# General <br> Description Booklet for <br> 1979 Individual and State Tax Model File 

INDEX
INTRODUCTION ..... 1
RECORD LAYOUT ..... 3
CODE AND AMOUNT ELEMENT DEFINITIONS ..... 6
TECHNICAL DESCRIPTION OF THE FILES ..... 17
INDIVIDUAL TAX MODEL SAMPLE DESCRIPTION ..... 23
STATE TAX MODEL SAMPLE DESCRIPTION ..... 24
RELIABILITY TABLES ..... 26
1979 FEDERAL TAX FORMS (with element number references) ..... 48

The Internal Revenue Service 1979 Tax Model File (203,536 records) and the 1979 State Tax Model File (174,276 records) were selected as part of the Statistics of Income program that was designed to tabulate and present statistical information for the $92,694,302$ Form 1040 and Form 1040A Federal Individual Income Tax Returns flled for Tax Year 1979.

The tax model files can be used to simulate the administrative and revenue impact of tax law changes, as well as to provide general statistical tabulations relating to sources of income and taxes paid by individuals.

The Individual Tax Model File is designed for making national level estimates while the State Tax Model Fileis designed for making state level estimates. Both 1979 tax model files can be purchased through the Internal Revenue Service, Statistics of Income Division using the convenient order form found on page 73 of this booklet. Any questions concerning the cost and acquisition of these current tax model flles should be directed to:

> Dr. Fritz Scheuren, Director
> Statistics of Income Division D:R:S.
> 1111 Constitution Ave., N.W Washington, D.C. 20224
> (202) $376-0216$

Individual Tax Model Files for each of the Tax Years 1966 through 1978, and State Tax Model flles for Tax Years 1977 and 1978, are available through the National Archives and Records Service. Questions concerning cost, acquisition and delivery of these historical tax model flles should be addressed to:

Machine Readable Archives Division National Archives and Records Service General Services Administration Washington, D.C. 20408
(202) 724-1080

The Archives order number for any of the above mentioned historical tax model files is 374-109-(A). In addition to the order number, the requestor should also specify the tax year and version (Individual or State) of the file under consideration.

Please refer to the sections of this booklet titled "Individual Tax Model Sample Description" and "State Tax Model Sample Description" for a more detailed discussion of the two available versions of the tax model file.

## RECORD LAYOUT

(Code and Amount Element Definitions)

# 'Record Description for 1979 Individual Tax Model File and 1979 State Tax Model File 



Cuntinued from previous page


| Energy Credit--Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Alternative Minimum Tax |  |  | $\substack{\text { Ordinary } \\ \text { Taxable } \\ \text { Income Lower } \\ \text { Base }}$148 | $\underbrace{\text { Tax }}_{\substack{\text { Base } \\ \text { Maxinal }}}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Renewabl |  | Expend 1 |  | tinued |  | Renewable |  | Unused |  | Adjusted |  |  |  | Self-Employment |
| Geochermal <br> 141 Property | 142 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Total } \\ \text { Current } \\ \text { Year } \end{gathered}$ | 143 | Total <br> Prior <br> Year | 144 | Energy <br> Source <br> Credit | 145 | Energy <br> Credit Carryover | 14 | I temized Deductions 6 | Capital Gain Deduction <br> 147 |  |  | $150{ }^{150}$ |


NO ADJUSTED GROSS INCOME ..... 00
\$ 1 under $\$ 1,000$ ..... 01
$\$ 1,000$ under $\$ 2,000$ ..... 02
\$ 2,000 under $\$ 3,000$ ..... 03
\$ 3,000 under \$ 4,000 ..... 04
\$ 4,000 under \$ 5,000. ..... 05
\$ 5,000 under \$ 6,000. ..... 06
\$ 6,000 under \$ 7,000. ..... 07
7,000 under \$ 8,000. ..... 08
8,000 under \$ 9,000 ..... 09
9.000 under \$ 10,000 ..... 10
10,000 under $\$ 11,000$ ..... 11
11,000 under $\$ 12,000$ ..... 12
12,000 under $\$ 13,000$ ..... 13
13,000 under \$ 14,000. ..... 14
14,000 under \$ 15,000 ..... 15
15,000 under \$ 16,000 ..... 16
16,000 under \$ 17,000 ..... 17
\$ 17,000 under \$ 18,000 ..... 18
\$ 18,000 under $\$ 19,000$ ..... 19
\$ 19,000 under \$ 20,000 .....  20
\$ 20,000 under $\$ 25,000$ ..... 21
\$ 25,000 under \$ 30,000 ..... 22
\$ 30,000 under \$ 40,000 ..... 23
\$ 40,000 under $\$ 50,000$ ..... 24
\$ 50,000 under $\$ 75,000$ ..... 25
\$ 75,000 under \$ 100,000 ..... 26
\$ 100,000 under $\$ 200,000$ ..... 27
\$ 200,000 under $\$ 500,000$ ..... 28
\$ 500,000 under $\$ 1,000,000$ ..... 29
$\$ 1,000,000$ or more ..... 30
BANK Foreign Bank Accounts:
(A) No boxes checked/no questions on Form ..... 0
(B) Bank, yes/trust, no response. ..... 1
(C) Bank, no/trust, no response. ..... 2
(D) Trust, yes/Bank, no response ..... 3
(E) Trust, no/Bank, no response. ..... 4
(F) Bank, yes/trust, yes ..... 5
(G) Bank, yes/trust, no .....  6
(H) Bank, no/trust, yes ..... 7
(I) Bank, no/trust, no .....  8

