# General Description Booklet 

for the

## 1995 PUBLIC USE TAX FILE

Compiled by
Mike Weber
Under the direction of Peter Sailer Chief, Special Projects Section Individual Statistics Branch Statistics of Income Division Internal Revenue Service

## TABLE OF CONTENTS

INTRODUCTION ..... 1
DISCLOSURE AVOIDANCE PROCEDURES ..... 2
1995 TAX FILE SAMPLE ..... 4
CORE RECORD LAYOUT (CODES) ..... 5
CORE RECORD LAYOUT (AMOUNTS) ..... 6
CODE DEFINITIONS ..... 13
EXPLANATION OF FIELDS NOT ABSTRACTED DIRECTLY FROM
TAX FORMS ..... 21
TECHNICAL DESCRIPTION OF THE FILE ..... 25
INDIVIDUAL TAX FILE SAMPLE DESCRIPTION ..... 26
WEIGHTED COUNTS FOR EACII FIELD ..... 30
1995 FEDERAL TAX FORMS (WITH FIELD NUMBERS REFERLENCED) ..... $+1$

## 1995 STATISTICS OF INCOME PUBLIC USE TAX FILE

## INTRODUCTION

The Internal Revenue Service 1995 Public Use Tax File, which contains 103,117 records, was selected as part of the Statistics of Income program that was designed to tabulate and present statistical information for the 118.2 million Form 1040, Form 1040A, and Form 1040EZ Federal Individual Income Tax Returns filed for Tax Year 1995.

The Tax Files which have been produced since 1960, consist of detailed information taken from SOI sample records. The public use versions of these sample files are sold in an unidentifiable form, with names, Social Security Numbers (SSN), and other similar information omitted. The primary uses made of these files have been to simulate the administrative and revenue impact of tax law changes, as well as to provide general statistical tabulations relating to sources of income and taxes paid by individuals.

The Individual Tax File is designed for making national level estimates. The 1995 Tax File can be purchased through the Internal Revenue Service, Statistics of Income Division. Any questions concerning the cost and acquisition of the current Individual Tax File should be directed to:

Daniel F. Skelly, Director<br>Statistics of Income Division OP:RS:S<br>Internal Revenue Service<br>P.O. Box 2608<br>Washington, DC 20013-2608<br>Telephone number: (202) 874-0700<br>Fax number: (202) 874-1198

Individual Public Use Tax Files for each of the Tax Years 1960, 1962, and 1966 through 1991 are available through the National Archives and Records Service. Questions concerning cost. acquisition, and delivery of these historical tax model files. should be addressed to:

Reference Services<br>Center for Electronic Records. (NSXA)<br>National Archives and Records Administration<br>8601 Adelphi Road<br>College Park, MD 20740-6001<br>(301) 713-6630

## 1995 STATISTICS OF INCOME PUBLIC USE TAX FILE

The Archives order number for any of the above-mentioned historical Public Use Tax Model Files is 374 -109-(A). In addition to the order number, the requester should also specify the tax year and version (Individual or State) of the file under consideration.

Please refer to the sections of this booklet titled "Individual Tax File Sample Description" for a more detailed discussion of the Tax File.

## DISCLOSURE AVOIDANCE PROCEDURES

To preserve the character of the microdata file while also protecting the identity of individuals, we have incorporated the following procedural changes in the Individual Tax File.

First, to make sure that it will be impossible to know whether a given taxpayer is represented in the sample, we have subsampled our 100 percent sample ' at a 33 percent rate.

Second, those records that remain in our file from the 100 percent sample have been combined with other high income returns for the following processing changes:

As in past years, the State codes and all other geographic indicators have been removed for all high income records. Other codes and fields removed for these returns include: age and blindness indicators (for both primary and secondary taxpayers), alimony paid. and alimony received. Also, certain codes (age status, marital status, and exemptions for children living at home) have been modified (see section on Code Definitions for specific changes).

Then, all of the high income returns have been sorted from largest to smallest for the field "State and local income taxes deductions". In this field, for every three records, in descending order, the average State and local income taxes deduction has been

[^0]
## 1995 STATISTICS OF INCOME PUBLIC USE TAX FILE

determined and that value has been placed in the State and local income taxes deduction field for each of the three records. This has been done over that part of the sample containing non-zero values in these fields. If the last group of records contains fewer than three, these records have been combined with the group of three immediately before it. This method of disguising data is called "blurring".
High income returns have then been separated into 35 different classes based on age, marital status, the number of children living at home, and the size of salaries and wages. Within each of these 35 classes, returns have been sorted on salaries and wages. This field has then been blurred over consecutive records as described above for State and local income tax deductions. However, records have only been averaged with other records in the same class. Therefore, records within one of the 35 classes have not been averaged with records in any of the other 34 classes. The file was then sorted on real estate tax deductions (again, within the 35 classes), and on home mortgage financial institutions and the same blurring procedure was repeated on each field. ${ }^{2}$

Third, all lower income returns (records with an adjusted gross income of less than \$200,000 and not from our 100 percent sample) have been blurred, nationally, for alimony paid and alimony received and home mortgage interest paid to financial institutions. Then, all lower income returns were sorted by State. After this sort, the records were blurred for real estate tax deductions and State and local income taxes deduction (State of Wisconsin, only, for this last item) in the same manner as described above. The only difference between the processing of these records and that of the high income returns is that the lower income returns have been sorted for real estate tax deduction by individual state with no records from two different States being combined when averaging a field over a series of records.

Fourth, for all records on the file, all fields on the file have been rounded to the four most significant digits (e.g., $\$ 14.371=\$ 14.370$ and $\$ 228,867=\$ 228.900$ ).

Since individual records in this file may or may not contain data from just one tax return-and never contain the full item content of any one tax return--we request that researchers make these facts clear in publishing their findings. In particular, they should refrain from using any language that would imply that they had access to individual taxpayers' records.

The following table shows the number of returns in the sample for each State, and the number

[^1]
## 1995 STATISTICS OF INCOME PUBLIC USE TAX FILE

not State-coded for disclosure reasons as described above.

## SAMPLE BY STATE

| State | Unweighted Records | Weighted Records | State | Unweighted Records | Weighted Records |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| High Income | 42.519 | 1,311.292 | Nebraska | 452 | 771,798 |
| Alabama | 865 | 1.837.955 | Nevada | 393 | 747.135 |
| Alaska | 223 | 287.217 | New Hampshire | 283 | 562.219 |
| Arizona | 946 | 1,840.630 | New Jersey | 1.911 | 3,724.558 |
| Arkansas | 536 | 1,029,290 | New Mexico | 373 | 711,114 |
| Califorma | 8.080 | 13.523.135 | New York | 3.977 | 7.727.484 |
| Colorado | 960 | 1,735.335 | North Carolina | 1.555 | 3,290,615 |
| Connecticut | 799 | 1,490,075 | North Dakota | 167 | 242.886 |
| Delaware | 180 | 359.658 | Ohio | 2.412 | 5.255 .672 |
| District of Columbia | 132 | 277.228 | Oklahoma | 733 | 1.375 .518 |
| Horida | 3,359 | 6,526,468 | Oregon | 782 | 1,413.815 |
| Ceorgia | 1.533 | 3,180,327 | Pennsylvania | 2.658 | 5,216,534 |
| Hawail | 277 | 514.830 | Rhode Istand | 225 | 437.408 |
| Idaho | 273 | 464.207 | South Cirolina | 794 | 1,686.552 |
| Illino is | 2.714 | 5.281 .365 | South Dakota | 231 | 391.124 |
| Indiana | 1.202 | 2,463.974 | Tennessee | 1.142 | 2,427.995 |
| lowa | 797 | 1,441,226 | Texas | 4.054 | 7.893,305 |
| Kansas | 623 | 1.133.736 | Utah | 406 | 805,563 |
| Kentucky | 783 | 1.680 .930 | Vermont | 154 | 301.265 |
| I. oursiana | 838 | 1.718 .830 | Virginia | 1.462 | 2,884,303 |
| Maine | 264 | 512,746 | Washington | 1.309 | 2,491.724 |
| Maryland | 1.181 | 2.415.108 | West Virginia | 315 | 703.102 |
| Massachusetts | 1.482 | 2.833 .174 | Wisconsin | 1.186 | 2,357.643 |
| Michigan | 2.024 | 4.286 .807 | Wyonung | 119 | 193.742 |
| Minnesota | 1.179 | 2.238 .670 | $\triangle \mathrm{PO} / \mathrm{FPO}$ | 86 | 227.238 |
| Mississippi | 493 | 1,036.512 | Puerto RicorV 1 | 18 | 50.812 |
| Missourı | 1.147 | 2.276 .336 | Other Thau Atrove | 278 | 244.905 |
| Montana | 233 | 385,243 |  |  |  |

# 1995 STATISTICS OF INCOME PUBLIC USE TAX FILE 

## RECORD LAYOUT

## 2 Digit Codes <br> (all codes are 2 characters in length - PIC 99)

| 1. AGEX | 14. F6251 | 27. TFORM |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2. AGIR1 | 15. F8582 | 28. TXST |
| 3. CYCLE | 16. F8606 | 29. XBI* |
| 4. DSI | 17. MARS | 30. XFPT |
| 5. EFI | 18. PCI | 31. XFST |
| 6. EIC | 19. PREP | 32. XOCAH |
| 7. ELECT | 20. PSV | 33. XOCAWH |
| 8. FDED | 21. REGION* | 34. XOODEP |
| 9. FLPDYR | 22. SCHB | 35. XOPAR |
| 10. FLPDMO | 23. SCHCF | 36. XTOT |
| 11. F2441 | 24. SCHE |  |
| 12. F2555 | 25. SPECTX |  |
| 13. F3800 | 26. STATE* |  |

* Only present for returns that sampled at less than a $100 \%$ rate and where AGI was less than \$200,000.


# 1995 STATISTICS OF INCOME PUBLIC USE TAX FILE 

## RECORD LAYOUT <br> Amount Fields and Large Codes

```
Field No Fields
Income
    1. Salaries and Wages }\mp@subsup{}{}{1/
    2. Taxable Interest
    3. Tax-exempt Interest Income
    4. Dividends
    5. State Income Tax Refunds
    6. Alimony Received }\mp@subsup{}{}{\frac{2/}{\prime}
    7. Business or Profession Net Income Less Loss (Schedule C) (+/-)
    8. Sales of Capital Assets Reported on Sch. D Net Gain Less Loss in AGI (+/-)
    9. Capital Gain Distributions Reported On Form }104
    10. Sales of Prop. other than Capital Assets Net Gain Less Loss (+/-)(Form 4797)
    11. Taxable IRA Distribution
    12. Total Pensions and Annuities
    13. Pensions and Annuities in AGI
    14. Schedule E Net Income Less Loss (+/-)
    15. Farm Net Income Less Loss (Schedule F) (+/-)
    16. Unemployment Compensation
    17. Total Social Security Benefits (SOI)
    18. Social Security Benefits in AGI
    19. RESERVED
    20. RESERVED
    21. RESERVED
    Statutory Adjustments
    22. Payments to Individual Retirement Account (IRA) (Primary)
    23. Payments to Individual Retirement Account (IRA) (Secondary)
    24. Moving Expenses
    25. Deduction for Self-employment Tax
    26. Self-Employed Health Insurance Deduction
    27. Payments to a Keogh Plan
    28. Forfeited Interest Penalty
    29. Alimony Paid }\mp@subsup{}{}{2/
    30. RESERVED
    31. RESERVED
    32. RESERVED
```

Note: See page 12 for this section's footnotes.

## 1995 STATISTICS OF INCOME PUBLIC USE TAX FILE

Adjusted Gross Income
33. Adjusted Gross Income Less Deficit (AGI) (+/-)

Tax Computation
34. Standard Deduction (if used) or Itemized Deductions (whether or not used)
35. Exemption Amount
36. Taxable Income
37. Tax on Taxable Income
38. Computed Income Tax (SOI)
39. Income Tax Before Credits
40. Income Subject to Tax (SOI)
41. Marginal Tax Base (SOI)
42. Tax Generated - Tax Rate Tables (SOI)

## Credits

43. Total Tax Credits (SOI)
44. Child and Dependent Care
45. Elderly or Disabled
46. Foreign Tax
47. General Business Credit
48. Other Tax Credits (Not Included in the Other Credit fields) (SOI)
49. Credit for Prior Year Minimum Tax

Other Taxes
50. Total Income Tax (SOI)
51. Income Tax after Credits (SOI)
52. Self-Employment Tax
53. Alternative Minimum Tax
54. Recapture Taxes (Includes Form 4255, Recapture Tax of Investment Credit and Form 8611 , Recapture of Low Income Housing Credit)
55. Social Security Tax on Tip Income Not Reported to Employer
56. Penalty Tax on Qualified Retirement Plans
57. Total Tax Liability (SOI)

Note: See page 12 for this section's footnotes.

## 1995 STATISTICS OF INCOME PUBLIC USE TAX FILE

| Payments |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| 58. | Income Tax Withheld |
| 59. | Estimated Tax Payments |
| 60. | Earned Income for Earned Income Credit (SOI) |
| 61. | EIC Used to Offset Income Tax Before Credits (SOI) |
| 62. | EIC Used to Offset All Other Taxes Except Advance EIC (SOI) |
| 63. | EIC Refundable Portion (SOI) |
| 64. | Amount Paid with Form 4868 |
| 65. | Excess Social Security/RRTA |
| 66. | Credit for Federal Tax on Special Fuels and Oils |
| 67. | Regulated Investment Company Credit |
| 68. | Total Tax Payments (SOI) |
| Refund or Amount You Owe |  |
| 69. | Balance Due (Overpayment) (+/-) |
| 70. | Overpayment Credited to Next Year's Tax |
| 71. | Predetermined Estimated Tax Penalty |
| Itemized Deductions (Schedule A): |  |
| Medical and Dental Expense Deductions |  |
| 72. | Medical and Dental Expenses Subject to Reduction by AGI Limit |
| 73. | Limited Medical and Dental Expenses Deduction |
| Taxes Paid Deductions |  |
| 74. | State and Local Income Taxes ${ }^{1 /}$ |
| 75. | Real Estate Taxes ${ }^{3 /}$ |
| 76. | RESERVED |
| 77. | RESERVED |
| Interest Paid Deductions |  |
| 78. | Home Mortgage Interest \& Points Paid to Financial Institutions ${ }^{\underline{1}}$ |
| 79. | Home Mortgage Paid to Individuals |
| 80. | Deductible Points Not Reported on Form 1098 |
| 81. | Investment Interest Paid |
| 82. | Total Interest |

Note: See page 12 for this section's footnotes.

