $91,813,127$ | $88,060,288$ | $3,752,839$ | $4.09 \%$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| F 152 | $29,044,134$ | $29,767,620$ | $(723,486)$ | $-2.49 \%$ |
| F 153 | $9,375,032$ | $9,105,997$ | 269,035 | $2.87 \%$ |
| F 154 | $122,884,481$ | $116,948,461$ | $5,936,020$ | $4.83 \%$ |
| F 155 | $529,533,067$ | $550,697,776$ | $(21,164,709)$ | $-4.00 \%$ |
| F 156 | $7,182,008,797$ | $7,438,375,026$ | $(256,366,229)$ | $-3.57 \%$ |
| F 157 | $15,500,907,326$ | $15,104,430,659$ | $396,476,667$ | $2.56 \%$ |
| F 158 | $1,780,591,637$ | $1,732,610,659$ | $47,980,978$ | $2.69 \%$ |
| F 159 | $35,223,255$ | $35,157,748$ | 65,507 | $0.19 \%$ |
| F 160 | $79,947,271,920$ | $72,902,074,920$ | $7,045,197,000$ | $8.81 \%$ |
| F 161 | $17,679,487,424$ | $16,774,933,676$ | $904,553,748$ | $5.12 \%$ |
| F 163 | $80,543,187,200$ | $80,472,720,013$ | $70,467,187$ | $0.09 \%$ |
| F 164 | $815,273,467,502$ | $813,056,769,879$ | $2,216,697,623$ | $0.27 \%$ |
| F 165 | $3,670,504,052$ | $3,555,493,505$ | $115,010,547$ | $3.13 \%$ |
| F 166 | $53,091,804,203$ | $52,067,278,999$ | $1,024,525,204$ | $1.93 \%$ |
| F 167 | $28,005,972,697$ | $27,018,734,858$ | $987,237,839$ | $3.53 \%$ |
| F 168 | $23,200,151,504$ | $23,498,407,940$ | $(298,256,436)$ | $-1.29 \%$ |
| F 171 | $2,985,928,194$ | $2,956,939,560$ | $28,988,634$ | $0.97 \%$ |
| F 181 | $13,248,981,492$ | $12,780,156,368$ | $468,825,124$ | $3.54 \%$ |
| F 182 | $287,560,258,865$ | $290,787,944,229$ | $(3,227,685,364)$ | $-1.12 \%$ |
| F 183 | $3,557,179,342$ | $3,599,867,504$ | $(42,688,162)$ | $-1.20 \%$ |
| F 184 | $69,212,324,360$ | $68,558,613,188$ | $653,711,172$ | $0.94 \%$ |
| F 185 | $2,363,337,520$ | $2,342,756,043$ | $20,581,477$ | $0.87 \%$ |
| F 186 | $832,573,921$ | $817,517,970$ | $15,055,951$ | $1.81 \%$ |
| F 187 | $246,331,785,673$ | $240,206,923,505$ | $6,124,862,168$ | $2.49 \%$ |
| F 188 | $8,797,394,402$ | $8,677,907,551$ | $119,486,851$ | $1.36 \%$ |
| F 189 | $256,182,501,309$ | $249,024,298,544$ | $7,158,202,765$ | $2.79 \%$ |
| F 191 | $730,921,157,474$ | $729,597,243,856$ | $1,323,913,618$ | $0.18 \%$ |
| F 192 | $1,730,767,710$ | $1,792,923,740$ | $(62,156,030)$ | $-3.59 \%$ |
| F 193 | $15,143,468,110$ | $15,259,542,312$ | $(116,074,202)$ | $-0.77 \%$ |
| F 194 | $3,136,984,252$ | $3,097,546,106$ | $39,438,146$ | $1.26 \%$ |
| F 195 | $922,237,925$ | $896,603,005$ | $25,634,920$ | $2.78 \%$ |
| F 196 | $3,376,646,624$ | $3,343,115,386$ | $33,531,238$ | $0.99 \%$ |
| F 197 | $508,972,409$ | $542,445,482$ | $(33,473,073)$ | $-6.58 \%$ |

1998 FEDERAL TAX FORMS (with element numbers referenced)

## FIELD NUMBERS

Field Numbers presented on the tax forms and schedules lines can be used to cross reference to the Core Record Layout. An example of this is line 7 on the Form 1040 which has a field number of 1.

$$
7 \text { Wages, salaries, tips, etc.---------------------------11 }
$$

On the Core Record Layout it would appear as "1" to the left of the Salaries and Wages line. See example below.
-- Record Layout --

1. SALARIES AND WAGES
2. TAXABLE INTEREST INCOME
3. TAX-EXEMPT INTEREST INCOME

Another example, Line 8a, Taxable Interest Income, on the Form 1040 (see below) has a field number of 2. This field number is cross referenced to the Taxable Interest Income line on the 1998 Core Record Layout, which contains the number 2 to the left of the line (see above).

8a Taxable Interest Income --------------------------------- 2

Department of the Treasury-Internal Revenue Service
U.S. Individual Income Tax Return

For the year J an. 1-Dec. 31, 1998, or other tax year beginning 1998, ending

| Label <br> (See instructions on page 18.) | For the year J an. 1-Dec. 31, 1998, or other tax year beginning |  |  | 1998, ending | , 19 OMB No. 1545-0074 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | LABE | Your first name and initial | Last name |  | Your social security number |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | If a joint return, spouse's first name and initial | Last name |  | Spouse's so | cial security number |
| Use the IRS label. Otherwise, please print | ${ }_{\text {R }}^{\text {R }}$ | Home address (number and street). If you have a P.O. box, see page 18. |  | Apt. no. | IMPORTANT! <br> You must enter your SSN(s) above. |  |
| Election Campaign (See page 18.) |  | Do you want $\$ 3$ to go to this fund? <br> If a joint return, does your spouse want $\$ 3$ to go to this fund? |  |  | Yes No <br> ELEC  | Note: Checking "Yes" will not change your tax or reduce your refund. |


| Filing S |
| :--- |
| Check only <br> one box. |

Single
Married filing joint return (even if only one had income)
Married filing separate return. Enter spouse's social security no. above and full name here. Head of household (with qualifying person). (See page 18.) If the qualifying person is a child but not your dependent, enter this child's name here.
Qualifying widow(er) with dependent child (year spouse died $19 \quad$ ). (See page 18.)


## Tax and Credits

| Standard |
| :--- |
| Deduction |
| for Most |
| People |
| Single: |
| $\$ 4,250$ |
| Head of |
| household: |
| $\$ 6,250$ |
| Married filing |
| jointly or |
| Qualifying |
| widow(er): |
| $\$ 7,100$ |
| Married |
| filing |
| separately: |
| $\$ 3,550$ |

34 Amount from line 33 (adjusted gross income)
35a Check if: $\square$ You were 65 or older, $\square$ Blind;Spouse was 65 or older, $\square$ Blind. Add the number of boxes checked above and enter the total here.
b If you are married filing separately and your spouse itemizes deductions or you were a dual-status alien, see page 29 and check here deduction shown on the left But see page 30 to find your checked any box on line 35 a or 35 b or if someone can claim you as a dependent
37 Subtract line 36 from line 34
38 If line 34 is $\$ 93,400$ or less, multiply $\$ 2,700$ by the total number of exemptions claimed on line 6 d . If line 34 is over $\$ 93,400$, see the worksheet on page 30 for the amount to enter .
39 Taxable income. Subtract line 38 from line 37. If line 38 is more than line 37, enter -0-
$40 \quad$ Tax. See page 30. Check if any tax from a $\square$ Form(s) 8814
41 Credit for child and dependent care expenses. Attach Form 2441
42 Credit for the elderly or the disabled. Attach Schedule R.
43 Child tax credit (see page 31)
44 Education credits. Attach Form 8863
45 Adoption credit. Attach Form 8839
46 Foreign tax credit. Attach Form 1116 if required
47 Other. Check if from $\mathbf{a} \square$ Form $3800 \quad \mathbf{b} \square$ Form 8396 c $\square$ Form $8801 \quad$ d $\square$ Form (specify) $\qquad$

| $\mathbf{4 1}$ | 44 |  |
| ---: | ---: | :--- |
| $\mathbf{4 2}$ | 45 |  |
| $\mathbf{4 3}$ | 193 |  |
| $\mathbf{4 4}$ | 196 |  |
| $\mathbf{4 5}$ |  |  |
| $\mathbf{4 6}$ | 46 |  |
|  |  |  |
| $\mathbf{4 7}$ |  |  |

48 Add lines 41 through 47. These are your total credits

|  |
| :--- |
| Other |
| Taxes |

49 Subtract line 48 from line 40 . If line 48 is more than line 40 .
50 Self-employment tax. Attach Schedule SE
51 Alternative minimum tax. Attach Form 6251
52 Social security and Medicare tax on tip income not reported to employer. Attach Form 4137
53 Tax on IRAs, other retirement plans, and MSAs. Attach Form 5329 if required
54 Advance earned income credit payments from Form(s) W-2 .
55 Household employment taxes. Attach Schedule H.
56 Add lines 49 through 55 . This is your total tax.
Payments
Attach
Forms W-2
and W-2G
on the front.
Also attach
Form 1099-R
if tax was withheld.