Adjusted gross income $\$ 200,000$ or more with no tax
after credits and no minimum tax

20
Larger of adjusted gross income or largest specific income item

Under $\$ 10,000$
$\$ 10,000$ under $\$ 15,000$
Under \$10,000
$\$ 15,000$ under $\$ 20,000$ Under $\$ 15,000$
$\$ 20,000$ under $\$ 30,000$
Under \$20,000
$\$ 30,000$ under $\$ 50,000$
Under \$30,000
$\$ 50,000$ under $\$ 100,000$
Under \$50,000
$\$ 100,000$ under $\$ 200,000$
Under \$100,000
**\$200,000 under $\$ 500,000$
Under \$200,000
$\$ 500,000$ or more Under \$500,000
and
Business and Farm receipts

Under $\$ 20,000$
Under \$50,000
$\$ 20,000$ under $\$ 50,000$
Under $\$ 100,000$
$\$ 50,000$ under $\$ 100,000$
Under \$250,000
$\$ 100,000$ under $\$ 250,000$
Under \$500,000
$\$ 250,000$ under $\$ 500,000$
Under \$750,000
$\$ 500,000$ under $\$ 750,000$
Under \$1,000,000
$\$ 750,000$ under $\$ 1,000,000$
Under $\$ 5,000,000$
$\$ 1,000,000$ under $\$ 5,000,000$
Any amount
$\$ 5,000,000$ or more 29

Example of Sample Code Assigment
** A Form 1040 return with AGI of $\$ 26,204$, LSII of $\$ 9,443$, and Business Receipts (Schedule $C$ attached) of $\$ 4,795,026$ would be assigned sample code 28 based primarily on Business Receipts and AGI amount.

CSAMP Sample Codes:

Description of sample strata
Non-business and farm (Schedule $F$ only), total
09-19
Form 1040A returns with adjusted gross income under $\$ 10,000$
Adjusted gross income $\$ 200,000$ or more with no tax
after credits and no minimum tax
Larger of adjusted gross income
or largest specific income item and
Farm receipts
Under $\$ 10,000$
$\$ 10,000$ under $\$ 15,000$
Under $\$ 10,000$
$\$ 15,000$ under $\$ 20,000$
Under \$15,000
$\$ 20,000$ under $\$ 30,000$
Under $\$ 20,000$
$\$ 30,000$ under $\$ 50,000$
Under \$30,000
*\$50,000 under \$100,000
Under \$50,000
$\$ 100,000$ under $\$ 200,000$
Under \$100,000
\$200,000 under \$500,000
Under \$200,000
$\$ 500,000$ or more
Under \$500,000

Under $\$ 20,000$
Under $\$ 50,000$
\$20,000 under \$50,000
12
Under \$100,000
\$50,000 under \$100,000
Under \$250,000
$\$ 100,000$ under $\$ 250,000$
Under \$500,000
\$250,000 under \$500,000
15
Under \$750,000
\$500,000 under \$750,000
Under \$1,000,000
\$750,000 under \$1,000,000
Under \$5,000,000
$\$ 1,000,000$ under $\$ 5,000,000$
Any amount
$\$ 5,000,000$ or more

Example of Sample Code Assignment

* A Form 1040 return with adjusted gross income (AGI) of $\$ 28,502$, the Largest Specified Income Item (LSII) of $\$ 65,048$, and Farm Receipts (Schedule $F$ attached) of $\$ 252,896$ would be assigned sample code 16 based primarily on the LSII and Farm Receipts Amount.
CYCLE Cycle Code ..... $.00-56$
DEPING Dependent with Unearned Income:
(A) Box not checked ..... 0
(B) Box checked ..... 1
(C) No box on form ..... 2
ELECT Presidential Election Fund:
No Boxes checked ..... 0
1 "Yes" box checked ..... 1
2 "Yes" boxes checked ..... 2
Only the "No" boxes checked ..... 8
FDED Form of Deduction Code:
(A) Itemi zed deduction ..... 1
(B) Zero bracket amount ..... 2
(C) Nei there ..... 3
FLPD Filing Period: (Acct. Period)
(A) FLPDYR - (Taxpayer's Tax Year Ended) ..... 60-81
(B) FLPDMO - (Taxpayer's Calendar or Fiscal Year Ending Month).01-12
F-5695 Form 5695 (Residential energy credit):
(A) No form attached. .....  0
(B) Number of principal residences occupied. ..... 1-9
MARS Martial Status
(A) Single ..... 1
(B) Married filing joint ..... 2
(C) Married filing separately and not claiming a spouse exemption. ..... 3
(D) Unmarried head of household and no name written on line 4 ..... 4
(E) Widower) with dependent child (surviving spouse) ..... 5
(F) Married filing separately and claiming a spouse exemption ..... 6
(G) Unmarried head of house and name written on line 4. ..... 7
(A) Neither Schedule $C$ or $F$ present ..... 0
(B) Schedule $C$ present only ..... 1
(C) Schedule $F$ present only. ..... 2
(D) Schedule $C$ and $F$ present .....  3
(Schedule C Gross Receipts larger)
(E) Schedule C and F present. ..... 4
(Schedule F Gross Recei pts larger)
SCHRRP Credit for the Elderly:
(A) No entry or indeterminable entry ..... 0
(B) Schedule $R$ filed with MARS/AGE:
(a) Box A or no box checked ..... 1
(b) Box $B$ checked ..... 2
(c) Box C checked .....  3
(d) Box D checked ..... 4
(C) Schedule RP fl led with MARS/AGEX:
(a) Box A or no box checked ..... 5
(b) Box B checked ..... 6
(c) Box C checked ..... 7
(d) Box D checked .....  8
(e) Box E checked ..... 9
SELD Select Code by District ..... 00-99
SELI Selection Item ..... 0-9
SEX Sex of Taxpayer:
(A) Nonjoint return of male taxpayer ..... 1
(B) Nonjoint return of female taxpayer ..... 2
(C) Joint return/male primary taxpayer ..... 3
(D) Joint return/female primary taxpayer ..... 4
SPECTX Special Tax Computation:
(A) No entry ..... 0
(B) Form 4970 tax used. .....  1
(C) Form 4972 tax used ..... 2
(D) Form 5544 tax used .....  3
(E) Form 5405 tax used ..... 4
(F) Section $72(\mathrm{~m})$ (5) penalty tax used ..... 5
(G) Any combination of Form 4972 and other taxes ..... 6
(H) Any combination of taxes excluding Form 4972 ..... 7