## 1995 STATISTICS OF INCOME PUBLIC USE TAX FILE

Gifts to Charity
83.
84. Cash Contributions
85.
Other than Cash Contributions
86. $\quad$ RESERVED $\quad$ Contributions Deduction, Total

Miscellaneous Deductions (Subject to 2\% Limitation)
87. Net Limited Miscellaneous Deductions
88. Unreimbursed Employee Business Expense
89. Tax Preparation Fees
90. Total Miscellaneous Deductions Subject to Agi Limitation

Other
91. Casualty or Theft Loss
92. RESERVED
93. RESERVED

Itemized Deduction Limitation
94. Itemized Deduction Limitation (SOI)

Interest and Dividend Income (Schedule B)
95. Nontaxable Distributions

Combined Schedule C Income and Some Deduction Items
96. Net Receipts ( $+/-$ )
97. Cost of Goods Sold And/or Operations
98. Business Receipts ( $+/-$ ) (SOI)
99. Total Income or Loss ( $+/-$ )
100. Car and Truck Expenses
101. Commissions and Fees
102. Depreciation
103. Insurance
104. Mortgage Interest
105. Other Interest
106. Office Expenses
107. Rent - Other Business Property
108. Wages (Less Jobs Credit)
109. Total Expenses ${ }^{\text {/ }}$
110. RESERVED

Note: See page 12 for this section's footnotes.
Capital Gains (Schedule D)
111. Short-term Gains
112. Short-term Losses (Before Carryover)
113. RESERVED
114. Long Term Gain from Other Forms Carried to Schedule D
115. Long Term Loss from Other Forms Carried to Schedule D
116. Schedule D Capital Gain Distributions
117. Long-term Gain
118. Long-term Losses (Before Carryover)
119. RESERVED
Supplemental Income and Loss (Schedule E)
Rental Real Estate and Royalties
120. Total Rents Received
121. Total Royalties Received
122. Rental Expenses: Mortgage Interest
123. Rent/royalty Expenses Other Interest
124. Royalty Depletion
125. Rental Depreciation
126. Rent Net Income or Loss ( $+/-$ )
127. Royalty Net Income or Loss ( $+/-$ )
128. Deductible Rental Real Estate Loss
129. RESERVED
130. Rent/royalty Net Income
131. Rent/royalty Net Loss
Partnerships
132. Total Passive Income
133. Total Non-passive Income
134. Total Passive Loss
135. Total Non-passive Loss
136. Partnership Section 179 Expense Deduction

Note: See page 12 for this section's footnotes.

1995 STATISTICS OF INCOME PUBLIC USE TAX FILE

| Small | Business Corporation |
| :--- | :--- |
| 137. | Total Passive Income |
| 138. | Total Non-passive Income |
| 139. | Total Passive Loss Allowed |
| 140. | Total Non-passive Loss |
| 141. | Combined Partnership and S Corporation Net Income/loss ( $(/-)$ |
| 142. | S-corp. Section 179 Expense Deduction |
| Estate or Trust |  |
| 143. | Total Income |
| 144. | Total Loss |

## Farm Rental

145. Farm Rent Net Income or Loss (Not included in any other rent tield) (+/-)

Schedule SE - Self Employment Income
146. Net Earnings from Self-Employment, Total (SOI)
147. Net Earnings from Self-Employment, Secondary Taxpayer (SOI)

Child Care Credit (Form 2441)
148. Qualifying Expenses Limitation
149. Earned Income Limitation (SOI)
150. Qualified Expenses Limited to Earned Income (SOI)

General Business Credit (Form 3800)
151. Investment (Included in General Business Credit)
152. Jobs (Included in General Business Credit)
153. Alcohol Used as Fuel (Included in General Business Credit)
154. Increasing Research Activities (Included in General Business Credit)
155. Low Income Housing (Included in General Business Credit)

Investment Interest Expense Deduction (Form 4952)
156. Disallowed Investment Interest Expense to be Carried Forward
157. Investment Interest Expense
158. Amount Elected for Inclusion in Investment Income

Note: See page 12 for this section's footnotes.

## 1995 STATISTICS OF INCOME PUBLIC USE TAX FILE

## Alternative Minimum Tax Computation (Form 6251)

159. Accelerated Depreciation
160. Combined Tax Preferences (SOI)
161. Net Operating Loss Tax Preference (SOI)
162. Other Adjustments and Preferences ( $+/-$ )
163. Total Adjusments and Preferences ( $+/-$ )
164. Tentative Alternative Minimum Taxable Income
165. Alternative Tax Foreign Tax Credit

Passive Activity Loss Limitation (Form 8582)
166. Total Current Year Passive Net Income (SOI)
167. Total Current Year Passive Net Losses (SOI)
168. Total Losses Allowed from All Passive Activities for 1995
169. RESERVED

Minimum Tax Credit (Form 8801)
170. RESERVED
171. Minimum Tax Credit Carryforward to 1995

Miscelaneous Codes
172. Return Id
173. RESERVED
174. RESERVED
175. Decimal Weight
176. Sample Count
177. Population Count
178. Sample Code
179. Marginal Tax Rate Code (SOI)
${ }^{1 /}$ Blurred for high income returns (note: State and local income taxes deduction is also blurred for low income returns in Wisconsin): See the section on Disclosure Avoidance Procedures for a more complete explanation.
${ }^{3 /}$ Blurred for lower income returns, reserved for high income returns.
${ }^{3 /}$ Blurred for all returns.
${ }^{\prime \prime}$ For Schedule C-EZ filers, no detail is available for this field.

# 1995 STATISTICS OF INCOME PUBLIC USE TAX FILE <br> CODE DEFINITIONS 

1. AGEX Age Indicator:
(A) No Age Status for either taxpayer ..... 0
(B) Only primary taxpayer indicates age 65 or over ..... 1
(C) Only secondary taxpayer indicates age 65 or over .....  2
(D) Both spouses indicate age 65 or over ..... 3
NOTE: For high income returns with values greater than 1, this code was set equal to 1 .
2. AGIR1 Adjusted Gross Income (AGI) Range:
No AGI (includes deficit) ..... 00
\$ 1 under \$ 1,000 ..... 01
\$ 1,000 under \$ 2,000 ..... 02
\$ 2,000 under \$ 3,000 ..... 03
\$ 3,000 under \$ 4,000 ..... 04
\$ 4,000 under \$ 5,000 ..... 05
\$ 5,000 under \$ 6,000 ..... 06
\$ 6,000 under \$ 7,000 ..... 07
\$ 7,000 under \$ 8,000 ..... 08
\$ 8,000 under \$ 9,000 ..... 09
\$ 9,000 under \$ 10,000 ..... 10
\$ 10,000 under \$ 11,000 ..... 11
\$ 11,000 under \$ 12,000 ..... 12
\$ 12,000 under \$ 13,000 ..... 13
\$ 13,000 under \$ 14,000 ..... 14
\$ 14,000 under \$ 15.000 ..... 15
\$ 15,000 under \$ 16,000 ..... 16
\$ 16.000 under \$ 17,000 ..... 17
\$ 17,000 under \$ 18,000 ..... 18
\$ 18,000 under \$ 19,000 ..... 19
\$ 19.000 under \$ 20.000 ..... 20
\$ 20,000 under \$ 25,000 ..... 21
\$ 25,000 under \$ 30,000 ..... 22
\$ 30,000 under \$ 40,000 ..... 23
\$ 40,000 under \$ 50,000 ..... 24
\$ 50,000 under \$ 75,000 ..... 25
\$ 75,000 under \$ 100,000 ..... 26
\$ 100,000 under \$ 200,000 ..... 27
\$ 200,000 under \$ 500,000 ..... 28
\$ 500,000 under \$ $1.000,000$ ..... 29
$\$ 1,000.000$ or more ..... 30

## 1995 STATISTICS OF INCOME PUBLIC USE TAX FILE

3. CYCLE CYCLE
Individual Master File return posting cycle (week) code ..... 04-52(Each number represents the nth week of the year)
4. DSI Dependent Status Indicator:
(A) Taxpayer not being claimed as a dependent on another tax return ..... 0
(B) Taxpayer claimed as a dependent on another tax return ..... 1
5. EFI Electronic Filing Indicator:
(A) Return not filed electronically .....  0
(B) Return filed electronically .....  1
6. EIC Earned Income Credit Code:
(A) No children claimed ..... 0
(B) One child claimed ..... 1
(C) Two children claimed ..... 2
(Note: This field does not indicate whether the Earned Income (redit was claimed)
7. ELECT President Elect Campaign Fund Boxes:
(A) No "yes" boxes checked ..... 0
(B) One "yes" box or both "yes" \& "no" boxes checked) ..... 1
(C) Two "yes" boxes checked ..... 2
8. FDED Form of Deduction Code:
(A) Itemized deductions ..... 1
(B) Standard deduction ..... 2
(C) Taxpayer did not use itemized or standard deduction ..... 3
Note: Unused total itemized deductions may be shown in field $3+$ if provided by the taxpayer.

## 1995 STATISTICS OF INCOME PUBLIC USE TAX FILE

9. FLPDYR Filing (Accounting), Year: Tax Year ..... 01-96
10. FLPDMO Filing (Accounting) Period:
Month Taxpayer's year ended ..... 01-12
11. F2441 Form 2441, Child Care Credit Qualified Individual:
(A) No Form 2441 attached to return. ..... 0
(B) Number of qualifying individuals ..... 1-9
NOTE: For high income returns with values greater than 3, this code was set equal to 3
12. F2555 Form 2555, Foreign Earned Income:
(A) No Form 2555 attached to the return ..... 0
(B) Number of Forms 2555 attached ..... 1-2
13. F3800 Form 3800, General Business credit:
(A) No Form 3800 attached to return ..... 0
(B) Form 3800 attached to return. .....  1
14. F6251 Form 6251, Alternative Minimum Tax:
(A) No Form 6251 attached to the return ..... 0
(B) Form 6251 attached to the return ..... 1
15. F8582 Form 8582, Passive Activity Loss Limitation:
(A) No Form 8582 attached to return ..... 0
(B) Form 8582 attached to return ..... 1
(A) No Form 8606 attached to return............................................ 0
(B) Number of Forms 8606 attached to return............................1-2
16. MARS Marital (Filing) Status:
(A) Single .................................................................................... 1
(B) Married filing a joint return ..................................................... 2
(C) Married filing separately $\&$ not claiming a spousal exemption .. 3
(D) Head of household .................................................................. 4
(E) Widow(er) with dependent child (surviving spouse)................. 5
(F) Married filing separately and claiming a spousal exemption...... 6

NOTE: For high income returns with values equal to 5 , this code was set equal to 2.
18. PCI Form 1040PC indicator
(A) Return not filed as Form 1040PC ............................................. 0
(B) Return filed as Form 1040PC ................................................. 1
19. PREP Tax Preparer:
(A) No preparer other than taxpayer indicated on the form............ 0
(B) Return prepared by paid tax preparer ...................................... I
(C) IRS prepared return ................................................................ 2
(D) IRS reviewed return............................................................... 3
(E) Voluntary Income Tax Assistance prepared return................... 4
(F) Self help ................................................................................. 5
(G) Tax Counseling for the elderly ................................................. 6
(H) Outreach program.................................................................. 7
20. PSV Primary Stratifying Variable:
(A) Positive Income GT OR EQ to Negative Income .................... 1
(B) Negative Income GT Positive Income ..................................... 2

## 1995 STATISTICS OF INCOME PUBLIC USE TAX FILE

21. REGION IRS Regions:
(A) Central ..... 1
(B) Mid-Atlantic ..... 2
(C) Midwest ..... 3
(D) North Atlantic ..... 4
(E) Southeast ..... 5
(F) Southwest ..... 6
(G) Western ..... 7
NOTE: For high income returns this code was set equal to zero.
22. SCHB Schedule B Indicator:
(A) No Schedule $B$ attached to return ..... 0
(B) Schedule B attached to return ..... 1
23. SCHCF Schedule C or F Indicator:
(A) Neither Schedule C or F present .....  0
(B) Schedule C present only ..... 1
(C) Schedule F present only ..... 2
(D) Schedule C and F present Schedule C Gross Receipts Larger ..... 3
(E) Schedule C and F present Schedule F Gross Receipts Larger ..... 4
24. SCHE Schedule E Indicator:
(A) No Schedule E attached to the return ..... 0
(B) Schedule E attached to the return .....  1
25. SPECTX Special Tax Computation:
(A) No entry ..... 0
(B) Form 4970 tax used ..... 1
(C) Form 4972 tax used .....  2
(D) Both Form 4972 and Form 4970 taxes used ..... 3
(E) Type not determinable or prior year return with any combination of the additional taxes ..... 4

## 1995 STATISTICS OF INCOME PUBLIC USE TAX FILE

26. STATE:

Code STATE NAME
1 Alabama
2 Alaska
3 Arizona
4 Arkansas
5 California
6 Colorado
7 Connecticut
8 Delaware
9 District of Columbia
10 Florida
11 Georgia
12 Hawaii
13 Idaho
14 Illinois
15 Indiana
16 Iowa
17 Kansas
18 Kentucky
19 Louisiana
20 Maine
21 Maryland
22 Massachusetts
23 Michigan
24 Minnesota
25 Mississippi
26 Missouri
27 Montana
28 Nebraska

Code STATE NAME
29 Nevada
30 New Hampshire
31 New Jersey
32 New Mexico
33 New York
34 North Carolina
35 North Dakota
36 Ohio
37 Oklahoma
38 Oregon
39 Pennsylvania
40 Rhode Island
41 South Carolina
42 South Dakota
43 Tennessee
44 Texas
45 Utah
46 Vermont
47 Virginia
48 Washington
49 West Virginia
50 Wisconsin
51 Wyoming
$52 \mathrm{APO} / \mathrm{FPO}$
53 Puerto Rico
53 Virgin Islands
54 Guam
54 U.S. Citizens Abroad

NOTE: For high income returns this code was set equal to zero.
27. TFORM Form of Return:
(A) 1040 Return ..... 0
(B) 1040A Return ..... 1
(C) 1040EZ Return ..... 2
(D) 1040PC Return ..... 3
(E) 1040T Return ..... 4

## 1995 STATISTICS OF INCOME PUBLIC USE TAX FILE

28. TXST TAX STATUS:
(A) No tax owed and IRS did not compute tax ..... 0
(B) Regular tax only, not computed by IRS ..... 1
(C) Taxes are owed and IRS computed tax ..... 2
(D) No taxes due as computed by IRS ..... 3
(E) Tax based on Form 8615, Schedule D tax has no entry ..... 4
(F) Form 8814 tax at children's $15 \%$ rate; Sched D tax has no entry ..... 5
(G) Form 8814 tax at children's $15 \%$ rate; Sched D tax has entry ..... 6
(H) Sch. D tax has an entry, no tax from Form 8615 or Form 8814 ..... 7
(I) Tax based on Form 8615 , Schedule D tax also has an entry ..... 8
29. XBI Primary or Secondary Taxpayer Blindness Indicator:
(A) Neither the primary nor secondary taxpayer is blind .....  0
(B) Either the primary or secondary taxpayer is blind ..... 1
(C) Both the primary and secondary taxpayer is blind ..... 2
30. XFPT Primary Taxpayer Exemption:
(A) No exemption for primary taxpayer (dep. of another taxpayer .....  0
(B) Primary taxpayer exemption. ..... 1
31. XFST Secondary Taxpayer Exemption:
(A) No secondary taxpayer or joint return filed be dependents. .....  0
(B) Secondary taxpayer exemption. ..... 1
32. XOCAH Exemptions for Children Living at Home:
Number of children ..... 0-99
NOTE: For high income returns with values greater than 3, this code was set equal to 3 .