57 Federal income tax withheld from Forms W-2 and 1099
581998 estimated tax payments and amount applied from 1997 return.
59a Earned income credit. Attach Schedule EIC if you have a qualifying child b Nontaxable earned income: amount and type
60 Additional child tax credit. Attach Form 8812
61 Amount paid with Form 4868 (request for extension) .
62 Excess social security and RRTA tax withheld (see page 43)
63 Other payments. Check if from a $\square$ Form $2439 \mathbf{b} \square$ Form 4136
64 Add lines 57,58,59a, and 60 through 63. These are your total payments
Refund 65 If line 64 is more than line 56 , subtract line 56 from line 64. This is the amount you OVERPAID
66a Amount of line 65 you want REFUNDED TO YOU.
Have it directly
deposited!
See page 44
and fill in 66b,
66c, and 66d.

- b Routing number

Amount
d Account number
Amount 68 If line 56 is more than line 64 , subtract line 64 from line 56 . This is the AMOUNT You Owe.
You Owe For details on how to pay, see page 44 .
69 Estimated tax penalty. Also include on line 68

| Sign | Under penalties of perjury, I declare that I have examined this return and accompanying schedules and statements, and to the best of my knowledge and belief, they are true, correct, and complete. Declaration of preparer (other than taxpayer) is based on all information of which preparer has any knowledge. |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| J oint return? <br> See page 18. | Your signature | Date |  | Your occupation |  | Daytime telephone number (optional) |
| Keep a copy for your records. | Spouse's signature. If a joint return, BOTH must sign. | Date |  | Spouse's occupation |  | ( ) |
| Paid | Preparer's signature PPREP | PPREP | Date | Check if self-employed | Prepa | er's social security no. |
| Preparer <br> Use Only | Firm's name (or yours if self-employed) and address |  |  |  | EIN |  |
| Use On |  |  |  |  | ZIP co |  |

Also, if line 7 of Form 1040 includes any amount paid to a household employee who did not receive a W-2 form, see Special Rules on this page.

Caution: If you include self-employment income in your earned income for purposes of figuring the credit, but you have not paid the self-employment tax on that income, we may reduce your credit by the amount of the self-employment tax not paid.

## Nontaxable Earned Income

Caution: Be sure to include all your nontaxable earned income on line 59b of Form 1040.
Certain earned income is not taxable, but it must be included to see if you can take the earned income credit. It is also used to figure the credit. Nontaxable earned income includes anything of value (money, goods, or services) that is not taxable that you received from your employer for your work. But it does not include workfare payments (defined on page 38). Some examples of nontaxable earned income are listed below.

- Basic quarters and subsistence allowances, the value of in-kind quarters and subsistence, and combat zone excluded pay received from the U.S. military. These amounts should be shown in box 13 of your W-2 form with code Q.
- Housing allowances or rental value of a parsonage for clergy members. But if you are filing Schedule SE, see Clergy on this page.
- Meals and lodging provided for the convenience of your employer.
- Salary deferrals. If you chose to have your employer contribute part of your pay to certain retirement plans (such as a $401(\mathrm{k})$ plan, or the Federal Thrift Savings Plan) instead of having it paid to you, the "Deferred compensation" box in box 15 of your W-2 form should be checked. The amount deferred should be shown in box 13 of your W-2 form.
- Excludable dependent care benefits from Form 2441, line 18.
- Excludable employer-provided adoption benefits from Form 8839, line 29.
- Salary reductions, such as under a cafeteria plan, unless they are included in box 1 of your W-2 form(s). For details, see Pub. 596.

Nontaxable earned income does not include welfare benefits, such as those listed below.

## Effect on Certain Welfare Benefits

Any refund you receive as a result of claiming the EIC will not be used to determine if you are eligible for the following programs, or how much you can receive from them.

- Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (formerly Aid to Families With Dependent Children (AFDC)).
- Medicaid and supplemental security income (SSI).
- Food stamps and low-income housing.


## Special Rules

## Members of the Military

If you were on extended active duty outside the United States, your home is considered to be in the United States during that duty period. See Pub. 596 for the definition of extended active duty.
(Continued on page 43)

## Line 5 of EIC Worksheet on Page 38 <br> (keep for your records)

If filing a joint return and your spouse was also self-employed or reported income and expenses on Schedule C or C-EZ as a statutory employee, combine your spouse's amounts with yours to figure the amounts to enter below.

1. If you are filing Schedule SE:
a. Enter the amount from Schedule SE, Section A, line 3, or Section B, line 3, whichever applies.
$1 a$.
b. Enter the amount, if any, from Schedule SE, Section B, line 4b

1b.
c. Add lines 1 a and 1 lb

1c.
d. Enter the amount from Form 1040, line 27.

1d. $\qquad$
e. Subtract line 1d from line 1c
$1 e$.
2. If you are NOT required to file Schedule SE (for example, because your net earnings from self-employment were less than $\$ 400$ ), complete lines 2 a through 2c. But do not include on these lines any statutory employee income or any amount exempt from self-employment tax as the result of the filing and approval of Form 4029 or Form 4361.
a. Enter any net farm profit or (loss) from Schedule $F$, line 36, and farm partnerships, Schedule K-1 (Form 1065), line 15a

2 a.
b. Enter any net profit or (loss) from Schedule C, line 31, Schedule C-EZ, line 3, Schedule K-1 (Form 1065), line 15a (other than farming), and Schedule K-1 (Form 1065-B), box 9

2b.
c. Add lines $2 a$ and $2 b$. Enter the total even if a loss
3. If you are filing Schedule C or C-EZ as a statutory employee, enter the amount from line 1 of that Schedule C or C-EZ
$2 c$.
3.
4. Add lines $1 \mathrm{e}, 2 \mathrm{c}$, and 3 . Enter the total here and on line 5 of the worksheet on page 38 even if a loss. If the ©GefthCE OF FIELD 60
is a loss, enter it in parentheses and read the Caution is a loss, enter it in parentheses and read the Caution below
4.

Caution: If line 5 of the Earned Income Credit Worksheet is a loss, subtract it from the total of lines 3 and 4 of that worksheet and enter the result on line 6 of that worksheet. If the result is zero or less, you cannot take the earned income credit.


## Taxable income

## Tax, credits, and payments

20a Check \(\left\{$$
\begin{array}{ll}\square \text { You were } 65 \text { or older } & \begin{array}{l}\text { XBI } \\
\text { Blind } \\
\square \text { Spouse was } 65 \text { or older }\end{array}
$$ <br>

\square Blind\end{array}\right\}\)| Enter number of |
| :--- |
| boxes checked |$\quad$| $\square$ |
| :--- |
| $\square$ |

b If you are married filing separately and your spouse itemizes deductions, see page 30 and check here . . . . . . . 20b $\square$

DSI
21 Enter the standard deduction for your filing status. But see page 31 if you checked any box on line 20a or 20b OR if someone can claim you as a dependent.

- Single-\$4,250 • Married filing jointly or Qualifying widow(er)-\$7,100
- Head of household-\$6,250 - Married filing separately-\$3,550

22 Subtract line 21 from line 19. If line 21 is more than line 19, enter -0 -.
23 Multiply $\$ 2,700$ by the total number of exemptions claimed on line 6 d .
24 Subtract line 23 from line 22. If line 23 is more than line 22 , enter -0 -. This is your taxable income.
25 Find the tax on the amount on line 24 (see page 31).
26 Credit for child and dependent care expenses. Attach Schedule 2.
27 Credit for the elderly or the disabled. Attach Schedule 3.
28 Child tax credit (see page 32).
29 Education credits. Attach Form 8863.
30 Adoption credit. Attach Form 8839.
31 Add lines 26 through 30. These are your total credits.
32 Subtract line 31 from line 25 . If line 31 is more than line 25 , enter -0 -.
33 Advance earned income credit payments from Form(s) W-2.
34 Add lines 32 and 33. This is your total tax.
$26 \quad 44$

35 Total Federal income tax withheld from Forms W-2 and 1099.
361998 estimated tax payments and amount applied from 1997 return.
37a Earned income credit. Attach
Schedule EIC if you have a qualifying child. 37a
b Nontaxable earned income: amount and type


Have it directly deposited! See page 43 and fill in 41b, 41c, and 41d.
b Routing

c Type:
$\square$ CheckingSavings
d Account
number
42 Amount of line 40 you want applied to your 1999 estimated tax.
$42 \quad 70$


Form $\quad$ Department of the Treasury-Internal Revenue Service
1040EZ Joint Filers With No Dependents
(99) 1998

OMB No. 1545-0675


Amount
you owe

12 If line 10 is larger than line 9, subtract line 9 from line 10. This is the amount you owe. See page 14 for details on how to pay.