STATE
Code
1
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
9
10
11
12
13
14
15
16
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
25
26
27
28
29
30
31
32
33
34
35
36
37
38
39
40
41
42
43
44
45
46
47
48
49
50
51
52
53
54

STATE NAME
Alabama
Alaska
Arizona
Arkansas
Cali forni a
Colorado
Connecticut
Delaware
District of Columbia
Florida
Georgia
Hawaii
Idaho
Illinois
Indiana
Iowa
Kansas
Kentucky
Loui sana
Maine
Maryland
Massachusetts
Mi chi gan
Minnesota
Mi ssissi ppi
Mi ssouri
Montana
Nebraska
Nevada
New Hampshi re
New Jersey
New Mexico
New York
North Carolina
North Dakota
Ohi o
Oklahoma
Oregon
Pennsylvania
Rhode Island
South Carolina
South Dakota
Tennessee
Texas
Utah
Vermont
Virginia
Washington
West Virginia
Wi sconsin
Wyoming
APO/FPO
Puerto Rico
CP:IO

Corrected Form of Return:
(A) 1040 Return. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 0
(B) 1040A Return
. 1
TXILR Ordinary Taxable Income Lower Rate.................................. 14-70

TXNT - Taxable or Nontaxable Returns:

Taxable Returns1
Nontaxable Returns ..... 2
Marginal Tax Rate ..... 14-70
Tax Status:
(A) No Tax Computation. ..... 0
(B) Normal Tax - regular ..... 1
(C) Non-compute - regular ..... 2
(D) Income Averaging (SCH. G) .....  3
(E) Alternative. ..... 4
(F) Maximum Tax (regular) ..... 5
(G) Maximum Tax (alternative) ..... 6
(H) Partially Tax-exempt Income ..... 7
(I) Partially Tax-exempt (alternative) ..... 8
(J) Non-compute nontaxable ..... - 9
NOTE: TXST 4, 6, 7 or 8 appear on prior year returns only.
Primary Taxpayer Exemption:
(A) Regular ..... 1
(B) Regular and Age .....  2
(C) Regular, Age, and Blind ..... 3
(D) Regular Blind ..... 4

Exemptions for Parents living at home:
Actual number entered. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 0-9
Actual number entered. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 0-9
XOPAWH Exemptions for Parents living away from home:
Actual number entered0-9
XOTHER. Exemptions Other Than Age or Blind. ..... 1-6
XTOT

XT

Total Exemptions:
(A) No Secondary Taxpayer...................................................... 0
(B) Regular............................................................................ 1
(C) Regular,:Age...................................................................... 2
(D) Regular, Age, and Blind..................................................... 3
(E) Regular, Blind.............................................................. 4

Exemptions for Children living at home:
Actual number entered............... . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 0-99
Exemptions for Children living away from home: -
Actual number entered0-99

Other Exemptions:
Exemptions other than children or parents claimed............................................................ $0-99$
$\qquad$

Actual number entered....... . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 01-99

The following explanations define data elements contained in either the 1979 Indi vidual Tax Model File or the 1979 State Tax Model File that have not been abstracted di rectly from a specific line on Forms 1040, 1040A or the accompanying Schedules and Forms. Element numbers not appearing in this section have been entered on the specific lines on the forms or schedules from which the data were abstracted. Refer to the "1979 FORMS" section of this booklet for further information.