## 1995 STATISTICS OF INCOME PUBLIC USE TAX FILE

33. XOCAWH
Exemptions for Children Living Away from Home:
Number of children

NOTE: For high income returns with values greater than 3 for XOCAH, this code. XOCAWH was set equal to 0 .
34. XOODEP Exemptions for Other Dependents:

Number of other dependents .............................................................. 0-99
NOTE: For high income returns with values greater than 3 for XOCAH, this code, XOODEP was set equal to 0 .
35. XOPAR Exemptions for Parents Living at Home or Away from Home:

Number of parents ..............................................................................0-9
NOTE: For high income returns with values greater than 3 for XOCAH, this code, XOPAR was set equal to 0 .
36. XTOT Total Exemptions:
Number of exemptions ..... 01-99

## 1995 STATISTICS OF INCOME PUBLIC USE TAX FILE

## EXPLANATION OF FIELDS NOT ABSTRACTED DIRECTLY FROM TAX FORMS

The following explanations define data fields contained in the 1995 Individual Tax File that have not been abstracted directly from a specific line on Forms 1040. 1040A, 1040EZ, or the accompanying schedules and forms. Field numbers not appearing in this section have been entered on the specific lines on the forms or schedules from which the data were abstracted. Refer to the " 1995 Federal Tax Forms" section of this booklet for further information.

## Field

Number Definition
9 CAPITAL GAINS DISTRIBUTIONS REPORTED ON FORM 1040
Present when taxpayer has Capital Gain Distributions reported on Form 1099-DIV (or a substitute statement) but does not need to file Schedule D for other capital transactions. Reported on Form 1040 Line 13.

TOTAL SOCIAL SECURITY BENEFITS
Total Social Security Benefits for taxpayers with taxable social security benefits.

## DEDUCTIONS

This is either Total Standard Deduction or Total Itemized Deductions. Only one can appear on each return. (Note: If the taxpayer had no income, but still included the total itemized deductions for which he/she was eligible, this amount is shown in Field 34.)

COMPUTED INCOME TAX
This is a computed amount arrived at by applying the Tax Rate Schedules to Taxable Income, without regard to the type of computation used by the taxpayer.

## INCOME SUBJECT TO TAX

For taxpayers filing current year returns. "Income Subject to Tax" is identical to taxable income except for: those dependents paying "kiddie" tax from Form 8615; and those returns with long-term capital gains taxed at the 28 percent rate (TXST equals 6 or 7 ). For dependents filing Form 8615 (TXST $=4$ or 8 ), this is the income taxed at child's rate. For taxpayers with long-term capital gains, this is only the income taxed at the regular rates (not any capital gains that were taxed at the maximum capital gains rate of 28 percent). For prior year returns. "income subject to tax" is computed by using the Tax Year tax rate schedule to impute a hypothetical taxable income amount necessary to yield the given amount of tax reported.

## 1995 STATISTICS OF INCOME PUBLIC USE TAX FILE

MARGINAL TAX BASE
This is the amount of income subject to tax at the marginal tax rate applicable to the return (TXRT), using the i 995 Tax Rate Schedules for all returns. (See Income Subject to Tax).

TAX GENERATED
This is a computed amount arrived at by applying the Tax Rate Schedules to Income Subject to Tax.

TOTAL TAX CREDITS (SOI)
Total credits from Form 1040 (line 45) or 1040A (line 24c) plus EARNED INCOME CREDIT USED TO OFFSET INCOME TAX BEFORE CREDITS (F61).

## OTHER TAX CREDITS (NOT INCLUDED IN THE OTHER CREDIT FIELDS) <br> The sum of the amounts for Other Tax Credits on Form 1040 line 44 for which seperate fields have not been listed.

TOTAL INCOME TAX
Income Tax After Credits (F51) plus Alternative Minimum Tax (F53).
INCOME TAX AFTER CREDITS (SOI)
Income Tax after Credits from Form 1040 (line 46) or 1040A (line 25) minus the amount of Earned Income Credit used to offset Income Tax Before C'redits. For Form 1040EZ. which does not allow for any credits or any other taxes, this is the same as "Total Tax Liability."

TOTAL TAX LIABILITY (SOI)
Total tax liability (Form 1040, line 54, Form 1040A, line 28, Form 1040-EZ, line 10) minus Advance Earned Income Credit (line 52, Form 1040) payments minus EIC USED TO OFFSET INCOME TAX BEFORE CREDITS (F61) minus EIC USED TO OFFSET ALL OTHER TAXES EXCEPT ADVANCE EIC (F62).

EARNED INCOME CREDIT USED TO OFFSET INCOME TAX BEFORE CREDITS
This amount is the lesser of: Total Earned Income Credit or Income Tax Before Credits (F39) minus all credits except the Earned Income Credit.

## 1995 STATISTICS OF INCOME PUBLIC USE TAX FILE

62-63 If Total Earned Income Credit (EIC) is greater than Income Tax Before Credits (reduced by all credits except the Earned Income Credit), the following fields are computed:

## 62-EARNED INCOME CREDIT USED TO OFFSET ALL OTHER TAXES EXCEPT ADVANCE EIC The lesser of:

1. Total EIC minus Earned Income Credit used to offset Income Tax Before Credits (F61); or
2. The sum of all other taxes (fields 52 through 56 ).

63- EARNED INCOME CREDIT, REFUNDABLE PORTION EIC minus F61 minus F62 (see above for definitions and conditions).

TOTAL TAX PAYMENTS
Total payments shown on the tax form, minus the total Earned Income Credit (Form 1040 line 61 minus line 57). This is limited to zero if there is a refundable EIC.

98 BUSINESS RECEIPTS
Line 3 plus line 6 of Schedule C.
112 SHORT-TERM LOSSES
All short-term capital losses shown in column (f) except for the short-term capital loss carryover.

118 LONG-TERM LOSSES
All long-term capital losses shown in column ( $f$ ) except for the long-term capital loss carryover.

NET EARNINGS FROM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME
The lesser of line 6 (net Schedule SE earnings) or 9 (maximum amount subject to Social Security tax) on the combined Schedule SE. For the short form, Schedule SE, this is line 4.

NET EARNINGS FROM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME. SECONDARY TAXPAYER
The lesser of line 6 (net Schedule SE carnings) or 9 (maximum amount subject to Social Security tax) on the secondary taxpayer's Schedule SE. For the short form.

## 1995 STATISTICS OF INCOME PUBLIC USE TAX FILE

Schedule SE, this is line 4.

EARNED INCOME LIMITATION
The smaller of line 5 or 6 (primary or secondary earned income), Form 2441.
COMBINED TAX PREFERENCES
Sum of the amounts on lines $4,7,8,9,10,11,12$ and 13 , Form 6251. The amounts on lines $1,2,3,5$ and 6 can be determined from items on Form 1040 or Schedule A.

NET OPERATING LOSS TAX PREFERENCE Line 17 less line 20, Form 6251.

TOTAL CURRENT YEAR PASSIVE NET INCOME Lines $1 \mathrm{~A}+2 \mathrm{~A}$, Form 8582

TOTAL CURRENT YEAR PASSIVE NET LOSSES Lines $1 \mathrm{~b}+2 \mathrm{~b}$, Form 8582

RETURN ID
A unique number assigned for each sampled tax return during processing.
DECIMAL WEIGHT
This field was derived by dividing the computer population count of returns in a sample stratum by the number of sample returns for that stratum (carried to two decimal places). The decimal place is implied. All estimates derived from this file must be multiplied by this decimal weight and divided by 100 .

SAMPLE COUNT
The number of sampled tax returns found in the given sample code.
POPULATION COUNT
The number of tax returns in the population for a given sample code.
SAMPLE CODE
(A) Nonbusiness Nonfarm returns...................................... 001-024
(B) High Income Nontaxable (HINT) Returns..................... 101
(C) Expanded HINT, but not HINT...................................... 129
(D) PSAMP GE 101 and LE 124; Return is not a HINT....... 130
(E) Large Business Returns................................................... 201
(F) PSAMP GE 101 and LE 224; not a Large Business........ 230
(G) Business \& Non-Business Foreign Tax Credit Returns.. $\quad 401-424$

## 1995 STATISTICS OF INCOME PUBLIC USE TAX FILE

(H) Business Farm and Non-Farm Returns
601-624
(I) Farm Nonbusiness Returns.

801-824
Note: See Sample Description for description of sample codes
MARGINAL TAX RATE
Top rate from tax rate schedule that applies to income subject to tax. See definition for field number 40 (Income Subject to Tax). Note that this field uses an implied decimal point ( 39.6 is represented by 390 ).

## TECHNICAL DESCRIPTION OF THE FILE

The State Nonpublic Use file is available on CD-ROM in ASCII format. The record length is 2237 where the last byte is an end of record marker.

All codes are unsigned. The data fields are signed positive or negative, whichever is appropriate, in the first character position of the field.

Codes are 2 characters in length with leading zeros. The largest value is 99 . The fields in the file are 12 characters in length with leading zeros and with "+" or "-" leading signs. Weight factors are provided to accommodate a decimal integer weighting system.

## 1995 STATISTICS OF INCOME PUBLIC USE TAX FILE

## SAMPLE DESCRIPTION

This section describes the sample design and selection, the method of estimation. the sampling variability of the estimates, and the methodology of computing confidence intervals.

## Domain of Study

The data in this file are estimates from a probability sample of unaudited Individual Income Tax Returns, Forms 1040, 1040A, 1040EZ, 1040PC, 1040T and 1040TEL (including electronic returns) filed by U.S. citizens and residents during Calendar Year 1996.

All returns processed during 1996 were subjected to sampling except tentative and amended returns. Tentative returns were not subjected to sampling because the revised returns may have been sampled later, while amended returns were excluded because the original returns had already been subjected to sampling. A small percentage of returns were not identified as tentative or amended until after sampling. These returns, along with those that contained no income information, were excluded in calculating estimates. This resulted in a small difference between the population total ( $118,650,252$ returns) reported in Table A and the estimated total of all returns ( $118,218,333$ returns) generated using the Public Use Tax File. In addition, the perfection of money amounts during Statistics of Income processing, as well as the blurring techniques used in creation of the Public Use File, may have shifted some returns from one income class to another, making it impossible to replicate Table A exactly from the Public Use sample.

The records found in this file are intended to represent all returns filed for Tax Year 1995. While about 97 percent of the returns processed during Calendar Year 1996 were for Tax Year 1995, a few were for noncalendar years ending during 1995 and 1996, and some were returns for prior years. Returns for prior years were used in place of 1995 returns received and processed after December 31, 1996. This was done in the belief that the characteristics of returns due, but not yet processed, could best be represented by the returns for previous income years that were processed in 1996.

## Sample Design and Selection

The sample design is a stratified probability sample, in which the population of tax returns is classified into subpopulations, called strata, and a sample is selected independently from each stratum. Strata are defined by:

1. Nontaxable with adjusted gross income or expanded income of $\$ 200.000$ or over and no alternative minimum tax.
2. High combined business and farm total receipts of $\$ 50,000,000$ or more.

## 1995 STATISTICS OF INCOME PUBLIC USE TAX FILE

3. Presence or absence of special Forms or Schedules (Form 2555, Form 1116. Form 1040 Schedule C, and Form 1040 Schedule F).
4. Total gross positive or negative income. Sixty variables are used to derive positive and negative incomes.
5. Potential usefulness of the return for tax policy modeling. Thirty-two variables are used to determine how useful the return is for tax modeling purposes.

Table A shows the population and sample count for each stratum after collapsing some strata with the same sampling rates. The sampling rates range from 0.02 percent to 100 percent.

Tax data processed to the IRS Individual Master File at the Martinsburg Computing Center during Calendar Year 1996 were used to assign each taxpayer's record to the appropriate stratum and to determine whether or not the record should be included in the sample. Records are selected for the sample either if they possess certain combinations of the four ending digits of the social security number, or if their ending five digits of an eleven-digit number generated by a mathematical transformation of the SSN is less than or equal to the stratum sampling rate times 100,000.

## Data Capture and Cleaning

Data capture for the SOI sample begins with the designation of a sample of administrative records. While the sample was being selected, the process was continually monitored for sample selection and data collection errors. In addition, a small subsample of returns was selected and independently reviewed, analyzed, and processed for a quality evaluation.

The administrative data and controlling information for each record designated for this sample was loaded onto an online database at the Cincinnati Service Center. Computer data for the selected administrative records were then used to identify inconsistencies, questionable values, and missing values as well as any additional variables that an editor needed to extract for each record. The editors use a hardcopy of the taxpayer's return to enter the required information onto the online system. Data are also adjusted during editing in an attempt to achieve consistent statistical definitions. For example, a taxpayer may report director's fees on the other income line of the Form 1040 return. If this situation was detected during editing, the amount of director's fees were added to the salaries and wages field.

After the completion of service center review, data were further validated, tested, and balanced at the Detroit Computing Center. Adjustments and imputations for selected fields were used to make each record internally consistent.

## 1995 STATISTICS OF INCOME PUBLIC USE TAX FILE

Some returns designated for the sample were not available for SOI processing because other areas of IRS needed the return at the same time. For Tax Year 1995, 0.23 percent of the sample returns were unavailable.

## Method of Estimation

Weights were obtained by dividing the population count of returns in a stratum by the number of sample returns for that stratum. The weights were adjusted to correct for misclassified returns.
'This population includes an estimated 431,925 retums that were excluded from other tables in this report because they contained no income information or represented amended or tentative returns identified after sampling.
${ }^{2}$ 'This population includes 159 Form 1040 returns that were misclassified because of baa data collected during revenue processing.
${ }^{3}$ Each population member is assigned a degree of interest based on how useful it is for tax modeling purposes Degree of interest ranges from one (1) to four (4), with a one being assigned to returns that are the least interesting. and a four being assigned to those that are the most interesting 'All' refers to income classes for which retums with all four degrees of interest are assigned.