12
I have read this return. Under penalties of perjury, I declare that to the best of my knowledge and belief, the return is true, correct, and accurately lists all amounts and sources of income I received during the tax year.
Sign
here
Keep copy for your records.

Your signature

| Date | Your occupation |
| :--- | :--- |

Spouse's signature if joint return. See page 7 .



Use this - Your filing status is single or form if married filing jointly.

- You do not claim any dependents. Your taxable income (line 6) is less than $\$ 50,000$
- You do not daim any dependents. - Your taxable income (line 6) is less than \$50,000.
- You do not claim a student loan interest deduction or an education credit. See page 3.
- You had only wages, salaries, tips, taxable scholarship or fellowship grants, unemployment compensation, or Alaska Permanent Fund dividends, and your taxable interest income was not over $\$ 400$. But if you earned tips, including allocated tips, that are not included in box 5 and box 7 of your W-2, you may not be able to use Form 1040EZ. See page 8.
- You did not receive any advance earned income credit payments.

If you are not sure about your filing status, see page 7 . If you have questions about dependents, use TeleTax topic 354 (see page 17). If you cannot use this form, use TeleTax topic 352 (see page 17).

Filling in Enter your (and your spouse's if married) social security number on the front. Because this form is your return
For tips on how to avoid common mistakes, see page 25. read by a machine, please print your numbers inside the boxes like this:

## $9876543210 \quad$ Do not type your numbers. Do not use dollar signs.

If you received a scholarship or fellowship grant or tax-exempt interest income, such as on municipal bonds, see the booklet before filling in the form. Also, see the booklet if you received a Form 1099-INT showing Federal income tax withheld or if Federal income tax was withheld from your unemployment compensation or Alaska Permanent Fund dividends.
Remember, you must report all wages, salaries, and tips even if you do not get a W-2 form from your employer. You must also report all your taxable interest income, including interest from banks, savings and loans, credit unions, etc., even if you do not get a Form 1099-INT.

| Worksheet | Use this worksheet to figure the amount to enter on line 5 if someone can claim you (or your <br> spouse if married) as a dependent, even if that person chooses not to do so. To find out if |
| :--- | :--- |
| for | someone can claim you as a dependent, use TeleTax topic 354 (see page 17) | dependents who checked

"Yes" on line 5 someone can claim you as a dependent, use TeleTax topic 354 (see page 17).
A. Amount, if any, from line 1 on front
$+\quad 250.00$ Enter total $\mathbf{A}$.
B. Minimum standard deduction
B. 700.00
C. Enter the LARGER of line $A$ or line $B$ here .
C. $\qquad$
D. Maximum standard deduction. If single, enter 4,250.00; if married, enter 7,100.00
D.
E. Enter the SMALLER of line C or line D here. This is your standard deduction
E. $\qquad$
F. Exemption amount.

- If single, enter 0.
- If married and-
F.
-both you and your spouse can be claimed as dependents, enter 0. -only one of you can be claimed as a dependent, enter 2,700.00.
G. Add lines E and F. Enter the total here and on line 5 on the front
G.

If you checked "No" on line $\mathbf{5}$ because no one can claim you (or your spouse if married) as a dependent, enter on line 5 the amount shown below that applies to you.

- Single, enter 6,950.00. This is the total of your standard deduction $(4,250.00)$ and your exemption (2,700.00).
- Married, enter 12,500.00. This is the total of your standard deduction $(7,100.00)$, your exemption ( $2,700.00$ ), and your spouse's exemption $(2,700.00)$.

| Mailing return | Mail your return by April 15, 1999. Use the envelope that came with your booklet. If you do not have that envelope, see page 28 for the address to use. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Paid preparer's | Under penalties of perjury, I declare that I have examined this return, and to the best of my knowledge and belief, it is true, correct, and accurately lists all amounts and sources of income received during the tax year. This declaration is based on all information of which I have any knowledge. |  |  |  |
| use only | Preparer's signature | Date | Check if self-employed $\square$ | Preparer's SSN |
| See page 14. | Firm's name (or yours if self-employed) and address |  | EIN |  |

(Schedule B is on back)
Department of the Treasury Internal Revenue Service (99)
$\rightarrow$ Attach to Form 1040. $\rightarrow$ See Instructions for Schedules A and B (Form 1040).


Attachment Sequence No. 07

| Name(s) shown on Form 1040 | Your social security number |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | ! $\quad$ ! |

Medical Caution: Do not include expenses reimbursed or paid by others.

## Dental

 Expenses1

1 Medical and dental expenses (see page A-1) 3 Multiply line 2 above by $7.5 \%$ (.075). 4 Subtract line 3 from line 1. If line 3 is more than line 1, enter -0 -

## Taxes You

 Paid 5 State and local income taxes(See
page A-2.)
6 Real estate taxes (see page A-2)
7 Personal property taxes.


|  |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Interest | 10 |
| You Paid | 1 |

## (See

page A-3.)

## Note:

## Personal

interest is
Points not reported to you on Form 1098. See page A-3 for special rules.
deductible.
13 Investment interest. Attach Form 4952 if required. (See page A-3.)
14 Add lines 10 through 13.
Gifts to
Charity
15 Gifts by cash or check. If you made any gift of $\$ 250$ or more, see page A-4
If you made a
16 Other than by cash or check. If any gift of $\$ 250$ or more, see page A-4. You MUST attach Form 8283 if over $\$ 500$
gift and got a
benefit for it,
see page A-4.
17 Carryover from prior year
18 Add lines 15 through 17.

## Casualty and

Theft Losses
Job Expenses 20
and Most
Other
Miscellaneous Deductions

Casualty or theft loss(es). Attach Form 4684. (See page A-5.) Unreimbursed employee expenses-job travel, union (See
page A-6 for
expenses to

21 Tax preparation fees deduct here.)

22 Other expenses-investment, safe deposit box, etc. List type and amount

23 Add lines 20 through 22 .
24 Enter amount from Form 1040, line 34.
25 Multiply line 24 above by 2\% (.02)
26 Subtract line 25 from line 23. If line 25 is more than line 23 , enter $-0-$

|  | 26 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Other |  |
| Miscellaneous |  |

Miscellaneous

## Deductions

## Total

Itemized
Deductions

28 Is Form 1040, line 34, over $\$ 124,500$ (over $\$ 62,250$ if married filing separately)?
NO. Your deduction is not limited. Add the amounts in the far right column for lines 4 through 27. Also, enter on Form 1040, line 36, the larger of this amount or your standard deduction.
YES. Your deduction may be limited. See page A-6 for the amount to enter. dues, job education, etc. You MUST attach Form 2106 or $2106-$ EZ if required. (See page A-5.)

27 Other-from list on page A-6. List type and amount

- Fees to employment agencies and other costs to look for a new job in your present occupation, even if you do not get a new job.
- Certain business use of part of your home. For details, including limits that apply, use TeleTax topic 509 (see page 9) or see Pub. 587.
- Certain educational expenses. For details, use TeleTax topic 513 (see page 9) or see Pub. 508.


## Line 21

## Tax Preparation Fees

Enter the fees you paid for preparation of your tax return, including fees paid for filing your return electronically.

## Line 22

## Other Expenses

Enter the total amount you paid to produce or collect taxable income and manage or protect property held for earning income. But do not include any personal expenses. List the type and amount of each expense on the dotted lines next to line 22. If you need more space, attach a statement showing the type and amount of each expense. Enter one total on line 22.

Examples of expenses to include on line 22 are:

- Certain legal and accounting fees.
- Clerical help and office rent.
- Custodial (for example, trust account) fees.
- Your share of the investment expenses of a regulated investment company.
- Certain losses on nonfederally insured deposits in an insolvent or bankrupt financial institution. For details, including limits that apply, see Pub. 529.
- Casualty and theft losses from property used in performing services as an employee from Form 4684, lines 32 and 38b, or Form 4797, line 18b(1).
- Deduction for repayment of amounts under a claim of right if $\$ 3,000$ or less.


## Other M iscellaneous Deductions

## Line 27

Only the expenses listed below can be deducted on this line. List the type and amount of each expense on the dotted lines next to line 27 . If you need more space, attach a statement showing the type and amount of each expense. Enter one total on line 27.

- Gambling losses, but only to the extent of gambling winnings reported on Form 1040, line 21.
- Casualty and theft losses from income-producing property from Form 4684, lines 32 and 38b, or Form 4797, line $18 \mathrm{~b}(1)$.
- Federal estate tax on income in respect of a decedent.
- Amortizable bond premium on bonds acquired before October 23, 1986.
- Deduction for repayment of amounts under a claim of right if over $\$ 3,000$. See Pub. 525 for details.
- Certain unrecovered investment in a pension. See Pub. 529 for details.
- Impairment-related work expenses of a disabled person.