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Element Number : Definition
```

Combined Net Capital Gain (Loss) - This is a computed amount arrived at by combining the Net Capital Gains (Loss) from the Schedule D with the Capital Gain Distribution reported on the Form 1040 (E9).

Zero Bracket Amount - This amount was limited to the smaller of the statutory limit or taxable income (E69)

Taxable Income, New Concept: This is a computed amount equal to Adjusted Gross Income minus Excess Itemized Deductions (or plus unused Zero Bracket Amount) minus Exemption Amount. This concept includes the Zero Bracket Amount (equivalent of the former Standard Deduction) and is thus not comparable to taxable income as shown for Tax Years prior to 1977. See (E70).


This amount is written into the margin during processing of the returns for revenue purposes and corresponds to the amount of payment accompanying the return when filed.

Earned Income Credit (Earned Income) - The amount of net earnings from self-employment used in computing the Earned Income Credit.

Weight:
(a) Decimal - A method of estimation by dividing the computer population count of returns in a sample stratum by the number of sample returns for that stratum (carried to 2 decimal places).
(b) Integer - A method of estimation in which the decimal weight is converted to an integer weight and then applied to each return.

# TECHNICAL DESCRIPTION OF THE FILES 

-17-

## TECHNICAL DESCRIPTION OF THE FILES

Each "data record" in the file, representing one tax return, is composed of 2400 characters. Blocks are made up of 6 data records and are separated by a 3/4 inch "inter record gap" (IRG). There is no special indication at the end of a block other than the IRG, and no indication-of the end of a data record.

Tape characters are recorded in American National Standard Code for Information Interchange (ASCII) on standard 2,400 foot, 1/2 inch, nine-track tape, at a density of 1600 bytes per inch (BPI) in the phase encoding (PE) mode. In this mode, a 1-bit and an 0-bit are recorded as signals of opposite polarity in ODD parity (a parity bit is set to 1 or 0 so that there is always an ODD number of 1 -bits in a nine-bit character).

Each code and data field is numeric and defined in character format. All codes are signed positive with the signed bit in the last character position. The data fields are signed positive or negative, whichever is appropriate, in the last character position of the field.

Codes are defined as 4 characters in length. The largest decimal value is 99 with leading zeroes. The fields in the file are 14 characters in length and contain nine decimal digits with leading zeroes. Weight factors are provided to accommodate either a decimal or an integer weighting system.

The file is a single data set on multiple volumes and uses UNIVAC Standard Labels. A standard set of UNIVAC labels consists of a volume label, two header labels and two trailer labels. All labels are 80 characters in length.

The UNIVAC Standard volume label (VOLI) is used to identify the tape volume and the owner. It is always the first record on a UNIVAC Standard labeled tape. UNIVAC Standard Labels are similar to IBM Standard Labels except that in place of data set name, UNIVAC uses a qualifier and a filename. The volume label is followed by a data set label (HDR1). The HDR1 label contains such information such as "HDR1", qualifier and filename, expiration date and block count.

Data set label 2 (HDR2) follows data set label 1. The HDR2 label contains such information as "HDR2", the record format, i.e. fixed, variable or undefined length, record length, block length, and other attributes of the data set.

The HDR2 label is followed by a tape mark, the data set or part of the data set for multiple volumes, a tape mark, a data set label 1 (EOVI or EOF1) containing the same information as the "HDR1" label and a data set label 2 (EOV2 or EOF2) containing the same information as the "HDR2" label. An EOV2 label is followed by a tape mark. An EOF2 label is followed by two tape marks which indicate the end of the data set.

A detailed layout and description of each type of label may be found in the UNIVAC publication - "SPERRY UNIVAC, Series 1100, COBOL (ASCII), Level 5R1, Supplementary Reference" (order number UP-8584 Rev. 1). Pages 3-31 through 3-52 of the UNIVAC publication describe in detail all possible UNIVAC Label formats.

A regular IBM user needs the following information:
(a) Volume serial number -- on the outside of the reel
(b) Qualifier and Filename -- as requested
(c) Record length -- 2400 bytes per record (character format)
(d) Record format --FB for flxed block

An IBM (non-360) user would also need the tape density, block size and the . recording mode.

Forms 1040 and 1040 a returns filed and processed into the Internal Revenue Service's Individual Master File System during 1980 were stratified, by computer, into sample strata based on: the presence or absence of a Schedule C (Profit or Loss from Business or Profession); State from. whi ch filed; form used (Form 1040 or 1040A); size of adjusted gross income (or deficit) or largest of specific income (or loss) items; and size of business plus farm receipts. Returns were then selected from the sample strata using the ending digits of the Social Security Number (SSN) at rates ranging from 0.05 percent to 100 percent.

The sample for all States were formed on the basis of the combined total number of Forms 1040 and 1040A. The States were then divided into 5 different groups according to population. For each State Group the sample was designed to select a minimum number of 1,800 returns per State. This resulted in each State Group recei ving a different set of sampling rates. In addition, within each State Group the sample was basi cally allocated to sample strata to reduce variance. A return was assigned to one of the sample strata when the return amounts for the larger of adjusted gross income or largest of specific income items and size of business plus farm receipts both fit into the boundaries of a sample stratum. See the Record Layout Section (CSAMP) for a detail description and an example of sample code assignments.