Weighted counts for each code field

|  | AGEX |
| :---: | :---: |
| 104,030,672 | 0 |
| 8,711,539 | 1 |
| 308,460 | 2 |
| 5,167,662 | 3 |
|  | AGIR1 |
| 944,138 | 0 |
| 2,259,680 | 1 |
| 3,281,917 | 2 |
| 3,244,152 | 3 |
| 3,102,146 | 4 |
| 2,758,236 | 5 |
| 2,843,233 | 6 |
| 2,836,722 | 7 |
| 2,666,396 | 8 |
| 2,926,271 | 9 |
| 2,709,786 | 10 |
| 2,662,613 | 11 |
| 2,842,423 | 12 |
| 2,712,852 | 13 |
| 2,709,583 | 14 |
| 2,634,609 | 15 |
| 2,484,031 | 16 |
| 2,352,659 | 17 |
| 2,150,469 | 18 |
| 2,251,825 | 19 |
| 2,146,659 | 20 |
| 9,970,095 | 21 |
| 7,847,861 | 22 |
| 12,380,341 | 23 |
| 9.098.759 | 24 |
| 13,679,024 | 25 |
| 5,374,492 | 26 |
| 4,074,852 | 27 |
| 1,007,140 | 28 |
| 178,372 | 29 |
| 86,996 | 30 |

1,100.899 5

2,848,094 6
4,310,079 7
4,929,817 8
4,523.216 $\quad 9$
6,323.832 $\quad 10$
6.899.358 : 1

6,928,597 12
6,350,536 $\quad 13$
5,835,778 $\quad 14$
5,522,449 $\quad 15$
5,163,822 16
6.039.956 $\quad 17$

| $5,515,022$ | 18 |
| ---: | ---: |
| $6,330,439$ | 19 |
| $6,661,556$ | 20 |
| $4,627,983$ | 21 |
| $3,165,276$ | 22 |
| $2,304,632$ | 23 |
| $2,936,666$ | 24 |
| $3,201,043$ | 25 |
| $2,909,187$ | 26 |
| $2,607,878$ | 27 |
| $1,505,469$ | 28 |
| $1,243,682$ | 29 |
| $1,329,398$ | 30 |
| 918,930 | 31 |
| 556,337 | 32 |
| 208,340 | 33 |
| 248,444 | 34 |
| 350,909 | 35 |
| 570,391 | 36 |
| 604,237 | 37 |
| 539,276 | 38 |
| 191,060 | 39 |
| 189,129 | 40 |
| 149,548 | 41 |
| 145,416 | 42 |
| 76,980 | 43 |
| 195,323 | 44 |
| 410,898 | 45 |
| 540,541 | 46 |
| 261,565 | 47 |
| 120,667 | 48 |
| 71,510 | 49 |
| 75,201 | 50 |
| 106,615 | 51 |
| 76,555 | 52 |


|  | DSI |
| :---: | ---: |
| $108,056,542$ | 0 |
| $10,161,791$ | 1 |


| EEI |  |
| ---: | ---: |
| $103,494,115$ | 0 |
| $14,724,218$ | 1 |


| EIC |  |
| ---: | ---: |
| $102,316,084$ | 0 |
| $8,317,300$ | 1 |
| $7,584,919$ | 2 |

## ELEC:

$99,698,249$
0
11,091,414
1
$7,428,670 \quad 2$

|  | FDED |
| ---: | ---: |
| $34,007,685$ | 1 |
| $83,222,778$ | 2 |
| 987,871 | 3 |
|  |  |
| 3 | 81 |
| 3,146 | 84 |
| 4,346 | 87 |
| 19,412 | 90 |
| 53,372 | 91 |
| 120,778 | 92 |
| 634,230 | 93 |
| $1,824,151$ | 94 |
| $115,553,154$ | 95 |
| 5,605 | 96 |

ELPDMO

$118,211,900 \quad 12$

E2441
$: 11,735.887 \quad 0$
3.987.315 $\quad 1$

2,494,471 2
6223 37 4

F2555
117.948.165 0

240,504 1
$29.665 \quad 2$

F3800
:17,874,192
344,141
0

E6251
214,033,489

# 1995 STATISTICS OF INCOME PUBLIC USE TAX FILE 

|  | F8582 |
| :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{array}{r} 114,667,824 \\ 3,550,509 \end{array}$ | 0 |
|  | 1 |
|  | F8606 |
| $\begin{array}{r} 116,823,078 \\ 868,448 \\ 526,807 \end{array}$ | 0 |
|  | 1 |
|  | 2 |
|  | MARS |
| $\begin{array}{r} 50,887,387 \\ 49,037,028 \\ 2,578,076 \\ 15,551,230 \\ 114,712 \\ 49,900 \end{array}$ | 1 |
|  | 2 |
|  | 3 |
|  | 4 |
|  | 5 |
|  | 6 |
|  | PCI |
| $\begin{array}{r} 111,115,616 \\ 7,102,717 \end{array}$ | 0 |
|  | 1 |
|  | PREP |
| 58,079,592 | 0 |
| 58,964,491 | 1 |
| 65,592 | 2 |
| 16,389 | 3 |
| 526.696 | 4 |
| 30,144535,428 | 5 |
|  | 6 |
|  | ESV |
| $\begin{array}{r} 116,879,920 \\ 1,338,413 \end{array}$ | 1 |
|  | 2 |
|  | REGION |
| 1,311,292 | 0 |
| 14,390,486 | 1 |
| 15,173,104 | 2 |
| 15,386,292 | 3 |
| 13,864,370 | 4 |
| 22,734,544 | 5 |
| 15,688,943 | 6 |
| 19,669,302 |  |

82,968,157
0
35,250,176
1

SCHCE

| 100,114,417 |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| 15,859,895 |  |
| 1,682,484 |  |
| 350,230 |  |
| 211,308 |  |
|  | SCHE |
| 103,745,434 |  |
| 14,472,899 |  |

SPECTX

| $118,153,186$ | 0 |
| ---: | ---: |
| 10,006 | 1 |
| 47,406 | 2 |
| 3 | 3 |
| 7,733 | 4 |

STATE

| 1,311,292 | 0 |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1,837,955 | 1 |
| 287,217 | 2 |
| 1,840,630 | 3 |
| 1,029,290 |  |
| 13,523,135 | 5 |
| 1,735,335 | 6 |
| 1,490,075 | 7 |
| 359,658 | 8 |
| 277,228 | 9 |
| 6,526,468 | 10 |
| 3,180,327 | -1 |
| 514,830 | 12 |
| 464,207 | 13 |
| 5,281,365 | 14 |
| 2,463,974 | : 5 |
| 1,441,226 | $: 6$ |
| 1,133,736 | 17 |
| 1,680,930 | 18 |
| 1,718,830 | 19 |
| 512,746 | 20 |
| 2,415,108 | 21 |
| 2,833,174 | 22 |
| 4,286,807 | < 3 |
| 2,238,670 | 24 |
| 1,036,512 | 25 |
| 2,276,336 | 26 |
| 385,243 | 27 |
| 771,798 | 28 |
| 747,135 | 29 |
| 562,219 | 30 |
| 3,724,558 | 31 |
| 711,114 | 32 |

1995 STATISTICS OF INCOME PUBLIC USE TAX FILE

| $7,727,484$ | 33 |
| ---: | ---: |
| $3,290,615$ | 34 |
| 242,886 | 35 |
| $5,255,672$ | 36 |
| $1,375,518$ | 37 |
| $1,413,815$ | 38 |
| $5,216,534$ | 39 |
| 437,408 | 40 |
| $1,686,552$ | 41 |
| 391,124 | 42 |
| $2,427,995$ | 43 |
| $7,893,305$ | 44 |
| 805,563 | 45 |
| 301,265 | 46 |
| $2,884,303$ | 47 |
| $2,491,724$ | 48 |
| 703,102 | 49 |
| $2,357,643$ | 50 |
| 193,742 | 51 |
| 227,238 | 52 |
| 50,812 | 53 |
| 244,905 | 54 |

108,051,305

| $77,021,283$ | 0 |
| ---: | ---: |
| $18,851,037$ | 1 |
| $15,056,130$ | 2 |
| $5,289,093$ | 3 |
| $1,449,002$ | 4 |
| 416,272 | 5 |
| 71,887 | 6 |
| 35,108 | 7 |
| 16,012 | 8 |
| 8,668 | 9 |
| 1,015 | 11 |
| 2,827 | 12 |

$5.023 \quad 5$

XOODEP

| $26.015,145$ | 0 |
| ---: | ---: |
| 1.664 .019 | 1 |
| 398.177 | 2 |
| 77.533 | 3 |
| 52.968 | 4 |
| 7.432 | 5 |
| 3.059 | 6 |

ROPAR
$116,349,430$
0
1,574.867
1
266.761 2 24,207 3 3.067 4
$42,358,379 \quad 1$

31,549,074 2
14,925,871 3
12,241,501 4 4,811,756 5 1.571.608 6 405.166 121,724 B 33.430 9 20.675 : 0
$9.504 \quad: 1$

## 1995 STATISTICS OF INCOME PUBLIC USE TAX FILE

| 45 | 12 |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1,024 | 13 |
| 2,827 | 14 |
| 9 | 19 |
|  | IE |
| 118,193,442 | 0 |
| 24,892 | 1 |
|  | MIDR |
| 117,652,022 | 0 |
| 566,311 | 1 |


|  | FI |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | 3,200,182,499,919 |
|  | F2 |
|  | 153,771,389,495 |
|  | F3 |
|  | 48,504,145,498 |
|  | F4 |
|  | 94,009,003.558 |
|  | F5 |
|  | 12,238,936.584 |
|  | F6 |
|  | 4,083,053,107 |
|  | F7 |
|  | $169.543 .086 .713$ |
|  | F8 |
|  | 166,760.938.507 |
|  | F9 |
|  | 3,656,297,797 |
|  | F10 |
|  | -2.865,832,104 |
|  | F11 |
|  | $37.311 .431 .430$ |
|  | F12 |
|  | 311,302,882,072 |
|  | F13 |
|  | 221,033.424.248 |


| F14 | F33 |
| :---: | :---: |
| 150,748,280,046 | 4,189,239.525.06 |
| F15 | F34 |
| $-7,856,608.461$ | $948,867,368,48$ |
| F16 | F35 |
| $19.336 .402 .500$ |  |
| F17 | F36 |
| 119.295,053,667 | 2,812,320,960,31 |
| F18 | F37 |
| 45.716.782.497 |  |
| F22 | F38 |
| $5,944.571,381$ | 604.640.722.87: |
| F23 | F39 |
| 2.393.326.368 | 595,505.589,812 |
| F24 | F40 |
| 1,720,232.418 | 2.705 .297 .791 .18 |
| F25 | F41 |
| 13.341,976.870 | 1.495.361.654.53 |
| F26 | F42 |
| 2.601,234.431 | $564.980,751.528$ |
| F27 | F43 |
| 8.733 .048 .293 | $9.983,256.941$ |
| F28 | F44 |
| 203.761.209 | 2.517 .944 .822 |
| F29 | F45 |
| 3,728,684,005 | 48,028.245 |

## 1995 STATISTICS OF INCOME PUBLIC USE TAX FILE



| F60 | F74 |
| :---: | :---: |
| .-............ | .-.-...-- |
| $216.552,8+1,986$ | 113.933,189.760 |
| F61 | F75 |
| 3,145,739,958 |  |
|  | 4,456 |
| F62 | F78 |
| $1,981.009 .691$ | $196,772,560.161$ |
| F63 | F79 |
| ..... | -.-.-..-...-.-- |
| $20,828,834,172$ | 6,305,388,664 |
| F64 | F80 |
| 25,211,288.271 | $1,588,528,518$ |
| F65 | F81 |
| $\cdots$ | -............... |
| 1,080,982,048 | 10,098,440,689 |
| F66 | F82 |
| .... | -..-- |
| 123.725.246 | 214,764,655,286 |
| F67 | F83 |
| $46,102.331$ | $59,479.979 .309$ |
| F68 | F84 |
| $\cdots 43,755.411,210$ | $13.631,200.291$ |
| F69 | F86 |
| $-48,523.536 .842$ | 74.961.082.......... |
| F70 | F87 |
| .-.. | -...............- |
| 14,984,360,072 | 31,024,262,773 |
| F71 | F88 |
| 857.732.616 | $32,569,347,298$ |
| F72 | F89 |
| -..............- | --............. |
| F73 | F90 |
|  | 45.846.750............. |

1995 STATISTICS OF INCOME PUBLIC USE TAX FILE

| F91 | F107 | F124 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $1,753,653,557$ | $21,444,519,693$ | $\begin{gathered} -\ldots . . . . . . . . . . . .- \\ 599.892,068 \end{gathered}$ |
| F94 | F108 | F125 |
| 15,537.599, 663 | $54,393,525,902$ | $34,092,335,358$ |
| F95 | F109 | F126 |
| $4,633,741,157$ | $327,963,998,317$ | $7.738,494.220$ |
| F96 | Fill | F127 |
| $810,567,472,172$ | $\begin{gathered} -\ldots-\ldots . . . . . . . . .- \\ 36,869.271,816 \end{gathered}$ | $4,882,254,238$ |
| F97 | F112 | F128 |
|  | $21,834.038,561$ | $28,618,482,318$ |
| F98 | F114 | F130 |
| $821,576,609,795$ | $53,648,877,936$ | $45,375,917,885$ |
| F99 | F115 | F131 |
| $500,816,929,036$ |  | $31,612,740,475$ |
| FI00 | F116 | F132 |
| $32,752,632,863$ |  | $21,590,630,671$ |
| F101 | F117 | F133 |
| $\cdots$ | $184.555 .522 .121$ | $54,895,843,231$ |
| F102 | F118 | F134 |
| $26,185,282,070$ | ----.----.-..-- | --............- |
| F103 | F120 | F135 |
| $12,970.654,465$ | -.............. | --............. |
| F104 | F121 | F136 |
| $\cdots$ | --............. | --.............. |
| F105 | F122 | F137 |
|  |  | --............-- |
| F106 | F123 | F138 |
| - $\times$.............- | ---............- | 94..............- |

## 1995 STATISTICS OF INCOME PUBLIC USE TAX FILE

|  | F150 | F161 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| F139 | -.-.....-- | --.-...-.......- |
| .-.--.-.......-. | 12,789,997,948 | 21,759,683,576 |
| 2,964,298,840 |  |  |
|  | F151 | F162 |
| F140 | -.-------.----- | .............-- |
| -......-- | 67,117.667 | 985,000.684 |
| 27,539,832,872 |  |  |
|  |  | F163 |
| F141 | F152 | .-.............. |
| -------->--.-- | -.--------.-.-. | 60,114,424,974 |
| 127,207,387,701 | 37,459,384 |  |
|  |  | F164 |
| F142 | F153 | ------...-....-. |
| -------.-.----- | --............... | 537,717,073,437 |
| 3,957,834,796 | 11.227 .840 |  |
| F143 | F154 |  |
| --..........-..- | .-.-.....-- | F165 |
| 7,145,528,738 | 85,255,257 | --------------- |
|  |  | 2,138,236.204 |
| F144 | F155 |  |
| -......- | ---.....- | F166 |
| 669,083,485 | 540.085,669 | -..-.-........-- |
|  |  | 44,556,373,562 |
| F145 | F156 |  |
| .......... | -................ | F167 |
| 3,297,520,321 | 5.659 .341 .217 | --..-...-.-.-. |
|  |  | 27,644,481.735 |
| F146 | F157 |  |
| ----............. | -----.........-- | F168 |
| 159,828,079,016 | 10,716,106.014 | .............. |
|  |  | 24.793 .432 .709 |
| F147 | F158 |  |
| ----------- | -.........- | F171 |
| 22,342,346,388 | 1.124.498.253 | -- |
|  |  | 2,014,459.418 |
| F148 | F159 |  |
| ...........-.- | --..--.......- |  |
| 12,976,479,608 | 142,295,803 |  |
| F149 | F160 |  |
| $\cdots \cdots$ | -1.............. |  |

## 1995 STATISTICS OF INCOME PUBLIC USE TAX FILE

1995
FEDERAL TAX FORMS
(WITH ELEMENT NUMBERS REFERENCED)

## FIELD NUMBERS

Field Numbers presented on the tax forms and schedules lines can be used to cross reference to the Co Record Layout. An example of this is line 7 on the Form 1040 which has a field number of 1 .