For more details, see Pub. 529.

## Total Itemized Deductions

## Line 28

Use the worksheet on this page to figure the amount to enter on line 28 if the amount on Form 1040, line 34, is over $\$ 124,500$ if single, married filing jointly, head of household, or qualifying widow(er); $\$ 62,250$ if married filing separately.

## Itemized Deductions Worksheet-Line 28

(keep for your records)


1. Add the amounts on Schedule A, lines $4,9,14,18,19$,

26 , and 27
1.
2. Add the amounts on Schedule A, lines 4,13 , and 19 , plus any gambling and casualty or theft losses included on line 27
2.

Caution: Be sure your total gambling and casualty or theft losses are clearly identified on the dotted line next to line 27.
3. Subtract line 2 from line 1 . If the result is zero, stop here; enter the amount from line 1 above on Schedule A, line 28, and see the Note below.
4.
4. Multiply line 3 above by $80 \%(.80)$. 4
5. Enter the amount from Form 1040, line 34 .
5.
6. Enter: $\$ 124,500$ if single, married filing jointly, head of household, or qualifying widow(er); $\$ 62,250$ if married filing separately
6. $\qquad$
7. Subtract line 6 from line 5 . If the result is zero or less, stop here; enter the amount from line 1 above on Schedule A, line 28, and see the Note below
8. Multiply line 7 above by $3 \%$ (.03).
9. Enter the smaller of line 4 or line 8
7.
8. SOURCE $9 F$ FIELD 9
10. Total itemized deductions. Subtract line 9 from line 1. Enter the result here and on Schedule A, line 28, and see the Note below
10.

Note: Also enter on Form 1040, line 36, the larger of the amount you enter on Schedule A, line 28, or your standard deduction.

# Schedule B— Interest and Ordinary Dividends 

## Part I Interest

(See pages 20 and B-1.)

Note: If you received a Form
1099-INT, Form
1099-OID, or substitute statement from a brokerage firm, list the firm's name as the payer and enter the total interest shown on that form.

Note: If you had over \$400 in taxable interest income, you must also complete Part III.
1 List name of payer. If any interest is from a seller-financed mortgage and the buyer used the property as a personal residence, see page B-1 and list this interest first. Also, show that buyer's social security number and address


2 Add the amounts on line 1
3 Excludable interest on series EE U.S. savings bonds issued after 1989 from Form 8815, line 14. You MUST attach Form 8815 to Form 1040
4 Subtract line 3 from line 2. Enter the result here and on Form 1040, line 8a Note: If you had over $\$ 400$ in ordinary dividends, you must also complete P art III.
Part II
Ordinary Dividends
(See pages 21 and $\mathrm{B}-1$.)

Note: If you received a Form 1099-DIV or substitute statement from a brokerage firm, list the firm's name as the payer and enter the ordinary dividends shown on that form.

5 List name of payer. Include only ordinary dividends. Report any capital gain distributions on Schedule D, line 13
$\qquad$
| Amount
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

6 Add the amounts on line 5. Enter the total here and on Form 1040, line 9


## Part III

You must complete this part if you (a) had over $\$ 400$ of interest or ordinary dividends; (b) had a foreign account; or (c) received a distribution from, or were a grantor of, or a transferor to, a foreign trust.

7a At any time during 1998, did you have an interest in or a signature or other authority over a financial account in a foreign country, such as a bank account, securities account, or other financial account? See page B-2 for exceptions and filing requirements for Form TD F 90-22.1

## (See

b If "Yes," enter the name of the foreign country
page B-2.)
8 During 1998, did you receive a distribution from, or were you the grantor of, or transferor to, a foreign trust? If "Yes," you may have to file Form 3520. See page B-2

## (Sole Proprietorship)

- Partnerships, joint ventures, etc., must file Form 1065 or Form 1065-B.

Department of the Treasury Internal Revenue Service (99)
Name of proprietor

Social security number (SSN)
A Principal business or profession, including product or service (see page C-1)
C Business name. If no separate business name, leave blank.
D Employer ID number (EIN), if any

E Business address (including suite or room no.)
City, town or post office, state, and ZIP code
F Accounting method:
(1) $\square$ Cash
(2) $\square$ Accrual
(3) $\square$ Other (specify)

G Did you "materially participate" in the operation of this business during 1998? If "No," see page C-2 for limit on losses$\square$ Yes $\qquad$
H If you started or acquired this business during 1998, check here

## Part I Income

1 Gross receipts or sales. Caution: If this income was reported to you on Form W-2 and the "Statutory $\square$ employee" box on that form was checked, see page C-3 and check here

|  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1 |  |  |
| 2 |  |  |
| 3 | 96 |  |
| 4 | 97 |  |
|  |  |  |
| 5 |  |  |
| 6 | 181 |  |
| 7 |  |  |
| 7 |  |  |

Part II Expenses. Enter expenses for business use of your home only on line 30.

8 Advertising
9 Bad debts from sales or services (see page C-3)
10 Car and truck expenses (see page C-3) .
11 Commissions and fees
12 Depletion
13 Depreciation and section 179 expense deduction (not included in Part III) (see page C-4)
14 Employee benefit programs (other than on line 19).
15 Insurance (other than health).
16 Interest:
a Mortgage (paid to banks, etc.) .
b Other.
17 Legal and professional services
18 Office expense . . . . .
28 Total expenses before expenses for business use of home. Add lines 8 through 27 in columns

29 Tentative profit (loss). Subtract line 28 from line 7
30 Expenses for business use of your home. Attach Form 8829
31 Net profit or (loss). Subtract line 30 from line 29.

- If a profit, enter on Form 1040, line 12, and ALSO on Schedule SE, line 2 (statutory employees, see page C-6). Estates and trusts, enter on Form 1041, line 3.
- If a loss, you MUST go on to line 32.

32 If you have a loss, check the box that describes your investment in this activity (see page C-6).

- If you checked 32a, enter the loss on Form 1040, line 12, and ALSO on Schedule SE, line 2 (statutory employees, see page C-6). Estates and trusts, enter on Form 1041, line 3.
- If you checked 32b, you MUST attach Form 6198.
32a $\square$ All investment is at risk.
32b $\square$ Some investment is not
at risk.

Schedule C (Form 1040) 1998

- Attach to Form 1040. See Instructions for Schedule D (Form 1040).
- Use Schedule D-1 for more space to list transactions for lines 1 and 8.


## Part I Short-Term Capital Gains and Losses-Assets Held One Year or Less



## Part II Long-Term Capital Gains and Losses-Assets Held More Than One Year


$\mathbf{*}_{\mathbf{2 8}}$ \% Rate Gain or Loss includes all "collectibles gains and losses" (as defined on page D-6) and up to $50 \%$ of the eligible gain on qualified small business stock (see page D -5).

## Part III Summary of Parts I and II

17 Combine lines 7 and 16. If a loss, go to line 18. If a gain, enter the gain on Form 1040, line 13
Next: Complete Form 1040 through line 39. Then, go to Part IV to figure your tax if:

- Both lines 16 and 17 are gains, and
- Form 1040, line 39 , is more than zero.

18 If line 17 is a loss, enter here and as a (loss) on Form 1040, line 13, the smaller of these losses:

- The loss on line 17; or
- $(\$ 3,000)$ or, if married filing separately, $(\$ 1,500)$


Next: Complete Form 1040 through line 37. Then, complete the Capital Loss Carryover Worksheet on page D-6 if:

- The loss on line 17 exceeds the loss on line 18, or
- Form 1040, line 37, is a loss.


## Part IV Tax C omputation Using Maximum Capital Gains Rates

19 Enter your taxable income from Form 1040, line 39
20 Enter the smaller of line 16 or line 17 of Schedule D
21 If you are filing Form 4952, enter the amount from Form 4952, line 4e
22 Subtract line 21 from line 20. If zero or less, enter -0-
23 Combine lines 7 and 15. If zero or less, enter -0-
24
25
26
27 Subtract line 26 from line 22. If zero or less, enter -0-
28 Subtract line 27 from line 19. If zero or less, enter -0-
29 Enter the smaller of:

- The amount on line 19, or
- $\$ 25,350$ if single; $\$ 42,350$ if married filing jointly or qualifying widow(er); $\$ 21,175$ if married filing separately; or $\$ 33,950$ if head of household
30 Enter the smaller of line 28 or line 29.
31 Subtract line 22 from line 19. If zero or less, enter - 0 -
32 Enter the larger of line 30 or line 31
33 Figure the tax on the amount on line 32. Use the Tax Table or Tax Rate Schedules, whichever applies
34 Enter the amount from line 29
35 Enter the amount from line 28
36 Subtract line 35 from line 34. If zero or less, enter -0-

37 Multiply line 36 by 10\% (.10)
38 Enter the smaller of line 19 or line 27
39 Enter the amount from line 36
40 Subtract line 39 from line 38

41 Multiply line 40 by 20\% (.20).
42 Enter the smaller of line 22 or line 25.
43 Add lines 22 and 32
44 Enter the amount from line 19
45 Subtract line 44 from line 43. If zero or less, enter - 0 -
46 Subtract line 45 from line 42. If zero or less, enter -0-
47 Multiply line 46 by 25\% (.25)
48 Enter the amount from line 19
49 Add lines $32,36,40$, and 46
50 Subtract line 49 from line 48

51 Multiply line 50 by $28 \%$ (.28)
52 Add lines 33, 37, 41, 47, and 51.
53 Figure the tax on the amount on line 19. Use the Tax Table or Tax Rate Schedules, whichever applies
54 Tax on taxable income (including capital gains). Enter the smaller of line 52 or line 53 here and on Form 1040, line 40.