## Method of Estimation

Sampling weights were obtained by dividing the number of returns filed per sample stratum by the number of sample returns actually recei ved for that stratum. All decimal sampling weights were then converted to "integer wei ghting factors," which were placed on each sample return. For example, if a decimal weight of 44.24 was computed for a stratum, 24 percent of the sample returns in the stratum were systematically given a weighting factor of 45 , and 76 percent a weight of 44 .

## Sampling Variability

The coefficient of variation is the standard deviation of an estimate expressed as a percent of the estimate. The standard deviation when added to and subtracted from the estimate provides the computed upper and lower limits within which approximately two out of three estimates from similarly selected samples would be expected to fall.

Coefficients of variation in Tables $7.1,7.2$ and 7.3 of this booklet were computed using a sum-of-squares formula for selected frequency and anount estimates. See the section of the booklet titled "Reliability Tables". Response and Other Nonsampling Errors

In transcribing and tabulating the information from the returns in the sample, additional checks were imposed to improve the quality of the resulting estimates. Incorrect or missing entries were corrected during statistical editing to make them consistent with other entries on the return or accompanying. schedules. Data were also adjusted during edi ting in an attempt to achieve consistent statistical definitions.

Quality of the basic data abstracted at the processing centers was controlled by means of a continuous subsampling verification system. In addition, an independent reprocessing of a small subsample of the returns statistically selected was conducted as a further check on processing. Prior to creation of the Statistics of Income File (from whi ch the Indi vidual and State Tax Model files were created), numerous camputer tests were applied to each return record to assure that proper balance and relationships among return items were maintained.

However, the controls maintai ned over the selection of the sample returns, the processing of the source data, and the review of the statistios did not completely eliminate the possibility of error. Also, practical operating considerations necessitated the allowance of reasonable tolerances in the statistical processing of the data. See Statistics of Income--1979, Individual Income Tax Returns for a more complete description of the sample and the various processing operations.

INDIVIDUAL TAX MODEL SAMPLE DESCRIPTION

## SOURCES OF THE DATA

The data in the 1979 Individual Tax Model file was compiled from a stratified simple random sample of unaudited individual income tax returns, Forms 1040 and 1040A, filed by U.S. citizens and residents during Calendar Year 1980 and processed in the service centers of the Internal Revenue Service. The total sample of 203,536 returns was selected from a population of $92,694,302$ returns.

The records in this file are intended to represent all returns filed for Income Year 1979. While the overwhelming majority of returns processed during 1980 were for Calendar Year 1979, a few of them were for non-calendar years ending during 1979 and 1980, and some were returns for prior years. Returns for recent prior years were used for the 1979 statistics in place of 1979 returns processed for revenue purposes after December 31, 1980.

All returns processed during 1980 were subjected to sampling except tentative and amended returns. Tentative returns were not subjected to sampling because the revised returns may have been sampled later on, while amended returns were excluded because the original returns had already been subjected to sampling.

The 1979 State Tax Model File is based on the same Statistics of Income sample as the 1979 Individual Tax Model File. The individual records in the file have been sorted into 54 segments, one for each of the 50 States and the District of Columbia, as well as 3 segments for returns of U,S. of tizens. living abroad filed through the Office of International Operations. In addi tion to entering a STATE identifying code on each record, all records with adjusted gross income (AGI) of $\$ 200,000$ or more have been deleted from the file. This was done to prevent unauthorized disclosure of tax return information with respect to a given geographic area. However, these returns were included in the computation of the reliability table. The sample of 174,276 records in this file are used to represent $92,600,571$ of the 92,694,302 individual income tax return records filed for Tax Year 1979. Table 7.3 of this booklet presents coefflcients of variation by size of adjusted gross income on all returns filed for each State.

In the model file, each individual return is classified by State according to the address shown on the return by the taxpayer. Therefore, each State tabulation should include all residents of that State (with the exception of high income returns as noted earlier). A coding system based on the reported tax return address is, however, subject to certain limitations. There are instances in which taxpayers residing in a given State are not included in the tabulations for that State. The reasons for this are that not all taxpayers give their home addresses on their tax return, instead, some report:
(a) the address of the tax lawyer or accountant who prepared the return
(b) the address of their place of business, or
(c) a post offyce box number.

To the extent that such an address was located in a State that was different from the taxpayer's State of residence, the accuracy of the data was affected. See Statistics of Income- -1979 , Individual Income Tax Returns for a more complete description of the sample and the various processing operations.

## RELIABILITY TABLES

Table A. 1979 individual tax mooel file and 1979 state tax model file: sample sjze and population by state