## 

On the Core Record Layout it would appearas" 1" to the left of the Salaries and Wages line. St example below.
-- Record Layout--

1. SALARIES AND WAGES
2. TAXABLE INTEREST INCOME
3. TAX-EXEMPT INTEREST INCOME

Another example, Line 8a, Taxable Interest Income, on the Form 1040 (see below) has a field numb of 2. This field number is cross referenced to the Taxable Interest Income line on the 1995 Core Record Layo which contains the number 2 to the left of the line (see above).

[^2]| 19 | OMB No. 1545.0074 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Your social security number |  |
|  |  |
| Spouse's social security number |  |
|  |  |
| For Privacy Act and Paperwork Reduction Act Notice, see page 7. |  |
| Yes ${ }^{\text {No }}$ | Note: Checking "Yes" |
| ELECT |  |
|  |  |



| Your first name and initial | Last name |
| :--- | :--- |
| If a joint return, spouse's first name and initial | Last name |
| Home address (number and street). If you have a P.O. box, see page 11. | Apt. no. |
| City, town or post office. state. and ZIP code. If you have a foreign address. see page 11. |  |
| STATE |  |

## Filing Status

| Filing StatuS 2 <br> (See page 11.)  | $\square$ |  |
| :--- | :---: | :--- |
| Check only | MARS |  |
| one box. | 5 |  |

Single
Married filing joint return (even if only one had income)
Married filing separate return. Enter spouse's social security no. above and full name here.
Head of household (with qualifying person). (See page 12.) If the qualifying person is a child but not your dependent. enter this child's name here.
Qualifying widow(er) with dependent child (year spouse died $>19 \quad$ ). (See page 12.)

## Exemptions

(See page 12.)
$6 \mathbf{6}$
$\times F P T$
$\times F S b$ $\square$ Yourself. If your parent (or someone else) can claim you as a dependent on his or her tax return, do not check box 6a. But be sure to check the box on line 33b on page 2
No. of boxes
checked on 6 a
and 6 b

If more than six dependents, see page 13

| Dependents: <br> (1) First name <br> tast name | (2) Dependent's social security number. it born in 1995. see page 13. | (3) Dependent's relationshup to you | (4) No of months lived in your home in 1995 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1 I |  |  |
|  | 1 |  |  |
|  | 1 1 |  |  |
|  | 1 |  |  |
|  | 11 |  |  |
|  | 1 |  |  |

d If your child didn't live with you but is claimed as your dependent under a pre-1985 agreement, check here $\quad \overline{ }$ e Total number of exemptions claimed

7 Wages, salaries. tups, etc, Attach Form(s) W-2
8 Taxable interest income (see page 15). Attach Schedule B if over $\$ 400$
b Tax-exempt interest (see page 15). DON'T include on line 8a: 8b:3
9 Dividend income. Altach Schedule B if over $\$ 400$
10 Taxable refunds. credits, or offsets of state and local income taxes (see page 15)
11 Alimony received
12 Business income or (loss). Attach Schedute C or C-EZ
Attach Copy $B$ of your Forms W-2,
W-2G, and
1099-R here.

If you did not get a W-2. see page 14

Enclose, but do not attach, your payment and payment voucher. See page 33.

13 Capital gain or (loss) If required, attach Schedule $D$ (see page 16)
14 Other gains or (losses). Attach Form 4797
15a Total IRA distributions . $15 \mathbf{a}$
16a Total pensions and annuities $16 \mathbf{a}$ ! 12 b Taxable amount (see page 16)
17 Rental real estate, royalties, partnerships, S corporations, trusts, etc. Attach Schedule E
18 Farm income or (loss). Attach Schedule F
19 Unemployment compensation (see page 17)
20a Social security benefits $\quad \mathbf{2 0 a} \mid \quad 17$ b Taxable amount (see page 18)
21 Other income. List type and amount-see page 18
22 Add the amounts in the far right column for lines 7 through 21 . This is your total income
23a Your IRA deduction (see page 19)
Spouse's IRA deduction (see page 19) 23b-23
Adjustments
to Income
Adjustments
to Income
(
24 Moving expenses. Attach Form 3903 or 3903-F
25 One-half of self-employment tax
26 Self-employed health insurance deduction (see page 21)

$$
27
$$

Keogh \& self-employed SEP plans. If SEP. check
Penalty on early withdrawal of savings
29 Alimony paid. Recipient's SSN
30 Add lines 23a through 29. These are your total adjustments
$1]$
$\cdot$.
$-\quad$ lines above
7
8 a

31 Suburact line 30 from line 22. This is your adjusted gross income. If less than $\$ 26.673$ and a child lived
Adjusted


## Earned Income Credit Worksheet-Line 57

Caution: If you were a household employee who didn't receive a form $W$ - 2 because your employer paid you less than $\$ 1,000$ in 1995 or you were a minister or member of a religrous order, see Special Rules on page 29 before completing this worksheet. Also, see Special Rules if Form 1040, line 7. includes any amount pard to an inmate in a penal institution.

## 1. Enter the amount from Form 1040, line 7 <br> 2. If you received a taxable scholarship or fellowship grant that

1. wasn't reported on a $W$ - 2 form, enter that amount here
2. 
3. 
4. Subtract line 2 from line 1 .
5. 

$\qquad$
4. Enter any nontaxable earned income (see this page). Types of nontaxable earned income include contributions to a $401(\mathrm{k})$ plan, and military housing and subsistence. These should be shown in box 13 of your W-2 form
4.
5. If you were self-employed or used Schedule $C$ or C-EZ as a statutory employee, enter the amount from the worksheet on page 29
5.
5. $\quad 60$
6. Add lines 3. 4, and 5
6.
$\qquad$

Look up the amount on line 6 above in the EIC Table on pages 30-31 to find your credit. Enter the credit here
7. $\qquad$
If line 7 is zero. stop. You cannot take the credit. Enter "No" next to Form 1040, line 57.
8. Enter the amount from Form 1040, line 31
8.
9. Is line 8 less than-

- $\$ 5.150$ if you don't have a qualifying child?
- $\$ 11,300$ if you have at least one qualifying child?
- VES. Go to line 10 now.
- NO. Look up the amount on line 8 above in the EIC Table on pages $\mathbf{3 0 - 3 1}$ to find your credit. Enter the credit here . . 9.


## 10. Earned income credit.

- If you checked "YES" on line 9, enter the amount from line 7.
- If you checked "NO" on line 9. enter the smaller of line 7 or line 9.

10. 

Next: 「ake the amount from line 10 above and enter it on Form 1040, line 57.

## AND

If you had any nontaxable earned income (see line 4 above). enter the amount and type of that income in the spaces provided on line 57.

## AND

Complete Schedule EIC and attach it to your return ONLY if you have a qualifying child.
Note: If you owe the alternative minimum tax (Form 1040, line 48), subtract it from the amount on line 10 above. Then, enter the result (if more than zero) on Form 1040. line 57. Also, replace the amount on line 10 above with the amount entered on Form 1040. line 57.

Temporary absences, such as for school. vacation, or medical care, count as time lived at home.

## Married Child

If your child was married at the end of 1995. that child is a qualifying child only if you can claim him or her as your dependent on Form 1040. line 6 c . But if this child's other parent claimed him or her as a dependent under the rules on page 13 for Children of Divorced or Separated Parents, this child is your qualifying child.

## Qualifying Child of More Than One Person

If a child meets the conditions to be a qualifying child of more than one person, only the person who had the highest adjusted gross income for 1995 may treat that child as a qualifying child. The other person(s) cannot claim the credit for people who do not have a qualifying child. If the other person is your spouse and you are filling a joint return. this rule doesn't apply. If you cannot take the credit because of this rule, enter "No" next to line 57
Example. You and your 5 -year-old daughter moved in with your mother in April 1995. You are not a qualifying child of your mother. Your daughter meets the conditions to be a
qualifying child for both you and your mother. Your adjusted gross income for 1995 was $\$ 8.000$ and your mother $s$ was $\$ 14.000$. Because your mother's adjusted gross income was higher, your daughter is your mother's quallfying child. You cannot take any EIC

## Taxable Earned Income

This is usually the amount reported on Form 1040. line 7. plus your earnings from selfemployment. (Use the worksheet on page 29 to figure your earnings from selfemployment.) But if line 7 of Form 1040 includes an amount for a taxable scholarship or fellowship grant that wasn't reported on a W- 2 form or an amount paid to an inmate in a penal institution, subtract that amount from the total on tine 7 . The result plus your earnings from self-employment is your taxable earned income for purposes of the EIC. If you subtracted income paid to an inmate, also enter "PRI" and the amount subtracted on the dotted line next to line 7 of form 1040.

Also. If line 7 of Form 1040 includes any amount paid to a household employee who didn't receive a W-2 form, see Special Rules on the next page.

## Nontaxable Earned Income

Certain earned income is not taxable, but it must be included to see if you can take the earned income credit. It is also used to figure the credit. It includes anything of value (money, goods, or services) that is not taxable which you recelved from your employer for your work. Some examples are listed below.

- Basic quarters and subsistence allowances, the value of in-kind quarters and subsistence. and combat zone excluded pay received from the U.S. military. These amounts should be shown in box 13 of your 1995 W-2 form with code "Q."
- Housing atlowances or rental value of a parsonage for clergy members. But if you are filing Schedule SE, see Special Rules on the next page.
- Meals and lodging provided for the convenience of your employer.
- Voluntary salary deferrals. If you chose to have your employer contribute part of your pay to certain retirement plans (such as a 401(k) plan or the Federal Thrift Savings Plan) instead of having it paid to you. the "Deferred compensation" box in box 15 of your W-2 form should be checked. The amount deferred should be shown in box 13 of your W-2 form.
- Excludable dependent care benefits from Form 2441, line 19.
- Voluntary salary reductions. such as under a cafeteria plan. unless they are included in box 1 of your $\mathrm{W}-2$ form(s). For detalls, get Pub. 596, Earned Income Credit.

Nontaxable earned income does not include welfare benefits.

Label
(See page 19.)

Use the IRS
label.
Otherwise,
please print or type.

| $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{L} \\ & \mathbf{A} \\ & \mathbf{B} \\ & \mathbf{E} \\ & \mathbf{L} \end{aligned}$ | Your first name and initial | Last name |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | If a joint retum, spouse's first name and initial | Last name |  |
|  | Home address (number and street). If you have a $P$ O. box, see page 19 |  | Apt. no |
| R | City, town or post office, state, and ZIP code. II you have a foreign address, see page 19 STATE |  |  |

Presidential Election Campaign Fund (See page 19.)
Do you want $\$ 3$ to go to this fund? If a joint return, does your spouse want $\$ 3$ to go to this fund?

Yes No
ELECT
$1 \square$ Single
$2 \square$ Married filing joint return (even if only one had income)
$3 \square$ Married filing separate return. Enter spouse's social security number MARS above and full name here.
$4 \square$ Head of household (with qualifying person). (See page 21.) If the qualifying person is a child but not your dependent, enter this child's name here.
$5 \square$ Qualifying widow(er) with dependent child (year spouse died 19 9
If your parent (or someone else) can claim you as a dependent on his or her tax return. do not check box 6a. But be sure to check the box on line 18 b on page 2 .
b $\square$ Spouse
c Dependents:
(1) First name
(1) First name Last name

| (2) Dependent's social | (3) Dependent's <br> security number. If born <br> in 1995, see page 25. | (4) No. of <br> relationship to <br> you | months lived in <br> your home in <br> 1995 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |

d If your child didn't live with you but is claimed as your dependent under a pre-1985 agreement, check here
e Total number of exemptions clairmed.

OMB No. 1545-0085
Your social security number


For Privacy Act and Paperwork
Reduction Act
Notice, see page 11.
Note: Checking "Yes" will not change your tax or reduce your refund.

Figure $\begin{aligned} & \text { XFPT } \\ & \text { your } \\ & \text { exemptions } \\ & \text { (See page 22) }\end{aligned}$
Figure $\begin{aligned} & \text { XFPT } \\ & \text { your } \\ & \text { exemptions } \\ & \text { (See page 22) }\end{aligned}$
(See page 22.)

If more than
seven
dependents,
see page 25.
Check the
box for your filing status
(See page 20)
Check only one box.
pas.
Figure
your
standard
deduction,
exemption
amount,
and
taxable
income

Figure your tax, credits, and payments
If you want the IRS to figure your tax, see the instructions for line 22 on page 41.

b If your parent (or someone else) can claim you as a dependent. check here. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 18b $]$
c If you are married filing separately and your spouse itemizes deductions, see page 40 and check here. $\qquad$

19 Enter the standard deduction shown below for your filing status. But if you checked any box on line 18a or $\mathbf{b}$, go to page 40 to find your standard deduction. If you checked box 18c, enter -0-.

- Single- $\$ 3,900$ - Married filing jointly or Qualifying widow(er)—\$6,550
- Single—\$3,900 • Married filing jointly or Qualifying widow(er)- $\$ 6,550$
- Head of household- $\$ 5,750$ - Married filing separately— $\$ 3,27519$

34
20 Subtract line 19 from line 17. If line 19 is more than line 17 , enter $-0-$
20
21 Multiply $\$ 2,500$ by the total number of exemptions claimed on line 6 e .
22 Subtract line 21 from line 20. If line 21 is more than line 20, enter -0-. This is your taxable income. $22 \quad 36$
23 Find the tax on the amount on line 22. Check if from: $\square$ Tax Table (pages 65-70) or $\square$ Form 8615 (see page 42). $\quad 23 \quad 37$
24a Credit for child and dependent care expenses.
Attach Schedule $2 . \quad 24 a \quad 44$
b Credit for the elderly or the disabled. Attach Schedule 3.

24b
45
c Add lines 24a and 24b. These are your total credits. $\quad 24 \mathrm{c}$
25 Subtract line 24c from line 23. If line 24 c is more than line 23, enter -0 . $\quad 25$
26 Advance earned income credit payments from Form W-2. 26
27 Household employment taxes. Attach Schedule H. 27
28 Add lines 25, 26, and 27. This is your total tax. $\quad>28$
29a Total Federal income tax withheld. If any is from Form(s) 1099, check here. $\square \quad$ 29a 58
b 1995 estimated tax payments and amount applied from 1994 return.

29b
59
c Earned income credit. Attach Schedule EIC if you have a qualifying child. 29c Nontaxable earned income: amount and type
d Add lines 29a, 29b, and 29c (don't include nontaxable earned income). These are your total payments.