Part I Income or Loss From Rental Real Estate and Royalties Note: Report income and expenses from your business of renting personal property on Schedule C or C-EZ (see page E-1). Report farm rental income or loss from Form 4835 on page 2, line 39.

2 For each rental real estate property listed on line 1, did you or your family use it during the tax year for personal purposes for more than the greater of:

- 14 days, or
- $10 \%$ of the total days rented at fair rental value?
(See page E-1.)


| Totals |
| :---: | :---: |
| (Add columns A, B, and C.) |

19 Add lines 5 through 18
20 Depreciation expense or depletion (see page E-3)
21 Total expenses. Add lines 19 and 20
22 Income or (loss) from rental real estate or royalty properties. Subtract line 21 from line 3 (rents) or line 4 (royalties). If the result is a (loss), see page E-3 to find out if you must file Form 6198.
23 Deductible rental real estate loss. Caution: Your rental real estate loss on line 22 may be limited. See page E-3 to find out if you must file Form 8582. Real estate professionals must complete line 42 on page 2
24 Income. Add positive amounts shown on line 22. Do not include any losses.
25 Losses. Add royalty losses from line 22 and rental real estate losses from line 23. Enter total losses here
26 Total rental real estate and royalty income or (loss). Combine lines 24 and 25. Enter the result here. If Parts II, III, IV, and line 39 on page 2 do not apply to you, also enter this amount on Form 1040, line 17. Otherwise, include this amount in the total on line 40 on page 2

Note: If you report amounts from farming or fishing on Schedule E, you must enter your gross income from those activities on line 41 below. Real estate professionals must complete line 42 below.
Part II Income or Loss From Partnerships and S Corporations Note: If you report a loss from an at-risk activity, you MUST check either column (e) or (f) on line 27 to describe your investment in the activity. See page E-5. If you check column (f), you must attach Form 6198.


## Part III Income or Loss From Estates and Trusts



## Part IV Income or Loss From Real Estate Mortgage Investment Conduits (REMICs)-Residual Holder

| 37 | (a) Name | (b) Employer identification number | (c) Excess inclusion from Schedules $\mathbf{Q}$, line 2c (see page E-6) |  | (d) Taxable income (net loss) from Schedules Q, line 1b |  | (e) Income from Schedules $\mathbf{Q}$, line 3 b |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 38 Combine columns (d) and (e) only. Enter the result here and include in the total on line 40 below |  |  |  |  |  |  | 38 |  |  |
| Part V Summary |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 39 Net farm rental income or (loss) from Form 4835. Also, complete line 40 TOTAL income or (loss). Combine lines 26, 31, 36, 38, and 39. Enter the result here <br> 41 Reconciliation of Farming and Fishing Income. Enter your gross farming and fishing income reported on Form 4835, line 7; Schedule K-1 (Form 1065), line 15b; Schedule K-1 (Form 1120S), line 23; and Schedule K-1 (Form 1041), line 14 (see page E-6) |  |  |  |  |  |  | 39 | 145 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 40 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | 41 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 42 Reconciliation for Real Estate Professionals. If you were a real estate professional (see page E-4), enter the net income or (loss) you reported anywhere on Form 1040 from all rental real estate activities in which you materially participated under the passive activity loss rules. |  |  |  | 42 |  |  |  |  |  |

## Who Must File Schedule SE

You must file Schedule SE if:

- You had net earnings from self-employment from other than church employee income (line 4 of Short Schedule SE or line 4c of Long Schedule SE) of $\$ 400$ or more, OR
- You had church employee income of $\$ 108.28$ or more. Income from services you performed as a minister or a member of a religious order is not church employee income. See page SE-1.
Note: Even if you had a loss or a small amount of income from self-employment, it may be to your benefit to file Schedule SE and use either "optional method" in Part II of Long Schedule SE. See page SE-3.
Exception. If your only self-employment income was from earnings as a minister, member of a religious order, or Christian Science practitioner and you filed Form 4361 and received IRS approval not to be taxed on those earnings, do not file Schedule SE. Instead, write "Exempt-Form 4361" on Form 1040, line 50.


## May I Use Short Schedule SE or MUST I Use Long Schedule SE?



## Section A-Short Schedule SE. Caution: Read above to see if you can use Short Schedule SE.

1 Net farm profit or (loss) from Schedule F, line 36, and farm partnerships, Schedule K-1 (Form 1065), line 15a

2 Net profit or (loss) from Schedule C, line 31; Schedule C-EZ, line 3; Schedule K-1 (Form 1065), line 15a (other than farming); and Schedule K-1 (Form 1065-B), box 9. Ministers and members of religious orders, see page SE-1 for amounts to report on this line. See page SE-2 for other income to report
3 Combine lines 1 and 2
4 Net earnings from self-employment. Multiply line 3 by $92.35 \%$ (.9235). If less than $\$ 400$, do not file this schedule; you do not owe self-employment tax
5 Self-employment tax. If the amount on line 4 is:

- $\$ 68,400$ or less, multiply line 4 by $15.3 \%$ (.153). Enter the result here and on Form 1040, line 50.
- More than $\$ 68,400$, multiply line 4 by $2.9 \%$ (.029). Then, add $\$ 8,481.60$ to the result. Enter the total here and on Form 1040, line 50.

6 Deduction for one-half of self-employment tax. Multiply line 5 by 50\% (.5). Enter the result here and on Form 1040, line 27

| 1 |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |
| 2 |  |  |
| 3 |  |  |
| 4 |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| 5 |  |  |
|  |  |  |

## Section B—Long Schedule SE

## Part I Self-Employment Tax

Note: If your only income subject to self-employment tax is church employee income, skip lines 1 through 4 b . Enter -0 - on line 4 c and go to line 5 a . Income from services you performed as a minister or a member of a religious order is not church employee income. See page SE-1.
A If you are a minister, member of a religious order, or Christian Science practitioner and you filed Form 4361, but you had $\$ 400$ or more of other net earnings from self-employment, check here and continue with Part I. $\qquad$
1 Net farm profit or (loss) from Schedule F, line 36, and farm partnerships, Schedule K-1 (Form 1065), line 15a. Note: Skip this line if you use the farm optional method. See page SE-4

2 Net profit or (loss) from Schedule C, line 31; Schedule C-EZ, line 3; Schedule K-1 (Form 1065), line 15a (other than farming); and Schedule K-1 (Form 1065-B), box 9. Ministers and members of religious orders, see page SE-1 for amounts to report on this line. See page SE-2 for other income to report. Note: Skip this line if you use the nonfarm optional method. See page SE-4.
3 Combine lines 1 and 2
4a If line 3 is more than zero, multiply line 3 by $92.35 \%$ (.9235). Otherwise, enter amount from line 3
b If you elected one or both of the optional methods, enter the total of lines 15 and 17 here .
c Combine lines 4 a and 4 b. If less than $\$ 400$, do not file this schedule; you do not owe self-employment tax. Exception. If less than $\$ 400$ and you had church employee income, enter -0- and continue
5a Enter your church employee income from Form W-2. Caution: See page SE-1 for definition of church employee income
b Multiply line 5 a by $92.35 \%$ (.9235). If less than $\$ 100$, enter -0 -
6 Net earnings from self-employment. Add lines 4c and 5b
7 Maximum amount of combined wages and self-employment earnings subject to social security tax or the $6.2 \%$ portion of the $7.65 \%$ railroad retirement (tier 1) tax for 1998
8a Total social security wages and tips (total of boxes 3 and 7 on Form(s) W-2) and railroad retirement (tier 1) compensation
b Unreported tips subject to social security tax (from Form 4137, line 9)
c Add lines 8a and 8b
9 Subtract line 8c from line 7. If zero or less, enter -0- here and on line 10 and go to line 11 .
10 Multiply the smaller of line 6 or line 9 by $12.4 \%$ (.124)
11 Multiply line 6 by 2.9\% (.029)
12 Self-employment tax. Add lines 10 and 11. Enter here and on Form 1040, line 50
13 Deduction for one-half of self-employment tax. Multiply line 12 by 50\% (.5). Enter the result here and on Form 1040, line 27.