 $1.202,090$

 $\infty$
$\stackrel{\infty}{\infty}$
$\stackrel{+}{\infty}$
$\vdots$
$\vdots$
$\vdots$
 $1,372,550$
188,339
$1,076,686$
801,906
10.069 .500 $1,261,473$
$1,376.436$
248,170
315,668
$3.900,884$
$2,115,568$ $2,115,568$
412,922
353,402
$4,901,286$
$2,227,638$
 $\stackrel{\square}{\stackrel{\pi}{9}}$


 3,087
2,853
1,800
2,388
6,895
2,988
3,246
3.194
8,379
3,296
2,895
2,523
2,726
2,475
2.881 .034 3,0845
5,945
2,951 2,951
2.316 3. $\because 21$

Table A. 1979 individual tax model file and 1979 state tax model file: sample size and population by state, Cont. $\therefore$

$3,1+9655$
510.375
7.136 .611
$2 \cdot 310.588$
273.460

235.968
254.409
32.630
149.604
$\pi$
0
0
0
0
0
0

Table 7.1-Coefficient of Variation for Sources of Income and Adjustments, by Size of Adjusted Gross Income

Table 7.1-Coefficient of Variation for Sources of Income and Adjustments, by Size of Adjusted Gross Income - Continued [Coefficient of variation for number of returns and amounts (parcenti)]


Individual Returns/1979 • Sources, Sample and Limitations
Table 7.1 - Coefficient of Variation for Sources of Income and Adjustments, by Size of Adjusted Gross Income - Continued

Table 7.1 - Coefficient of Varlation for Sources of Income and Adjustments, by Size of Adjusted Gross Income - Continued [Coefticient of variation for number of returns and amounts (percentl)]


Individual Returns/1979 - Sources, Sample and Limitations
Table 7.1-Coefficient of Variation for Sources of Income and Adjustments, by Size of Adjusted Gross Income - Continued [Goofficient of variation for number of returns and amounts (parcenti)]

Table 7.1-Coefficlent of Variation for Sources of Income and Adjustments, by Size of Adjusted Gross income - Continued Coofficient of variation for number of reums and amon (1)


## Individual Returns/1979 • Sources, Sample and Limitations

Table 7.1-Coeffictent of Variation for Sources of Income and Adjustments, by Size of Adjusted Gross Income - Continued [Coetficient of variation for number of returns and amounts (percenit)]

Table 7.1 - Coefficient of Varlation for Sources of Income and Adjustments, by Size of Adjusted Gross Income - Continued Coefficient of variation tor number of returns and amounts (percenti)]

Table 7.1-Coefficlent of Varlation for Sources of Income and Adjustments, by Size of Adjusted Gross Income - Continued [Coefficient of variation for number of retums and amounts (percent)]

Table 7.1-Coefficient of Variation for Sources of Income and Adjustments, by Size of Adjusted Gross Income - Continued

Table 7.2 - Coefficient of Variation for Tax Liablility and Taxpayments, by Size of Adjusted Gross Income

Table 7.2 - Coefficient of Variation for Tax Llability and Taxpayments, by Size of Adjusted Gross Income - Continued

Table 7.2 - Coefficient of Variation for Tax Llability and Taxpayments, by Size of Adjusted Gross Income - Continued

Table 7.2 - Coefficient of Variation for Tax Llability and Taxpayments, by Size of Adjusted Gross Income - Continued

Table 7.2 - Coefficient of Variation for Tax Liability and Taxpayments, by Size of Adjusted Gross Income - Continued Coefficient of variation for number of returns and amounts (percenti)]

Table 7.3 - Coefficient of Variation for Sources of Income and Tax Items, by State

Table 7.3 - Coefficient of Variation for Sources of Income and Tax Items, by State - Continued

Table 7.3 - Coefficient of Variation for Sources of Income and Tax Items, by State - Continued Table 7.3 - Coerficicient of variation for number of returns and amounts (percenti)]

Table 7.3 - Coefficlent of Variation for Sources of Income and Tax Items, by State - Continued [Coefficient of variation for number of returns and amounts (percenti)]


[^0]1979

## FEDERAL TAX FORMS

## (Element Reference Numbers)

## ETLEMENI NUMBERS

Element Number presented on the tax forms and schedules lines can be used to cross reference to the Core Record Layout (Pp-). An example of this is line 8 on the Form 1040 which has an element number of El.

On the Core Record Layout it would appear as 1 in the left corner of the Salaries and Wages block. See example below.
-Core Record Layout-

|  | Salaries and |  | Interest |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Wages |  | Received | Dividends |
| $;$ |  |  | Before |
|  |  |  |  |

Another example in relation to the above chart, Line 10 (a) Dividends on the Form 1040 (see below) has an element number of E3. This element number is cross referenced to the Dividends Before Exclusion block on the Core Record Layout, which also contains the number 3 in the lower left corner of the block.

Income 10a Dividends (attached Schedule B if over \$400)-E3


1040
Department of the Treasury-Internal Revenue Service
U.S. Individual Income Tax Returm

| For Privog Aet Notice, seen page 3 of Instructions |  | For the yeer Jenury 1 -December 31. 1979. or other tex yeur beginning |  | 1979. ending | 19 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Use | Your first nome and intiel (ff joint meturn, also zive spousa's name and initial) |  | Lest name | Your social security number |  |
| iabel. Other- | Present home addraes (Number ond strot, including aperimment numbet, or rural route) |  |  | Spouse's soc | rity no. |
| please | City. town or peot office, Stute and IIP eode |  | $\frac{\text { Your occupation }}{\text { Spouse's occupation }}$ |  |  |
| or type. |  |  |  |  |  |


| Presidential Election Campaign Fund | Do you want $\$ 1$ to go to | $\frac{\text { Yes }}{\text { Yes }}$ | $\frac{\text { No }}{\text { No }}$ | Note: Checking "Yes" not increase your tax reduce your refund. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |





## Part I Interest Income

If you received more than $\$ 400$ in interest, complete Part I and Part III. Please see page 9 of the instructions to find out what interest to report. Then answer the questions in Part III, below. If you received interest as a nominee for another, or you re. ceived or paid accrued interest on securithes transferred between interest payment dates, please see page 18 of the instructions.