29d
30 If line 29d is more than line 28, subtract line 28 from line 29d. This is the amount you overpaid. $30 \quad 69$ (-)
31 Amount of line 30 you want refunded to you. 31
32 Amount of line 30 you want applied to your 1996 estimated tax.
$32 \quad 70$
33 If line 28 is more than line 29d, subtract line 29d from line 28 . This is the amount you owe. For details on how to pay, including what to write on your payment, see page 55.

33
$69(+)$
34 Estimated tax penalty (see page 55). Also, include on line 33.

Keep a copy of this return for your records.

## Paid

 preparer's use only best of my knowiedge and belef. they are true. correct. and accurately list all amounts and sources of income I received during the tax year. Declaration of preparer (other than the taxpayer) is based on all information of which the preparer has any knowledge. the
Form

| USE | Your first name and initial | Last name |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| the | If a joint return, spouse's first name and initial | Last name |
| IRS | Home address (number and street). If you nave a P.O. box, see page 11. |  |
| label |  |  |
| here | City, town or post office, state, and ZIP code. If you have a foreign address, see page 11. |  |

See instructions on back and in Form 1040EZ booklet.
Presidential Election Campaign (See page 11.) If a joint return, does your spouse want $\$ 3$ to go to this fund?

## Income

Attach
Copy B of Form(s) W-2 here. Enclose. bue do not attach. any payment with your return.

Use this - Your filing status is single or form if
married filing jointly.

- You do not claim any dependents.
- You (and your spouse if married) were under 65 on January 1, 1996. and not blind at the end of 1995.
- You had only wages, salaries, tips, taxable scholarship or fellowship grants, or unemployment compensation, and your taxable interest income was $\$ 400$ or less. But if you earned tips. including allocated tips, that are not included in box 5 and box 7 of your W-2, you may not be able to use Form 1040EZ. See page 13
- You did not receive any advance earned income credit payments.

Caution: If married and either you or your spouse had total wages of over $\$ 61.200$, you may not be able to use this form. See page 9 .
If you are not sure about your filing status, see page 10. If you have questions about dependents, call Tele-Tax (see page 27) and listen to topic 354. If you can't use this form, call Tele-Tax (see page 27) and listen to topic 352.
Filling in $\quad$ Because this form is read by a machine, please print your numbers inside the boxes like this:
your return $9876543210 \quad$ Do not type your numbers. Do not use dollar signs.

If you received a scholarship or fellowship grant or tax-exempt interest income, such as on municipal bonds, see the booklet before filling in the form. Also, see the booklet if you received a Form 1099-INT showing income tax withheld.
Remember, you must report all wages, salaries, and tips even if you don't get a W-2 form from your employer. You must also report all your taxable interest income, including interest from banks. savings and loans, credit unions, etc., even if you don't get a Form 1099-INT.
If you paid someone to prepare your return, see page 22.

## Worksheet

for
dependents
who
checked
"Yes" on
line 5
Use this worksheet to figure the amount to enter on line 5 if someone can claim you (or your spouse if married) as a dependent, even if that person chooses not to do so. To find out if someone can claim you as a dependent, call Tele-Tax (see page 27) and listen to topic 354.
A. Enter the amount from line 1 on the front.
B. Minimum standard deduction.
C. Enter the LARGER of line A or line B here.
D. Maximum standard deduction. If single, enter 3.900.00; if married, enter 6.550.00.
E. Enter the SMALLER of line C or line D here. This is your standard deduction.
F. Exemption amount.

- If single, enter 0 .
- If married and both you and your spouse can be claimed as dependents, enter 0 .
- If married and only one of you can be claimed as a dependent, enter 2.500.00.
G. Add lines E and F. Enter the total here and on line 5 on the front.
If you checked "No" on line 5 because no one can claim you (or your spouse if married) as a dependent, enter on line 5 the amount shown below that applies to you.
- Single, enter $6,400.00$. This is the total of your standard deduction $(3,900.00)$ and personal exemption (2.500.00).
- Married, enter $11,550.00$. This is the total of your standard deduction ( 6.550 .00 ), exemption for yourself ( $2,500.00$ ), and exemption for your spouse ( $2,500.00$ ).
A.
B.
650.00
C.
D.
E.
F.
G.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

[^3]See page 5 of the Form 1040EZ booklet for a list of common mistakes to avoid. Errors will delay your refund.

## Avoid mistakes



(Schedule B is on back)
Deparment of the Treasury Internal Revenue Service


Job Expenses 20 Unreimbursed employee expenses-job travel, union
and Most
Other
Miscellaneous Deductions
(See
page A-5 for expenses to deduct here)

21 Tax preparation fees
22 Other expenses-investment, safe deposit box, etc. List type and amount

23 Add lines 20 through 22
24 Enter amount from form 1040, line 32. 24
25 Multiply line 24 above by $2 \%$ (.02)
26 Subtract line 25 from line 23. If line 25 is more than line 23
27 Other-from list on page A-5. List type and amount
Miscellaneous
Deductions
Total $\quad 28$ Is Form 1040, line 32, over $\$ 114,700$ (over $\$ 57,350$ if married filing separately)?
Itemized
Deductions
NO. Your deduction is not limited. Add the amounts in the far right column for lines 4 through 27. Also. enter on Form 1040, line 34, the larger of this amount or your standard deduction.
YES. Your deduction may be limited. See page A-5 for the amount to enter.

## Line 20

## Unreimbursed Employee Expenses

Enter the total job expenses you paid for which you were not reimbursed. (Amounts your employer included in box 1 of your W-2 form are not considered reimbursements.) But you MUST fill in and attach Form 2106, Employee Business Expenses, if either of the following applies:

1. You claim any travel, transportation, meal. or entertainment expenses for your job, OR
2. Your employer paid you for any of your job expenses reportable on line 20.


If you used your own vehicle and item 2 does not apply, you may be able to file Form 2106-EZ, Unreimbursed

Employee Business Expenses, instead.

If you don't have to file Form 2106 or 2106-EZ, list the type and amount of each expense on the dotted lines next to line 20. If you need more space, attach a statement showing the type and amount of each expense. Enter one total on line 20.

Examples of expenses to include on line 20 are:

- Travel, transportation, meal, or entertainment expenses.
- Union dues.
- Safety equipment, small tools. and supplies you needed for your job.
- Uniforms your employer said you must have, and which you may not usually wear away from work.
- Protective clothing required in your work, such as hard hats, safety shoes, and glasses.
- Physical examinations your employer said you must have.
- Dues to professional organizations and chambers of commerce.
- Subscriptions to professional journals.
- Fees to employment agencies and other costs to look for a new job in your present occupation, even if you do not get a new job.
- Business use of part of your home, but only if you use that part exclusively and on a regular basis in your work and for the convenience of your employer. For details, including limits that apply, call Tele-Tax (see page 36) and listen to topic 509 or get Pub. 587, Business Use of Your Home.
- Educational expenses you paid that were required by your employer, or by law or regulation, to keep your salary or job. In general. you may also include the cost of keeping or improving skills you must have in your job. For more details, call Tele-Tax (see page 36) and listen to topic 513 or get Pub. 508. Some educational expenses are not deductible. See Examples of Expenses You May Not Deduct on page A-4.


## Line 21

## Tax Preparation Fees

Enter the total fees you paid for preparation of your tax return, including fees paid for filing your return electronically. But do not include fees deducted elsewhere. such as on Schedule $\mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-\mathrm{EZ}$, E , or F .

## Line 22

## Other Expenses

Enter the total amount you paid to produce or collect taxable income and manage or protect property held for earning income. But do not include any expenses deducted elsewhere such as on Schedule C. C.EZ. E. or F. List the type and amount of each expense on the dotted lines next to line 22. If you need more space, attach a statement showing the type and amount of each expense. Enter one total on line 22.

Examples of expenses to include on line 22 are:

- Safe deposit box rental.
- Certain legal and accounting fees.
- Clerical help and office rent.
- Custodial (e.g., trust account) fees.
- Your share of the investment expenses of a regulated investment company.
- Certain losses on nonfederally insured deposits in an insolvent or bankrupt financial institution. For details, including limits on the amount you may deduct, see Pub. 529.
- Deduction for repayment of amounts under a claim of right if $\$ 3,000$ or less.
- Certain expenses related to an activity not engaged in for profit. For details, get Pub. 535, Business Expenses.


## Line 27

## Other Miscellaneous Deductions

Enter your total other miscellaneous deductions that are not subject to the $2 \%$ AGI limit. List the type and amount of each expense on the dotted lines next to line 27 . If you need more space, attach a statement showing the type and amount of each expense.

Enter one total on line 27. Only the expenses listed below can be deducted on this line:

- Gambling losses, but only to the extent of gambling winnings reported on Form 1040, line 21
- Federal estate tax on income in respect of a decedent.
- Amortizable bond premium on bonds acquired before October 23, 1986.
- Deduction for repayment of amounts under a claim of right if more than $\$ 3.000$. Get Pub. 525, Taxable and Nontaxable income, for details.
- Certain unrecovered investment in a pension. Get Pub. 529, Miscelianeous Deductions, for details.
- Impairment-related work expenses of a disabled person.
For more details on these expenses, see Pub. 529.
Moving Expenses Incurred Before 1994.
You may be able to deduct moving expenses you incurred before 1994 that you did not deduct on a prior year's return. But you must use the 1994 Form 3903, Moving Expenses, or the 1994 Form 3903-F, Foreign Moving Expenses, to do so. To get the 1994 form. call 1-800-TAX-FORM (1-800-829-3676) or write to us at the address shown on page 39 that applies to you.


## Total Itemized Deductions

## Line 28

If the amount on Form 1040, line 32, is over $\$ 114.700$ (over $\$ 57.350$ if married filing separately), use the worksheet on this page to figure the amount to enter on line 28.

## Itemized Deductions Worksheet-Line 28

(keep for your records)

1. Add the amounts on Schedule A, lines 4, 9, 14, 18, 19, 26, and 27
2. Add the amounts on Schedule A, lines 4, 13, and 19, plus any gambling losses included on line 27
3. 
4. 

Caution: Be sure your total gambling losses are clearly identified on the dotted line next to line 27.
3. Subtract line 2 from line 1. If the result is zero, stop here; enter the amount from line 1 above on Schedule $A$, line 28, and see the Note below.
5. Enter the amount from Form 1040, line 32
5.
6. Enter $\$ 114,700(\$ 57,350$ if married filing separately)
6.
7. Subtract line 6 from line 5 . If the result is zero or less. stop here; enter the amount from line 1 above on Schedule $A$. line 28, and see the Note below.
7.
8. Multiply line 7 above by $3 \%(03)$. . . 8.
9. Enter the smaller of line 4 or line 8
10. Total itemized deductions. Subtract line 9 from line 1 . Enter the result here and on Schedule A. line 28, and see the Note below.
10.

Note: Also enter on Form 1040, line 34, the larger of the amount you enter on Schedule A, line 28, or your standard deduction.

Schedule B-Interest and Dividend Income

Part I Interest Income
(See pages 15 and B-1.)

Note: If you received a Form 1099-INT, Form 1099-OID, or substitute statement from a brokerage firm, list the firm's name as the payer and enter the total interest shown on that form.

Note: If you had over $\$ 400$ in taxable interest income, you must also complete Part III.
1 List name of payer. If any interest is from a seller-financed mortgage and the

| Amount |  |
| :---: | :---: |
|  |  | buyer used the property as a personal residence, see page B-1 and list this interest first. Also, show that buyer's social security number and address



## Part II

 Dividend Income(See pages 15 and B-1.)

Note: If you received a Form 1099-DiV or substitute statement from a brokerage firm, list the firm's name as the payer and enter the total dividends shown on that form.

## Part III <br> Foreign

Accounts
and
Trusts
See
page 8.2.)

Note: If you had over $\$ 400$ in gross dividends and/or other distributions on stock, you must also complete Part III.
5 List name of payer. Include gross dividends and/or other distributions on stock here. Any capital gain distributions and nontaxable distributions will be deducted on lines 7 and 8
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

|  | Amount |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |

6 Add the amounts on line 5
7 Capital gain distributions. Enter here and on Schedule $D^{\circ}$.
8 Nontaxable distributions. (See the inst. for Form 1040. line 9.)


9 Add lines 7 and 8
10 Subtract line 9 from line 6. Enter the result here and on Form 1040, line 9 . instructions for Form 1040, line 13, on page 16.
If you had over $\$ 400$ of interest or dividends or had a foreign account or were a grantor of, or a transferor to, a foreign trust, you must complete this part.

11a At any time during 1995, did you have an interest in or a signature or other authority over a financial: account in a foreign country, such as a bank account, securities account, or other financial account? See page B-2 for exceptions and filing requirements for Form TD F 90-22.1
b If "Yes," enter the name of the foreign country -
12 Were you the grantor of, or transferor to, a foreign trust that existed during 1995, whether or not you have any beneficial interest in it? If "Yes," you may have to file Form 3520, 3520-A, or 926

- Partnerships, joint ventures, etc., must file Form 1065.

Oepartment of the Treasury
Social security number (SSN)

B Enter principal business code (see page C-6) $>\quad$ :
C Business name. If no separate business name, leave blank.
D Employer ID number (EIN), if any

E Business address (including suite or room no.)
City, town or post office, state, and ZIP code
F
F Accounting method:
(1) $\square$ Cash
(2) $\square$ Accrual
(3)Other (specify)

G Method(s) used to value closing inventory:
(1) Cost
(2) $\square$, or market Lower of c
or market
(3) Other (attach explanation)
(4) $\square$ Does not apply (if $H$

H Was there any change in determining quantities, costs, or valuations between opening and closing inventory? If "Yes," attach explanation
I Did you "materially participate" in the operation of this business during 1995? If "No." see page C-2 for limit on losses.
J If you started or acquired this business during 1995, check here

## Part I Income

1 Gross receipts or sales. Caution: If this income was reported to you on Form W-2 and the "Statutory employee" box on that form was checked, see page C-2 and check here . . . . . . . . . . 1
2 Returns and allowances

- . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . ... 2

3 Subtract line 2 from line 1
4 Cost of goods sold (from line 40 on page 2)
5 Gross profit. Subtract line 4 from line 3
6 Other income, including Federal and state gasoline or fuel tax credit or refund (see page C-2)
7 Gross income. Add lines 5 and 6
Part il Expenses. Enter expenses for business use of your home only on line 30.
8 Adventising . . . . . .
9 Bad debts from sales or services (see page $\mathrm{C}-3$ )
10 Car and truck expenses (see page C-3)
11 Commissions and fees.
12 Depletion
13 Depreciation and section 179 expense deduction (not included in Part III) (see page C-3) . .
14 Employee benefit programs (other than on line 19).
15 Insurance (other than health).
16 Interest:
a Mortgage (paid to banks, etc.) .
b Other
17 Legal and professional services .
18 Office expense . . . . . .

| 8 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 9 |  |  |
| 10 | 100 |  |
| 11 | 101 |  |
| 12 |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| 13 | 102 |  |
| 14 |  |  |
| 15 | 103 |  |
| $16 a$ | 104 |  |
| $16 b$ | 105 |  |
| 17 |  |  |
| 18 | 106 |  |



28 Total expenses before expenses for business use of home. Add lines 8 through 27 in columns. . 28
29 Tentative profit (loss). Subtract line 28 from line 7
b Meals and enc Enter $50 \%$ of line 24b subject to limitations (see page C-4).

| d Subiract line 24c from line 24b | 24d |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 25 Utilities | 25 |  |
| 26 Wages (less employment credits) . | 26 | 108 |
| 27 Other expenses from line 46 on page 2) | 27 |  |
| nes 8 through 27 in columns. . | 28 | 109 |
|  | 29 |  |
|  | 30 |  |

30 Expenses for business use of your home. Altach Form 8829 30

31 Net profit or (loss). Subtract line 30 from line 29.

- If a profit, enter on Form 1040, line 12, and ALSO on Schedule SE, line 2 (statutory employees. see page C-5). Estates and trusts, enter on Form 1041. line 3.
- If a loss, you MUST go on to line 32.