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| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $8 b$ |  |  |


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| $4 b$ |  |  |
| $4 \mathbf{c}$ |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| $5 b$ |  |  |
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## Part II Optional Methods To Figure Net Earnings (See page SE-3.)

Farm Optional Method. You may use this method only if:

- Your gross farm income ${ }^{1}$ was not more than $\$ 2,400$, or
- Your gross farm income ${ }^{1}$ was more than $\$ 2,400$ and your net farm profits ${ }^{2}$ were less than $\$ 1,733$.

14 Maximum income for optional methods
15 Enter the smaller of: two-thirds ( $2 / 3$ ) of gross farm income ${ }^{1}$ (not less than zero) or $\$ 1,600$. Also, include this amount on line 4b above
Nonfarm Optional Method. You may use this method only if:

- Your net nonfarm profits ${ }^{3}$ were less than $\$ 1,733$ and also less than $72.189 \%$ of your gross nonfarm income, ${ }^{4}$ and
- You had net earnings from self-employment of at least $\$ 400$ in 2 of the prior 3 years.

Caution: You may use this method no more than five times.
16 Subtract line 15 from line 14
17 Enter the smaller of: two-thirds (2/3) of gross nonfarm income ${ }^{4}$ (not less than zero) or the amount on line 16. Also, include this amount on line 4 b above

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${ }^{1}$ From Sch. F, line 11, and Sch. K-1 (Form 1065), line 15b. ${ }^{3}$ From Sch. C, line 31; Sch. CEZ, line 3; Sch. K-1 (Form 1065), line 15a; and Sch. K-1 (Form 1065-B), box 9.
${ }^{2}$ From Sch. F, line 36, and Sch. K-1 (Form 1065), line 15a. ${ }^{4}$ From Sch. C, line 7; Sch. C-E, line 1; Sch. K-1 (Form 1065), line 15c; and Sch. K-1 (Form 1065-B), box 9.

| 04 | Child and Dependent Care Expenses |  | OMB No. 1545-0068 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Form | Attach to Form 1040. |  | $998$ |
| Department of the Treasury Internal Revenue Service (99) | - See separate instructions. |  | Attachment <br> Sequence No. 21 |
| Name(s) shown on Form 1040 |  | Your social security number |  |
|  |  | 173 | ! |

Before you begin, you need to understand the following terms. See Definitions on page 1 of the instructions.

```
- Dependent Care Benefits
- Qualifying Person(s)
- Qualified Expenses
- Earned Income
```


## Part I

Persons or Organizations Who Provided the Care-You must complete this part.
(If you need more space, use the bottom of page 2.)


| Did you receive <br> dependent care benefits? | No $\longrightarrow$ Complete only Part II below. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Yes $\longrightarrow$ complete Part III on the back next. |

Caution: If the care was provided in your home, you may owe employment taxes. See the instructions for Form 1040, line 55.

## Part II Credit for Child and Dependent Care Expenses

2 Information about your qualifying person(s). If you have more than two qualifying persons, see the instructions.


## Part III Dependent Care Benefits

10 Enter the total amount of dependent care benefits you received for 1998. This amount should be shown in box 10 of your W-2 form(s). DO NOT include amounts that were reported to you as wages in box 1 of Form(s) W-2

11 Enter the amount forfeited, if any. See the instructions
12 Subtract line 11 from line 10
13 Enter the total amount of qualified expenses incurred in 1998 for the care of the qualifying person(s).

14 Enter the smaller of line 12 or 13

15 Enter YOUR earned income
16 If married filing a joint return, enter YOUR SPOUSE'S earned income (if your spouse was a student or was disabled, see the instructions for line 5); if married filing a separate return, see the instructions for the amount to enter; all others, enter the amount from line 15.

17 Enter the smallest of line 14,15 , or 16 .
18 Excluded benefits. Enter here the smaller of the following:

- The amount from line 17 , or
- $\$ 5,000(\$ 2,500$ if married filing a separate return and you were required to enter your spouse's earned income on line 16).
19 Taxable benefits. Subtract line 18 from line 12. Also, include this amount on Form 1040, line 7. On the dotted line next to line 7, enter "DCB"

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To claim the child and dependent care credit, complete lines 20-24 below.

20 Enter $\$ 2,400$ ( $\$ 4,800$ if two or more qualifying persons)
21 Enter the amount from line 18

22 Subtract line 21 from line 20. If zero or less, STOP. You cannot take the credit. Exception. If you paid 1997 expenses in 1998, see the instructions for line 9.

23 Complete line 2 on the front of this form. DO NOT include in column (c) any excluded benefits shown on line 18 above. Then, add the amounts in column (c) and enter the total here
24 Enter the smaller of line 22 or 23 . Also, enter this amount on line 3 on the front of this form and complete lines 4-9

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## Part I Tentative Credit

1a Current year investment credit (Form 3468, Part I)
b Current year work opportunity credit (Form 5884, Part I)
c Current year welfare-to-work credit (Form 8861, Part I)
d Current year credit for alcohol used as fuel (Form 6478)
e Current year credit for increasing research activities (Form 6765, Part I).
f Current year low-income housing credit (Form 8586, Part I).
g Current year enhanced oil recovery credit (Form 8830, Part I)
h Current year disabled access credit (Form 8826, Part I)
i Current year renewable electricity production credit (Form 8835, Part I).
j Current year Indian employment credit (Form 8845, Part I)
k Ourrent year credit for employer social security and Medicare taxes paid on certain employee tips (Form 8846, Part I)
I Current year orphan drug credit (Form 8820, Part I).
m Current year credit for contributions to selected community development corporations (Form 8847, Part I)
n Current year trans-Alaska pipeline liability fund credit (see instructions).
o Current year general credits from an electing large partnership (Schedule K-1 (Form 1065-B))
2 Current year general business credit. Add lines la through 10
3 Passive activity credits included on line 2 (see instructions).
4 Subtract line 3 from line 2
5 Passive activity credits allowed for 1998 (see instructions)
6 Carryforward of general business, WIN, or ESOP credit to 1998 (see instructions for the schedule to attach)
7 Carryback of general business credit from 1999 (see instructions).
8 Tentative general business credit. Add lines 4 through 7

## Part II General Business Credit Limitation Based on Amount of Tax

9 Regular tax before credits:

- Individuals. Enter amount from Form 1040, line 40
- Corporations. Enter amount from Form 1120, Schedule J, line 3 (or Form 1120-A, Part I, line 1)
- Other filers. Enter regular tax before credits from your return

10a Credit for child and dependent care expenses (Form 2441, line 9) .
b Credit for the elderly or the disabled (Schedule R (Form 1040), line 20)
c Child tax credit (Form 1040, line 43)
d Education credits (Form 8863, line 18)
e Mortgage interest credit (Form 8396, line 11)
f Adoption credit (Form 8839, line 14)
g District of Columbia first-time homebuyer credit (Form 8859, line 11)
h Foreign tax credit
i Possessions tax credit (Form 5735, line 17 or 27)
j Credit for fuel from a nonconventional source
k Qualified electric vehicle credit (Form 8834, line 19)
I Add lines 10a through 10k
11 Net regular tax. Subtract line 101 from line 9
12 Alternative minimum tax (see instructions)
13 Net income tax. Add lines 11 and 12
14 Tentative minimum tax (see instructions)
15 If line 11 is more than $\$ 25,000$, enter $25 \%$ (.25) of the excess (see instructions)
16 Enter the greater of line 14 or line 15
17 Subtract line 16 from line 13. If zero or less, enter -0-
18 General business credit allowed for current year. Enter the smaller of line 8 or line 17 here and on Form 1040, line 47; Form 1120, Schedule J, line 4d; Form 1120-A, PartI, line 2a; Form 1041, Schedule G, line 2c; or the applicable line of your return. Individuals, estates, and trusts: See instructions if the credit for increasing research activities is claimed. C corporations: See instructions for Schedule A if any regular investment credit carryforward is claimed. See the instructions if the corporation has had a post-1986 "ownership change" .

## Part I Total Investment Interest Expense

1 Investment interest expense paid or accrued in 1998. See instructions.
2 Disallowed investment interest expense from 1997 Form 4952, line 7
3 Total investment interest expense. Add lines 1 and 2
dentifying number

## Part II Net Investment Income

4a Gross income from property held for investment (excluding any net gain from the disposition of property held for investment).
b Net gain from the disposition of property held for investment.
c Net capital gain from the disposition of property held for investment
d Subtract line 4 c from line 4 b. If zero or less, enter -0 -
e Enter all or part of the amount on line 4c that you elect to include in investment income. Do not enter more than the amount on line $4 b$. See instructions
f Investment income. Add lines 4a, 4d, and 4e. See instructions
5 Investment expenses. See instructions
6 Net investment income. Subtract line 5 from line 4f. If zero or less, enter -0-

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| 4a |  |  |
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| 4d |  |  |
| 4e | 158 |  |
| 4f |  |  |
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## Part III Investment Interest Expense Deduction

7 Disallowed investment interest expense to be carried forward to 1999. Subtract line 6 from line 3. If zero or less, enter -0-

8 Investment interest expense deduction. Enter the smaller of line 3 or 6 . See instructions.

| $\mathbf{7}$ | 156 |  |
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| $\mathbf{8}$ | 157 |  |

Section references are to the Internal Revenue Code unless otherwise noted.