Name of payer

## Part III Foreign Accounts and Foreign Trusts

If you are required to list interest in Part I or dividends in Part II, OR if you had a foreign account or were a grantor of or a trans. feror to a foreign trust, you must answer both questions in Part lil. Please see page 19 of the instructions.

A At any time during the tax year, did you have an interest in or a signature or other authority over a bank account, securities account, or other inancial account in a foreign country (see page 19 of iristruc. tions)?

B Were you the grantor of. or transteror to, a foreign trust which existed during the current tax year, whether or not you have any beneficial interest in it? If "Yes," you may have to file Forms 3520, 3520-A, or 926.


## Part II Dividend Income

3 If you received more than $\$ 400$ in gross dividends (including capital gain distributions) and other distributions on stock, complete Part II and Part III. Please see page 9 of the instruc. tions. Write (H), (W), or (J), for stock held by husband. wife. or jointly. Then answer the questions in Part III, below. If you received dividends as a nominee for another, please see page $1 \subseteq 0$ ! the instructions.

| Name of payer |  |
| :--- | :--- |
|  |  |

Note: If your capital gain distributions for the year do not include any gans before Nov. 1, 1978, and you do not need Schedule $D$ to report any gains or losses, do not file that sched. uie. Instead, enter the taxable part of your capital gain distributions on Form 1040, line 15.
schedule d

## (Form 1040)

Department of the Treasury Internal Revenue Service
Name(s) as shown on Form 1040

Capital Gains and Losses (Examples of property to be reported on this Schedule are gains and losses on stocks, bonds, and similar investments, and gains (but not losses) on personal assets such as a home or jewelry.)

Attach to Form 1040. $\quad$ See Instructions for Schedule D (Form 1040.)

Caution: Columns $\dagger$ and $g$ are not the same as last year. Most other lines have aiso been changed.
Pant] Short-term Capital Gains and Losses-Assets Held One Year or Less


Partll: Long-term Capital Gains and Losses-Assets Held More Than One Year


Note: If you have capital loss carryovers from years beginning before 1970, do not complete Parts III or V. See Form 4798 instead.

## Part III Summary of Parts I and II

21 Combine lines 8 and 20, and enter the net gain or (loss) here
Note: Do not complete line 22 if lines 20 and 21 show a gain, and there is a net gain on line 7 or 19. Instead, complete Part IV.
22 tf line 21 shows a gain-
a Enter $60 \%$ of line 20 or $60 \%$ of line 21, whicheyer is smalier. Enter zero if there is a loss or no entry on line po.ivicapital.gaias. ex.c tusion.
b Subtract line 22a from line 21. Enter here and on Form 1040, line 14.
23 If line 21 shows a loss-
a Enter one of the following amounts:
(i) If line 8 is zero or a net gain, enter $50 \%$ of line 21,
(ii) If line 20 is zero or a net gain, enter line 21; or,
(iii) If line 8 and line 20 are net losses, enter amount on line 8 added to $50 \%$ of the amount on line 20.
b Enter here and enter as a loss on Form 1040, line 14, the smallest of:
(i) The amount on line 23a,
(ii) $\$ 3,000$ ( $\$ 1,500$ if married and filing a separate return); or,
(iii) Taxable income, as adjusted


Note: If the loss on line 23a is more than the loss shown on line 23b, complete Part $V$ to determine post- 1969 capital loss carryovers from 1979 to 1980.

## Part IV Computation of Capital Gain Deduction for Sales or Exchanges Before 11/1/78

24 Enter the smalier of line 20 or line 21 (or Form 4798, lines 8 and 9).
25 If line 18 (or Form 4798, line 5) is a gain, combine lines 6 and 18 (or Form 4798, lines 1 and 5), and enter here. If this line or line 18 (or Form 4798, line 5) shows a loss or zero, skip to line 29 and enter zero on line 27.
26 Enter smalier of line 18 (or Form 4798, line 5) or line 25.
27 Enter smaller of line 24 or line 26.
28 Enter $60 \%$ of amount on line 27.
29 Subtract line 27 from line 24.
30 Enter $50 \%$ of amount on line 29 .
31 Add line 28 and line 30. This is your capital gain deduction *
32 Subtract line 31 from line 21 (or Form 4798, line 9). Enter here and on Form 1040, line 14.


Computation of Post-1969 Capital Loss Carryovers from 1979 to 1980
Part $V$ (Complete this part if the loss on line 23a is more than the loss shown on line 23b)

## Section A-Short-term Capital Loss Carryover

33 Enter loss shown on line 8; if none, enter zero and skip lines 34 through 38-then 80 to line 39.
34 Enter gain shown on line 20. If that line is blank or shows a loss, enter zero.
35 Reduce any loss on line 33 to the extent of any gain on line 34 .
36 Enter amount shown on line 23b .
37 Enter smaller of line 35 or 36 .

38 Subtract line 37 from line 35
Note: The amount on line 38 is the part of your short-term capital loss carryover from 1979 to 1980 that is from years beginning after 1969.


## Section B.-Long-term Capital Loss Carryover

39 Subtract line 37 froin line 36 (Note: If you skipped lines 34 through $\mathbf{3 8}$, enter amount from line 23b).
40 Enter loss from line 20; if none, enter zero and skip lines 41 throught 44 .
41 Enter gain shown on line 8 . If that line is blank or shows a loss, enter zero.
42 Reduce any loss on line 40 to the extent of any gain on line 41 .
43 Multiply amount on line 39 by 2
44 Subtract line 43 from line 42
Note: The amount on line 44 is the part or your long-term capital loss carryover from 1979 to 1980 that is from years beginning after 1969.

: If the amnunt vou enter on this line is other than zero. you may be liable for the alternative minimum tax. See Form 6251



## Scheduies R\&RP-Credit for the Elderly

(Form 1040)
Internal Revence Se: oce

- See instructions for Schedules R and RP.
- Attach to form 1040.

Please Note: IRS will figure your Credit for the Elderly and compute your tax. Please see "IRS Will Figure Your Ta and Some of Your Credits" on page 4 of the Form 1040 instructions and complete the applicable lines 0 Form 1040 and Schedule R or RP.