32 If you have a toss, check the box that describes your investment in this activity (see page C-5) - If you checked 32a, enter the loss on Form 1040, line 12, and ALSO on Schedule SE, line 2 (statutory employees, see page C-5). Estates and trusts, enter on Form 1041. line 3.

- If you checked 32b. you MUST attach Form 6198.

32a-All investment is at risk.
32b: Some investment is not at risk
. 9.

## Part I Short-Term Capital Gains and Losses-Assets Held One Year or Less



## Part II Long-Term Capital Gains and Losses-Assets Held More Than One Year

Department of the Treasury S corporations, estates, trusts, REMICs, etc.)

Part 1 Income or Loss From Rental Real Estate and Royalties Note: Report income and expenses from your business of renting personal property on Schedule C or C-EZ (see page E.1). Report farm rental income or loss from form 4835 on page 2, line 39.


I Show the kind and location of each rental real estate property:
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

2 For each rental real estate property listed on line 1 , did you or your family use it for personal purposes for more than the greater of 14 days or $10 \%$ of the total days rented at fair rental value during the tax year? (See page E-1.)
 Income:

| 3 Rents rec |
| :---: |
| $4 \quad$ Royaties |
| Expenses: |
| $5 \quad$ Advertisin |

5 Advertising
6 Auto and travel (see page E-2)
7 Cleaning and maintenance.
8 Commissions
9 Insurance
10 Legal and other professional fees
11 Management fees.
12 Mortgage interest paid to banks. etc. (see page E-2) . . . . .
13 Other interest
14 Repairs
15 Supplies.
16 Taxes
17 Utilities
18 Other (list)
...................................................................................................................................................

19 Add lines 5 through 18
20 Depreciation expense or depletion (see page E-2)
21 Total expenses. Add lines 19 and 20
22 Income or (loss) from rental real estate or royalty properties. Subtract line 21 from line 3 (rents) or line 4 (royalties). If the result is a (loss). see page E-2 to find out if you must file Form 6198.
23 Deducuble rental real estate loss. Caution: Your rental real estate loss on line 22 may be limited. See page $E-3$ to find out if you must file Form 8582. Real estate professionals must complete line 42 on page 2


24 Income. Add positive amounts shown on line 22. Do not include any losses.
25 Losses. Add royalty losses from line 22 and rental real estate losses from line 23. Enter the total losses here
26 Total rental real estate and royalty income or (loss). Combine lines 24 and 25. Enter the result here If Parts II. III. IV, and line 39 on page 2 do not apply to you, also enter this amount on Form 1040 line 17. Otherwise, include this amount in the total on line 40 on page 2

Note: If you report amounts from farming or fishing on Schedule E, you must enter your gross income from those activities on line 41 below. Real estate professionals must complete line 42 below.
Part II Income or Loss From Partnerships and S Corporations Note: If you report a loss from an at-risk activity you MUST check either column (e) or (f) of line 27 to describe your investment in the activity. See page E-4. If you check column (f), you must attach Form 6198.

| 27 | (a) Name |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { (b) E } \\ & \text { fortr } \\ & \text { for } \mathrm{S} \end{aligned}$ | (c) Check if foreign partnership | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { (d) Er } \\ & \text { ident } \\ & \text { nur } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { loyer } \\ & \text { aytion } \\ & \text { er } \end{aligned}$ | Investr <br> (e) All <br> at risk | $\begin{aligned} & \text { isk? } \\ & \text { he } \\ & \text { risk } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| B |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| C |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| D |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| E |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Passive Income and Loss |  |  |  | Nonpassive Income and Loss |  |  |  |  |  |
| (g) Passive loss allowed (attach Form 8582 if required) |  |  | (h) Passive income from Schedule K- | (i) Nonpassive loss from Schedule K-1 | (j) Section 179 expense deduction from Form 4562 |  |  | (k) Nonpassive income from Schedule K-1 |  |
| A |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| B |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| C |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| D |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| E |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 28a Totals |  |  | 132/137 |  |  |  |  | 133/138 |  |
| b Totals | 134/139 |  |  | 135/140 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 29 Add columns (h) and (k) of line 28a . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 29 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 30 Add cold | ns (g), (i) |  | line 28b |  |  |  | 30 |  | 1 |
| 31 Total p here and | ership a nclude in |  | ration income on line 40 beiow | Combine | d 30 . Ente |  | 31 | 141 |  |

Part III Income or Loss From Estates and Trusts

32 (a) Name
A
B


Part IV Income or Loss From Real Estate Mortgage Investment Conduits (REMICs)-Residual Holder


Department of the Ireasury

- Attach to Form 1040. with self-employment incorme


## Who Must File Schedule SE

You must file Schedule SE if:

- You had net earnings from self-employment from other than church employee income (iine 4 of Short Schedule SE or line 4 c of Long Schedule SE) of $\$ 400$ or more, OR
- You had church employee income of $\$ 108.28$ or more. Income from services you performed as a minister or a member of a religious order is not church employee income. See page SE-1.
Note: Even if you have a loss or a small amount of income from self-employment, it may be to your benefit to file Schedule SE and use either "optional method" in Part 11 of Long Schedule SE. See page SE-3.
Exception. If your only self-employment income was from earnings as a minister, member of a religious order, or Christian Science practitioner and you filed Form 4361 and received IRS approval not to be taxed on those earnings, do not file Schedule SE. Instead, write "Exempt-Form 4361" on Form 1040, line 47.


## May I Use Short Schedule SE or MUST I Use Long Schedule SE?



Section A-Short Schedule SE. Caution: Read above to see if you can use Short Schedule SE.

[^4]
## Section B-Long Schedule SE

## Part 1 Self-Employment Tax

Note: If your only income subject to self-employment tax is church employee income, skip lines 1 through $4 b$. Enter -O- on line $4 c$ and go to line 5a. Income from services you performed as a minister or a member of a religious order is not church employee income. See page SE-1.
A If you are a minister, member of a religious order, or Christian Science practitioner and you filed Form 4361, but you had $\$ 400$ or more of other net earnings from self-employment, check here and continue with Part I. $\qquad$
1 Net farm profit or (loss) from Schedule F, line 36, and farm partnerships, Schedule K-1 (Form 1065), line 15a. Note: Skip this line if you use the farm optional method. See page SE-3

2 Net profit or (loss) from Schedule C, line 31: Schedule C-EZ, line 3; and Schedule K-1 (Form 1065), line 15a (other than farming). Ministers and members of religious orders see page SE-1 for amounts to report on this line. See page SE-2 for other income to report. Note: Skip this line if you use the nonfarm optional method. See page SE-3.
3 Combine lines 1 and 2
4a If line 3 is more than zero, multiply line 3 by $92.35 \%$ (. 9235 ). Otherwise, enter amount from line 3
b If you elected one or both of the optional methods, enter the total of lines 15 and 17 here
c Combine lines 4 a and 4 b . If less than $\$ 400$, do not file this schedule; you do not owe self-employment tax. Exception. If less than $\$ 400$ and you had church employee income, enter -0 - and continue
5a Enter your church employee income from Form W-2. Caution: See page SE- 1 for definition of church employee income
b Multiply line 5 a by $92.35 \%$ (.9235). If less than $\$ 100$, enter -0 -


6 Net earnings from self-employment. Add lines 4c and 5b
7 Maximum amount of combined wages and self-employment earnings subject to social security tax or the $6.2 \%$ portion of the $7.65 \%$ railroad retirement (tier 1) tax for 1995.

1

8a Total social security wages and tips (total of boxes 3 and 7 on Form(s) $\mathrm{W}-2$ ) and railroad retirement (tier 1) compensation.
b Unreported tips subject to social security tax (from Form 4137, line 9)
c Add lines 8a and 8b


9 Subtract line 8c from line 7. If zero or less, enter -0- here and on line 10 and go to line 11 .
10 Multiply the smaller of line 6 or line 9 by $12.4 \%$ (.124)
11 Multiply line 6 by $2.9 \%$ (.029).

| 1 |  |  |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |
| 2 |  |  |
| $\mathbf{3}$ |  |  |
| $\mathbf{4 a}$ |  |  |
| $\mathbf{4 b}$ |  |  |
| $\mathbf{4 c}$ |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| $\mathbf{5 b}$ |  |  |
| $\mathbf{6}$ |  |  |
| $\mathbf{7}$ |  |  |

12 Self-employment tax. Add lines 10 and 11. Enter here and on Form 1040, line 47


13 Deduction for one-half of self-employment tax. Multiply line 12 by 50\% (.5). Enter the result here and on Form 1040, line 25

13
$\left[\begin{array}{ll:l} & & \\ 14 & 1.600 & 00 \\ 15 & & \end{array}\right.$

Nonfarm Optional Method. You may use this method only if:

- Your net nonfarm profits ${ }^{3}$ were less than $\$ 1.733$ and also less than $72.189 \%$ of your gross nonfarm income. ${ }^{4}$ and
- You had net earnings from self-employment of at least $\$ 400$ in 2 of the prior 3 years.

Caution: You may use this method no more than five times.
16 Subtract line 15 from line 14
17 Enter the smaller of: two-thirds $(2 / 3)$ of gross nonfarm income ${ }^{4}$ (not less than zero) or the amount on tine 16. Also, include this amount on line 4b above

17

[^5]

## Part III Credit for Child and Dependent Care Expenses

4 Enter the amount of qualified expenses you incurred and paid in 1995. DO NOT enter more than $\$ 2,400$ for one qualifying person or $\$ 4,800$ for two or more persons. If you completed Part III, enter the amount from line 25


7 Enter the smallest of line 4,5, or 6
5 Enter YOUR earned income
6 If married filing a joint return, enter YOUR SPOUSE'S earned income (if student or disabled, see the instructions); all others, enter the amount from line 5

8 Enter the amount from Form 1040, line 32
8

9 Enter on line 9 the decimal amount shown below that applies to the amount on line 8

| If line 8 is- <br> But not <br> over | Decimal <br> amount <br> is |
| :---: | :---: |
| $\$ 0-10,000$ | .30 |
| $10.000-12.000$ | .29 |
| $12,000-14.000$ | .28 |
| $14.000-16.000$ | .27 |
| $16,000-18.000$ | .26 |
| $18.000-20.000$ | .25 |


| If line 8 is- |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| But not <br> over | Decimal <br> amount <br> is |
| Over | .24 |
| $\$ 20,000-22.000$ | 23 |
| $22,000-24.000$ | 22 |
| $24,000-26.000$ | 21 |
| $26,000-28.000$ | 20 |
| $28,000-$ No limit |  |



10 Multiply line 7 by the decimal amount on line 9. Enter the result. Then, see the instructions for the amount of credit to enter on Form 1040, line 41.
Caution: If you paid a person who worked in your home, you may have to pay employment taxes. See the instructions for Form 1040. line 53. on page 26.

Part III Dependent Care Benefits-Complete this part only if you received these benefits.


To claim the child and dependent care credit, complete lines 21-25 below, and lines 4-10 on the front of this form.

21 Enter the amount of qualified expenses you incurred and paid in 1995. DO NOT include on
this line any excluded benefits shown on line 19

22 Enter $\$ 2,400$ ( $\$ 4,800$ if two or more qualifying persons)
22

23 Enter the amount from line 19
23

24 Subtract line 23 from line 22. If zero or less, STOP. You cannot take the credit. Exception. If you paid 1994 expenses in 1995, see the line 10 instructions

25 Enter the smaller of line 21 or 24 here and on line 4 on the front of this form


Printed on recycled paper

- See separate instructions.


## Part I Tentative Credit

1a Current year investment credit (Form 3468, Part 1)

| $\mathbf{1 a}!$ | 151 |
| :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{1 b}$ | 152 |
| $\mathbf{1 c}$ | 153 |
| $\mathbf{1 d}$ | 154 |
| $\mathbf{1 e}$ | 155 |
| $\mathbf{1 f}$ |  |
| $\mathbf{1 g}$ |  |
| $\mathbf{1 h}$ |  |
| $\mathbf{1 i}$ |  |
| $\mathbf{1}$ |  |

b Current year jobs credit (Form 5884, Part I)
c Current year credit for alcohol used as fuei (Form 6478) 153
d Current year credit for increasing research activities (Form 6765, Part I).
e Current year low-income housing credit (Form 8586, Part I)
1 e
5
f Current year enhanced oil recovery credit (Form 8830, Part 1)
g Current year disabled access credit (Form 8826, Part I)
h Current year renewable electricity production credit (Form 8835, Part I)
i Current year Indian employment credit (Form 8845, Part I)
j Current year credit for employer social security and Medicare taxes paid on certain employee tips (Form 8846, Part I)

1 j
k Current year credit for contributions to selected community development corporations (Form 8847, Part I)

1k
I Current year trans-Alaska pipeline liability fund credit (see instructions)
11
m Current year general business credit. Add lines 1a through 11
1m
2 Passive activity credits included on line 1 m (see instructions)
2
3 Subtract line 2 from line 1 m .
4 Passive activity credits allowed for 1995 (see instructions)
3

5 Carryforward of general business. WIN, or ESOP credit to 1995 (see instructions for the schedule to attach)
6 Carryback of general business credit to 1995 (see instructions)
5

7 Tentative general business credit. Add lines 3 through 6
Part II General Business Credit Limitation Based on Amount of Tax

i Add lines 9a through 9h
$9 i$
10 Net regular tax. Subtract line 9 i from line 8
11 Tentative minimum tax (see instructions)
a Individuals. Enter amount from Form 6251, line 26
b Corporations. Enter amount from Form 4626, line 13
11
c Estates and trusts. Enter amount from Form 1041, Schedule I, line 37
12 Net income tax:
a Individuals. Add line 10 above and line 28 of Form 6251.
b Corporations. Add line 10 above and line 15 of Form 4626
c Estates and trusts. Add line 10 above and line 41 of Form 1041. Schedule 1
13 If line 10 is more than $\$ 25.000$, enter $25 \%$ (.25) of the excess (see instructions)
13
14 Subtract line 11 or line 13, whichever is greater, from line 12. If zero or less enter -0. . . . 14
15 General business credit allowed for current year. Enter the smaller of line 7 or line 14 . Enter here and on Form 1040, line 44; Form 1120, Schedule J, line 4d; Form 1120-A, Part I, line 2a; or the appropriate line of your tax return. (Individuals, estates, and trusts, see instructions if the credit for increasing research activities is claimed. C corporations, see instructions for Schedule A if any regular investment credit carryforward is claimed. See the instructions if the corporation has undergone a post-1986 "ownership change.") .