## General Instructions

## Purpose of Form

Interest expense paid by an individual, estate, or trust on a loan allocable to property held for investment may not be fully deductible in the current year. Use Form 4952 to figure the amount of investment interest expense deductible for the current year and the amount, if any, to carry forward to future years.

For more details, see Pub. 550, Investment Income and Expenses.

## Who Must File

If you are an individual, estate, or a trust, and you claim a deduction for investment interest expense, you must complete and attach Form 4952 to your tax return, unless all of the following apply.

- Your investment interest expense is not more than your investment income from interest and ordinary dividends.
- You have no other deductible expenses connected with the production of interest or dividends.
- You have no disallowed investment interest expense from 1997.


## Allocation of Interest Expense Under Temporary Regulations Section 1.163-8T

If you paid or accrued interest on a loan and used the loan proceeds for more than one purpose, you may have to allocate the interest. This is necessary because different rules apply to investment interest, personal interest, trade or business interest, home mortgage interest, and passive activity interest. See Pub. 535, Business Expenses.

## Specific Instructions Part I-Total Investment Interest Expense

## Line 1

Enter the investment interest paid or accrued during the tax year, regardless of when you incurred the indebtedness. Investment interest is interest paid or accrued on a loan (or part of a loan) that is allocable to property held for investment (as defined later).

Include investment interest expense reported to you on Schedule K-1 from a partnership or an S corporation. Include amortization of bond premium on taxable
bonds purchased after October 22, 1986, but before J anuary 1,1988 , unless you elected to offset amortizable bond premium against the interest payments on the bond. A taxable bond is a bond on which the interest is includible in gross income.

Investment interest expense does not include any of the following:

- Home mortgage interest.
- Interest expense that is properly allocable to a passive activity. Generally, a passive activity is any business activity in which you do not materially participate and any rental activity. See the separate instructions for Form 8582, Passive Activity Loss Limitations, for more details.
- Any interest expense that is capitalized, such as construction interest subject to section 263A.
- Interest expense related to tax-exempt interest income under section 265.
- Interest expense, disallowed under section 264, on indebtedness with respect to life insurance, endowment, or annuity contracts issued after J une 8, 1997, even if the proceeds were used to purchase any property held for investment.
15 Total Adjustments and Preferences. Combine lines 1 through 14
$\left.\begin{array}{|l|l|l} & & \\ 1 & & \\ \hline 2 & & \\ \hline 3 & & \\ \hline 4 & & \\ \hline 5 & & \\ \hline 6 & ( & \\ \hline 7 & & \\ \hline 8 & & \\ \hline 9 & & \\ \hline 10 & & \\ \hline 11 & & \\ \hline 12 & & \\ \hline 13 & & \\ \hline\end{array}\right\}$
13 Tax-exempt interest from private activity bonds issued after 8/7/86
14 Other. Enter the amount, if any, for each item below and enter the total on line 14.
a Circulation expenditures
b Depletion
c Depreciation (pre-1987)
d Installment sales
e Intangible drilling costs
f Large partnerships.
g Long-term contracts

h Loss limitations.
i Mining costs
j Patron's adjustment k Pollution control facilities I Research and experimental m Section 1202 exclusion . n Tax shelter farm activities. o Related adjustments


## Part II Alternative Minimum Taxable Income

16 Enter the amount from Form 1040, line 37. If less than zero, enter as a (loss)
17 Net operating loss deduction, if any, from Form 1040, line 21. Enter as a positive amount
18 If Form 1040, line 34 , is over $\$ 124,500$ (over $\$ 62,250$ if married filing separately), and you itemized deductions, enter the amount, if any, from line 9 of the worksheet for Schedule A (Form 1040), line 28
19 Combine lines 15 through 18
20 Alternative tax net operating loss deduction. See page 7 of the instructions
21 Alternative Minimum Taxable Income. Subtract line 20 from line 19. (If married filing separately and line 21 is more than $\$ 165,000$, see page 7 of the instructions.)

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| $\mathbf{1 7}$ |  |  |
| $\mathbf{1 8}$ |  |  |
| $\mathbf{1 9}$ | $61=\operatorname{Ln} 14+$ | $\operatorname{Ln} 17$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0}$ |  |  |
| $\mathbf{2 1}$ | 164 |  |

## Part III Exemption Amount and Alternative Minimum Tax

22 Exemption Amount. (If this form is for a child under age 14, see page 7 of the instructions.)

## IF your filing status is

AND line 21 is
not over. .
Single or head of household
$\$ 112,500$
Married filing jointly or qualifying widow(er)
. . . . \$33,750

Married filing separately.
150,000 45,000
fine 21 is over the amount shown above for your filing status, see page 7 of the instructions.
23 Subtract line 22 from line 21. If zero or less, enter -0-here and on lines 26 and 28
24 If you completed Schedule D (Form 1040), and have an amount on line 25 or line 27 (or would have had an amount on either line if you had completed Part IV) (as refigured for the AMT, if necessary), go to Part IV of Form 6251 to figure line 24. All others: If line 23 is $\$ 175,000$ or less ( $\$ 87,500$ or less if married filing separately), multiply line 23 by $26 \%$ (.26). Otherwise, multiply line 23 by $28 \%$ (.28) and subtract $\$ 3,500$ ( $\$ 1,750$ if married filing separately) from the result .
25 Alternative minimum tax foreign tax credit. See page 8 of the instructions
26 Tentative minimum tax. Subtract line 25 from line 24
27 Enter your tax from Form 1040, line 40 (minus any tax from Form 4972 and any foreign tax credit from Form 1040, line 46)
28 Alternative Minimum Tax. Subtract line 27 from line 26. If zero or less, enter $-0-$. Enter here and on Form 1040, line 51

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## Part IV Line 24 Computation Using Maximum Capital Gains Rates

Caution: If you did not complete Part IV of Schedule D (Form 1040), complete lines 20 through 27 of Schedule D (as refigured for the AMT, if necessary) before you complete this part.
29 Enter the amount from line 23
30 Enter the amount from Schedule D (Form 1040), line 27 (as refigured for the AMT, if necessary). See page 8 of the instructions
31 Enter the amount from Schedule D (Form 1040), line 25 (as refigured for the AMT, if necessary). See page 8 of the instructions
32 Add lines 30 and 31.
33 Enter the amount from Schedule D (Form 1040), line 22 (as refigured for the AMT, if necessary). See page 8 of the instructions

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| 33 | 189 |  |

34 Enter the smaller of line 32 or line 33
35 Subtract line 34 from line 29. If zero or less, enter -0-
36 If line 35 is $\$ 175,000$ or less ( $\$ 87,500$ or less if married filing separately), multiply line 35 by $26 \%$ (.26). Otherwise, multiply line 35 by $28 \%$ (.28) and subtract $\$ 3,500$ ( $\$ 1,750$ if married filing separately) from the result
37 Enter the amount from Schedule D (Form 1040), line 36 (as figured for the regular tax)
38 Enter the smallest of line 29 , line 30 , or line 37

39 Multiply line 38 by 10\% (.10)
40 Enter the smaller of line 29 or line 30
41 Enter the amount from line 38
42 Subtract line 41 from line 40. If zero or less, enter -0-

43 Multiply line 42 by 20\% (.20)
44 Enter the amount from line 29
45 Add lines 35,38 , and 42
46 Subtract line 45 from line 44

47 Multiply line 46 by $25 \%$ (.25)
48 Add lines 36, 39, 43, and 47
49 If line 29 is $\$ 175,000$ or less ( $\$ 87,500$ or less if married filing separately), multiply line 29 by $26 \%$ (.26). Otherwise, multiply line 29 by $28 \%$ (.28) and subtract $\$ 3,500$ ( $\$ 1,750$ if married filing separately) from the result

50 Enter the smaller of line 48 or line 49 here and on line 24

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## Part I 1998 Passive Activity Loss

Caution: See the instructions for Worksheets 1 and 2 on page 7 before completing Part I.
Rental Real Estate Activities With Active Participation (For the definition of active participation see Active Participation in a Rental Real Estate Activity on page 3 of the instructions.)