## Paperwork Reduction Act Notice

We ask for the information on this form to carry out the Internal Revenue laws of the United States. You are required to give us the information. We need it to ensure that you are complying with these laws and to allow us to figure and collect the right amount of tax.

The time needed to complete and file this form will vary depending on individual circumstances. The estimated average time is:
Recordkeeping - . . . . . 13 min

## Learning about the

law or the form . . . . . . 15 min
Preparing the form . . . . . 21 min
Copying, assembling, and
sending the form to the IRS . . 10 min
If you have comments concerning the accuracy of these time estimates or suggestions for making this form simpler, we would be happy to hear from you. See the instructions for the tax return with which this form is filed.

## General Instructions

Section references are to the Internal Revenue Code unless otherwise noted. Form 1040-T references are to a new form sent to certan individuals on a test Dasis

## A Change To Note

If you had a carryover of disallowed interest expense from 1983. 1984. 1985. or 1986, that carryover may need to be refigured based on Rev. Rul. 95-16. 1995-1 C.B. 9. Under Rev. Rul. 95-16, the carryover of disallowed investment interest expense from any tax year is not limited by the taxable income for that year. The amount you enter on line 2 of the 1995 Form 4952 could be affected by this change.

## Purpose of Form

Interest expense paid by an individual, estate, or trust on a loan allocable to propenty held for investment may not be fully deductuble in the current year. Use Form 4952 to figure the amount of investment interest expense deductible for the current year and the amount if any, to carry forward to future years.

For more details, get Pub. 550, Investment Income and Expenses.

## Who Must File

If you are an individual, estate, or a trust. and you claim a deducion for investment interest
expense. you must complete and attach form 4952 to your tax return, unless all the following apply

- Your only investment income was from interest or dividends
- You have no other deductible expenses connected with the production of interest or dividends.
- Your investment interest expense is not more than your investment income
- You have no disallowed investment interest expense from 1994


## Allocation of Interest Expense Under Temporary Regulations Section 1.163-8T

If you paid or accrued interest on a toan and used the loan proceeds for more than one purpose. you may have to allocate the interest paid. This is necessary because different rules apply to investment interest. personal interest. trade or business interest. home mortgage interest. and passive activity interest See Pub 550

## Part I Adjustments and Preferences

1 If you itemized deductions on Schedule A (Form 1040) (or you entered the amount from Form 1040-T. Section B. line $t$, on Form 1040-T, line 20), go to line 2. Otherwise, enter your standard deduction from Form 1040. line 34 (or Form 1040-T. line 20), and go to line 6
2 Medical and dental. Enter the smaller of Schedule A (Form 1040), line 4 or $21 / \% \%$ of Form 1040, line 32 (Form 1040-T filers, enter the smaller of Section B, line cor $21 / 2 \%$ of Form 1040-T. line 16) .
3 Taxes. Enter the amount from Schedule A (Form 1040). line 9 (or the total of lines dthrough g of Form $1040-\mathrm{T}$. Section B) .
4 Certain interest on a home mortgage not used to buy. build, or improve your home

|  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1 |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| 2 |  |  |
| 3 |  |  |
| 4 |  |  |

5 Miscellaneous itemized deductions. Enter the amount from Schedule A (Form 1040), line 26 (or Form 1040-T. Section B, line r)
6 Refund of taxes. Enter any tax refund from Form 1040, line 10 or line 21 (or Form 1040-T. line 4 or line 9) 7 Investment interest. Enter difference between regular tax and AMT deduction.

| 5 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 6 | 1 |

......
8 Post-1986 depreciation. Enter difference between regular tax and AMT depreciation.
7

9 Adjusted gain or loss. Enter difference between AMT and regular tax gain or loss . . . . . . . . .
10 Incentive stock options. Enter excess of AMT income over regular tax income.
11 Passive activities. Enter difference between AMT and regular tax income or loss .
8 !
9

Beneficiaries of estates and trusts. Enter the amount from Schedule K-1 (Form 1041), line 8
$\frac{11}{12}$

13 Tax-exempt interest from private activity bonds issued after $8 / 7 / 86$
13
14 Other. Enter the amount, if any, for each item and enter the total on line 14
a Charitable contributions
b Circulation expenditures
c Depletion
d Depreciation (pre-1987)
e Installment sales
f Intangible drilling costs g Long-term contracts



15 Total Adjustments and Preferences. Combine lines 1 through 14
14 162
Part II Alternative Minimum Taxable Income
16 Enter the amount from Form 1040, line 35 (or Form 1040-T, line 21). If less than zero, enter as a (loss).
17 Net operating loss deduction. if any. from Form 1040, line 21. Enter as a positive amount
18 If Form 1040, line 32 (or Form 1040-T. line 16), is over $\$ 114,700$ (over $\$ 57.350$ if married filing separately), and you temized deductions, enter the amount. If any, from line 9 of the worksheet for Schedule A (Form 1040), line 28 (or line 9 of the worksheet for Section B. line $t$. of Form 1040-T).

19 Combine lines 15 through 18

| 18 |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| 19 | 164 |
| 20 |  |

20 Alternative tax net operating loss deduction. See page 5 of the instructions
20
21 Alternative Minimum Taxable Income. Subtract line 20 from line 19. (If married filing separately and line 21 is more than $\$ 165,000$, see page 5 of the instructions.)21

## Part ill Exemption Amount and Alternative Minimum Tax

22 Exemption Amount. (If this form is for a child under age 14, see page 6 of the instructions.)

If your filing status is:
And line 21 is not over:

If line 21 is over the amount shown above for your filing status. see page 6 of the instructions.
23 Subtract line 22 from line 21. If zero or less, enter - O- here and on lines 26 and 28
24 If line 23 is $\$ 175.000$ or less ( $\$ 87.500$ or less if married filing separately), mutuply line 23 by $26 \%$ (.26). Otherwise. mutuply line 23 by $28 \%(.28)$ and subtract $\$ 3.500$ ( $\$ 1.750$ if married filing separately) from the result
25 Alternative minimum tax foreign tax credit. See page 6 of the instructions
26 Tentative minimum tax. Subtract line 25 from line 24
27 Enter your tax from Form 1040, line 38 (plus any amount from Form 4970 included on Form 1040, line 39), minus any foreign tax credit from Form 1040, line 43 (Form 1040-T filers. enter the amount from Form 1040-T. line 26)
28 Alternative Minimum Tax. (If this form is for a child under age 14, see page 7 of the instructions.) Subtract line 27 from line 26. If zero or less, enter -0. Enter here and on Form 1040. line 48 (or Form 1040-T, line 31)

23
$\frac{24}{25}$
22


| 24 |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| 25 | 165 |
| 26 |  |

[^6]28

For Paperwork Reduction Act Notice, see separate instructions.

## Part 1 1995 Passive Activity Loss

Caution: See the instructions for Worksheets 1 and 2 on page 8 before completing Part 1 .


## Part II Special Allowance for Rental Real Estate With Active Participation Note: Enter all numbers in Part Il as positive amounts. See page 8 of the instructions for examples.

4 Enter the smaller of the loss on line 1d or the loss on line 3.

5 Enter $\$ 150,000$. If married filing separately, see page 8 of the instructions $\qquad$
6 Enter modified adjusted gross income, but not less than zero (see page 8 of the instructions)
Note: If line 6 is equal to or greater than line 5, skip lines 7 and 8, enter -0- on line 9, and then go to line 10. Otherwise, go to line 7.
7 Subtract line 6 from line 5
7
8 Multiply line 7 by $50 \%$ (.5). Do not enter more than $\$ 25.000$. If married filing separately, see page 9 of the instructions

8
9 Enter the smaller of line 4 or line 8

## Part III Total Losses Allowed

10 Add the income, if any, on lines 1a and 2a and enter the total
11 Total losses allowed from all passive activities for 1995. Add lines 9 and 10 . See pages 10 and 11 of the instructions to find out how to report the losses on your tax return.

## Part 1 Net Minimum Tax on Exclusion Items

1 Combine lines 16 through 18 of your 1994 Form 6251. Estates and trusts, see instructions . . : 1
2 Enter adjustments and preferences treated as exclusion items. See instructions . . . . . . 2
3 Minimum tax credit net operating loss deduction. See instructions - . . . . . . . . 3
4 Combine lines 1, 2, and 3. If zero or less, enter -0-here and on line 15 and go to Part II. If more than $\$ 165,000$ and you were married filing separately for 1994 , see instructions.
5 Enter $\$ 45,000$ ( $\$ 33,750$ if single or head of household for $1994, \$ 22,500$ if married filing separately for 1994). Estates and trusts, enter $\$ 22,500$
6 Enter $\$ 150,000(\$ 112,500$ if single or head of household for 1994, $\$ 75,000$ if married filing separately for 1994). Estates and trusts, enter $\$ 75,000$

|  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 4 |  |  |
| 5 |  |  |

7 Subtract line 6 from line 4. If zero or less, enter -0 here and on line 8 and go to line 9
6

8 Multiply line 7 by $25 \%$ (.25)
9 Subtract line 8 from line 5. If zero or less, enter -0-. If this form is for a child under age 14, see instructions
10 Subtract line 9 from line 4. If zero or less, enter -0 - here and on line 15 , and go to Part II. Form 1040NR filers, see instructions
11 If line 10 is $\$ 175,000$ or less ( $\$ 87,500$ or less if married filing separately for 1994 ), multiply line 10 by $26 \%$ (.26). Otherwise, multiply line 10 by $28 \%$ (.28), and subtract $\$ 3,500$ ( $\$ 1,750$ if married filing separately for 1994) from the result

| 7 |  |  |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| 8 |  |  |
| 9 |  |  |
| 10 |  |  |

12 Minimum tax foreign tax credit on exclusion items. See instructions
11
12
13 Tentative minimum tax on exclusion items. Subtract line 12 from line 11
13
14 Enter the amount from your 1994 Form 6251, line 27, or Form 1041. Schedule $H$, line 38c

15 Net minimum tax on exclusion items. Subtract line 14 from line 13. If zero or less, enter - 0 -
Part II Minimum Tax Credit and Carryforward to 1996
16 Enter the amount from your 1994 Form 6251, line 28, or Form 1041, Schedule H, line 39
17 Enter the amount from line 15 above
18 Subtract line 17 from line 16. If less than zero, enter as a negative amount
191994 minimum tax credit carryforward. Enter the amount from your 1994 Form 8801, line 26
20 Enter the total of your 1994 unallowed orphan drug credit, 1994 unallowed nonconventional
source fuel credit, and 1994 unallowed qualified electric vehicle credit. See instructions . . -
15

21 Combine lines 18, 19, and 20. If zero or less, stop here and see instructions

| 16 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 17 |  |  |
| 18 |  |  |
| 19 | 170 |  |

22 Enter your 1995 regular income tax liability minus allowable credits. See instructions
20
21

23 Enter the amount from your 1995 Form 6251, line 26, or Form 1041, Schedule I, line 37
22

24 Subtract line 23 from line 22 . If zero or less, enter -0 -
25 Minimum tax credit. Enter the smaller of line 21 or line 24 . Also enter this amount on the appropriate line of your 1995 tax return. See instructions
26 Minimum tax credit carryforward to 1996. Subtract line 25 from line 21 . See instructions

If you have comments concerning the accuracy of these time estimates or suggestions for making this form simpler, we would be happy to hear from you. See the instructions for the tax return with which this form is filed.

## General Instructions

Section references are to the internal Revenue Code.

## Purpose of Form

Form 8801 is used by individuals. estates, and trusts to figure the minimum tax credit, if any, for alternative minimum tax (AMT) incurred in prior tax
years after 1986. The form is also used to figure any minimum tax credit carryforward.

## Who Should File

Form 8801 should be filed by individuals, estates, and trusts that had:

- An AMT liability in 1994 and adjustments or preferences (other than exclusion items) in 1994.
- A minimum tax credit carryforward from 1994 to 1995, or
- A nonconventional source fuel credit. an orphan drug credit, or a qualified electric vehicle credit not allowed for 1994 (see the instructions for line 20).


[^0]:    ${ }^{1}$ Returns sampled at 100 percent for the Statistics of Income program include those with total income or loss of $\$ 5,000,000$ or more; those with business plus farm receipts of $\$ 50,000,000$ or more; and nontaxable returns with adjusted gross incomes or expanded incomes of $\$ 200,000$ or more.

[^1]:    ${ }^{2}$ For greater details on this and other disclosure protection techniques used by the Statistics of Income Division, see: Strudler, Michael; Oh, H. Lock; and Scheuren, Fritz. "Protection of Taxpayer Confidentiality on the IRS Tax Model." Statistics of Income and Related Administrative Record Research: 1986, Internal Revenue Service.

[^2]:    8a Taxable Interest Income

[^3]:    Mailing
    your return

    Mail your return by April 15, 1996. Use the envelope that came with your booklet. If you don't

[^4]:    1 Net farm profit or (loss) from Schedule F, line 36, and farm partnerships, Schedule K-1 (Form 1065), line 15a

    1
    2 Net profit or (loss) from Schedule C, line 31; Schedule C-EZ, line 3; and Schedule K-1 (Form 1065), line 15 a (other than farming). Ministers and members of religious orders see page SE-1 for amounts to report on this line. See page SE-2 for other income to report.

    3 Combine lines 1 and 2.
    3
    4 Net earnings from self-employment. Multiply line 3 by $92.35 \%$ (.9235). If less than $\$ 400$, do not file this schedule; you do not owe self-employment tax

    4
    5 Self-employment tax. If the amount on line 4 is:

    - $\$ 61,200$ or less, multiply line 4 by $15.3 \%$ (.153). Enter the result here and on Form 1040, line 47.
    - More than $\$ 61,200$, multiply line 4 by $2.9 \%$ (.029). Then, add $\$ 7,588.80$ to the result. Enter the total here and on Form 1040, line 47.

    6 Deduction for one-half of self-employment tax. Multiply line 5 by $50 \%(.5)$. Enter the result here and on Form 1040, line 25 6
    

[^5]:    From Schedule F. line 11, and Schedule K-1 (Form 1065). line 15b. ${ }^{3}$ From Schedule C. line 31: Schedule C.EZ. line 3; and Schedule K-1 (Form 1065), line 15a From Schedule F, line 36, and Schedule K-1 (Form 1065), line 15a. 'From Schedule C, line 7; Schedule C.EZ, line 1: and Schedule K-1 (Form 1065), line 15c.

[^6]:    27