1a Activities with net income (enter the amount from Worksheet 1, column (a)).
b Activities with net loss (enter the amount from Worksheet 1, column (b)).
c Prior years unallowed losses (enter the amount from Worksheet 1, column (c)).
d Combine lines $1 \mathrm{a}, 1 \mathrm{~b}$, and 1 c
All Other Passive Activities
2a Activities with net income (enter the amount from Worksheet 2, column (a)).
b Activities with net loss (enter the amount from Worksheet 2, column (b)).
c Prior years unallowed losses (enter the amount from Worksheet 2, column (c)).
d Combine lines $2 a, 2 b$, and $2 c$
3 Combine lines 1 d and 2 d . If the result is net income or zero, all losses are allowed, including any prior year unallowed losses entered on line 1c or 2c. Do not complete Form 8582. Take the losses to the form or schedule you normally report them on. If this line and line 1d are losses, go to line 4. Otherwise, enter -0- on line 9 and go to line 10

| 1a |  |  |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| 1b | $($ | $)$ |
| 1c | $($ | $)$ |



## Part II Special Allowance for Rental Real Estate With Active Participation

Note: Enter all numbers in Part II as positive amounts. See page 7 of the instructions for examples.
4 Enter the smaller of the loss on line 1d or the loss on line 3.

5 Enter $\$ 150,000$. If married filing separately, see page 7 of the instructions
6 Enter modified adjusted gross income, but not less than zero (see page 7 of the instructions)
Note: If line 6 is equal to or greater than line 5, skip lines 7 and 8 , enter -0 - on line 9 , and then go to line 10 . Otherwise, go to line 7.
7 Subtract line 6 from line 5


9 Enter the smaller of line 4 or line 8

## Part III Total Losses Allowed

10 Add the income, if any, on lines 1 a and 2a and enter the total
11 Total losses allowed from all passive activities for 1998. Add lines 9 and 10. See page 7 of the instructions to find out how to report the losses on your tax return


## Part I Net Minimum Tax on Exclusion Items

1 Combine lines 16 through 18 of your 1997 Form 6251. Estates and trusts, see instructions
2 Enter adjustments and preferences treated as exclusion items. See instructions.
3 Minimum tax credit net operating loss deduction. See instructions
4 Combine lines 1, 2, and 3. If zero or less, enter -0 - here and on line 15 and go to Part II. If more than $\$ 165,000$ and you were married filing separately for 1997, see instructions.
5 Enter: \$45,000 if married filing jointly or qualifying widow(er) for 1997; \$33,750 if single or head of household for 1997; or $\$ 22,500$ if married filing separately for 1997. Estates and trusts, enter \$22,500
6 Enter: $\$ 150,000$ if married filing jointly or qualifying widow(er) for 1997; $\$ 112,500$ if single or head of household for 1997; or $\$ 75,000$ if married filing separately for 1997. Estates and trusts, enter \$75,000
7 Subtract line 6 from line 4. If zero or less, enter -0- here and on line 8 and go to line 9
8 Multiply line 7 by 25\% (.25)
9 Subtract line 8 from line 5 . If zero or less, enter -0 -. If this form is for a child under age 14 , see instructions
10 Subtract line 9 from line 4. If zero or less, enter -0 - here and on line 15 , and go to Part II. Form 1040NR filers, see instructions

11 If you completed Schedule D (Form 1040 or 1041) for 1997 and had an amount on line 25 or line 27 of Schedule D (Form 1040) (line 24 or line 27 of Schedule D (Form 1041)) or you would have had an amount on either of those lines had you completed Part IV of Schedule D (Form 1040) (or Part V of Schedule D (Form 1041)), go to Part III of Form 8801 to figure the amount to enter on this line. All others: Multiply line 10 by $26 \%(.26)$ if line 10 is: $\$ 175,000$ or less if single, head of household, married filing jointly, qualifying widow(er), or an estate or trust for 1997; or $\$ 87,500$ or less if married filing separately for 1997. Otherwise, multiply line 10 by $28 \%$ (.28) and subtract from the result: $\$ 3,500$ if single, head of household, married filing jointly, qualifying widow(er), or an estate or trust for 1997; or \$1,750 if married filing separately for 1997
12 Minimum tax foreign tax credit on exclusion items. See instructions
13 Tentative minimum tax on exclusion items. Subtract line 12 from line 11
14 Enter the amount from your 1997 Form 6251, line 27, or Form 1041, Schedule I, line 41.
15 Net minimum tax on exclusion items. Subtract line 14 from line 13. If zero or less, enter - 0 -

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## Part II Minimum Tax Credit and Carryforward to 1999

16 Enter the amount from your 1997 Form 6251, line 28, or Form 1041, Schedule I, line 42 . . .
17 Enter the amount from line 15 above
18 Subtract line 17 from line 16. If less than zero, enter as a negative amount
191997 minimum tax credit carryforward. Enter the amount from your 1997 Form 8801, line 26
20 Enter the total of your 1997 unallowed nonconventional source fuel credit and 1997 unallowed qualified electric vehicle credit. See instructions
21 Combine lines 18, 19, and 20. If zero or less, stop here and see instructions
22 Enter your 1998 regular income tax liability minus allowable credits. See instructions
23 Enter the amount from your 1998 Form 6251, line 26, or 1998 Form 1041, Schedule I, line 37.
24 Subtract line 23 from line 22. If zero or less, enter -0-
25 Minimum tax credit. Enter the smaller of line 21 or line 24 . Also enter this amount on the appropriate line of your 1998 tax return. See instructions

26 Minimum tax credit carryforward to 1999. Subtract line 25 from line 21 . See instructions

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| 26 | 171 |  |

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Cat. No. 10002 S
Form 8801 (1998)

## Education Credits (Hope and Lifetime Learning Credits)

## Part I Hope Credit



## Part II Lifetime Learning Credit

4
Caution: You
cannot take the Hope credit and the lifetime learning credit for the same student.

5 Add the amounts on line 4, column (c) and enter the total
6 Enter the smaller of line 5 or $\$ 5,000$
7 Multiply line 6 by 20\%
(.20)
(a) Name of student
$\qquad$
(b) Student's
social security number
(c) Qualified expenses (after J une 30, 1998). See instructions

## Part III Allowable Education Credits

8 Add lines 3 and 7.
9 Enter: $\$ 100,000$ if married filing jointly; $\$ 50,000$ if single, head of household, or qualifying widow(er)
10 Enter the amount from Form 1040, line 34 (or Form 1040A, line 19)*
11 Subtract line 10 from line 9 . If line 10 is equal to or more than line 9, stop; you cannot take any education credits
12 Enter: $\$ 20,000$ if married filing jointly; $\$ 10,000$ if single, head of household, or qualifying widow(er)

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| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 10 |  |  |  |
| 11 |  |  |  |
| 12 |  |  |  |

13 If line 11 is equal to or more than line 12 , enter the amount from line 8 on line 14 and go to line 15 . If line 11 is less than line 12, divide line 11 by line 12 . Enter the result as a decimal (rounded to at least three places).

14 Multiply line 8 by line 13
15 Enter your tax from Form 1040, line 40 (or Form 1040A, line 25)
16 Enter the total, if any, of your credits from Form 1040, lines 41 and 42 (or from Form 1040A, lines 26 and 27)
17 Subtract line 16 from line 15 . If line 16 is equal to or more than line 15 , stop; you cannot take any education credits
18 Education credits. Enter the smaller of line 14 or line 17 here and on Form 1040, line 44 (or Form 1040A, line 29)

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| :--- | :--- | :--- |
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| 13 |  |  |
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| 14 |  |  |
| 15 |  |  |
| 16 |  |  |
| 17 |  |  |
| 18 |  |  | *See Pub. 970 for the amount to enter if you are filing Form 2555, 2555 -EZ, or 4563 or you are excluding income from Puerto Rico.


[^0]:    ${ }^{1}$ Returns sampled at 100 percent for the Statistics of Income program include those with total income or loss of $\$ 5,000,000$ or more; those with business plus farm receipts of $\$ 50,000,000$ or more; and nontaxable returns with adjusted gross incomes or expanded incomes of $\$ 200,000$ or more.

[^1]:    ${ }^{2}$ For greater details on this and other disclosure protection techniques used by the Statistics of Income Division, see: Strudler, Michael; Oh, H. Lock; and Scheuren, Fritz. "Protection of Taxpayer Confidentiality on the IRS Tax Model." Statistics of Income and Related Administrative Record Research: 1986, Internal Revenue Service. See also: Sailer, Peter; Weber, Michael; and Wong, William. "Disclosure-Proofing The 1996 Individual Tax Return Public Use File." Proceedings of the American Statistical Association: 2001, American Statistical Assocation.

[^2]:    This population includes an estimated 266,974 returns that were excluded from other tables in this report because they contained no income information or represented amended or tentative returns identified after sampling
    This population includes 167 Form 1040 returns that were misclassified because of bad data collected during revenue processing.
    *Each population member is assigned a degree of interest based on how useful it is for tax modeling purposes. Degree of interest ranges from one (1) to four (4), with a one being assigned to returns that are the least
    interesting, and a four being assigned to those that are the most interesting. 'All' refers to income classes for which returns with all four degrees of interest are assigned.
    Positive and Negative Income classes are divided by a Gross Domestic Product Deflator of 1.1403 to represent a base year of 1991.
    ** Data combined.