Should You Use Schedule R or RP?

| If you are: | And were: | Use Schedule: |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Single | $\checkmark 65$ or over . . . | R |
|  | - under 65 and had income from a public retirement system | RP |
| Married, siling separate return ${ }^{1}$ | 65 or over (unless joining in the election to use Schedule RP with your spouse who is under 65 and had income from a public retirement system). | R |
|  | under 65 and had income from a public retirement system (unless your spouse is 65 or over and does not join in the election to use Schedule RP). | $R P$ |
| Married, filing joint return | - both 65 or over | R |
|  | one 65 or over, and one under 65 with no income or income other than from a public retirement system. | R |
|  | both under 65 and one or both had income from a public retirement system. | RP |

${ }^{1}$ You can take the credit on a separate return ONLY if you and your spouse lived apart for the whole year.
' Figure your credit on both schedules to see which gives you more credit.
Schedule 7 . Credit for the Elderly-For People 65 or Over
If you received nontaxable pensions (social security, etc.) of $\$ 1,875$ or more, or your adjusted gros: income (Form 1040, line 32) was $\$ 8,750$ or more, you may not be able to take the credit for the elderly. Before you start to fill out the schedule, please see the table on page 24 of the instructions
 Betore you start to fill out the schedule, please see the table on page 24 of the instructions.

Name(s) of public retirement system(s)


Regular Method
5 Net profit or (loss) from:
a Schedule C (Form 1040).
b Partnerships, joint ventures, etc. (other than farming)
c Service as a minister, member of a religious order, or a Christian Science practitioner. (Include rental value of parsonage or rental allowance furnished.) If you filed Form 4361 and have not revoked that exemption, check here $\square \square$ and enter zero on this line .
d Service with a foreign government or international organization

- Other (specify)

6 Total (add lines 5a through 5e).
7 Enter adjustments if any (attach statement, see page 29 of Instructions).
8 Adjusted net earnings or (loss) from nonfarm self-employment (line 6, as adjusted by line 7) . . . Note: If line 8 is $\$ 1,600$ or more or if you do not elect to use the Nonfarm Optional Method, skip lines 9 through 11 and enter amount from line 8 on line 12b, Part $I I I$.

## Nonfarm Optional Method

9 a Maximum amount reportabie under both optional methods combined (farm and nonfarm).
b Enter amount from line 3. (If you did not elect to use the farm optional method, enter zero.).
c Balance (subtract line 9b from line 9a)
10 Enter two-thirds of gross nonfarm profits or $\$ 1,600$, whichevar is smaller .
11 Enter here and on line 12b, the amount on line 9 c or line 10 , whichever is smaller . . . . . . 11


## Part III Computation of Social Security Self-employment Tax

12 Net earnings or (loss):

- From farming (from line 4)
b From nonfarm (from line 8, or line 11 if you elect to use the Nonfarm Optional Method) . . .
13 Total net earnings or (loss) from self-employment reported on lines 12s and 12b. (If Ine i3 is lass than $\$ 400$, you are not subject to selfemployment tax. Do not fill in rest of schedule) .
14 The largest amount of combined wages and self-employment eamings subject to social secult or railiroad retirement taxes for 1979 is
15 Total "FICA" wages (from Forms W-2) and "RRTA" compensation
b Unreported tips subject to FICA tax from Form 4137, line 9 or to RRTA

c Add lines 15 a and 15 b .
16 Balance (subtract line 15 c from line 14)
17 Self-employment income-line 13 or 16, whichever is smaller
18 Self-employment tax. (If line 17 is $\$ 22,900$, enter $\$ 1,854.90$; If less, multiply the amount on tine 17 by $\mathbf{0 8 1}$.) Enter here and on Form 1040. line 48.

Part 1. Computation of Tax for Taxpayers Who Cannot Use the Tax Tables

Use this part to figure your tax if:

- Your income on Form 104こ, l:ne 34. is more than $\$ 20,000$ and you chechoy $\mathrm{Fi}_{\mathrm{i}: \mathrm{n}} \mathrm{g}$ Siatus Box 1, 3 , or 4 or Form 10 4.
- Your income on Form 1040, line 34. is more than $\$ 40.000$ 370 you checked Filing Status Box 2 or 5 on Furm 1040.
- You tiad rore exemptions than were
shown in the Tax Table for your '. ': status.
- You figure your tax using S:běre $G$ (Income Averaging) or Form $472 \mathrm{E}(\because \cdot \mathrm{B}$ mum Tax on Personal Service Incerns;

1 Enter the amount from Form 1040, line 34
2 Multiply $\$ 1.000$ by the total number of exemptions claimed on Form 1040, line 7.
3 Taxable income. Subtract line 2 from ine I. (Figure your tax on this amount by using the Tax Rate Sehedules or one of the other methods listed on line 4.).
4 income tax. Enter tax and chech if tron: - Tax Rate Schedule X. Y. or Z. - Schedule G, or -- Form 4726. Also enter on Form 1040, ine 35.


## Parill Computation for Certain Taxpayers Who MUST Itemize Deductions

If you are included in one of the groups below, you MUST itemize. If you must itemize and the amount on Schedule A (Form 1040), line 40, is more than your itemized deductions on Schedule A. line 39. you must com. plete Part II before figuring your tax.

## You MUST itemize your deductions if:

A. You can be claimed as a dependent on your parents' return and had interest. dividends, or other unearned income of $\$ 1.000$ or more and had earned inco:ne of less than $\$ 2.300$ if single (less than $\$ 1,700$ if married filing a separate return).

Note: If your earned income is more than your itemized deductions. you don't have to fill in Schedule A. Just enter your earned income in Part II, line 3. of this schedule, uniess you are married filing a separate return and your spouse itemizes deductions. Generally, your earned income is the total of any amounts on Form 1040, lines 8,13 , and 19. See page 12 of the in. structions for Form 1040 for more details.
B. You are married filing a separate return and your spouse itemizes deductions. (There is an exception to this rule. You don't have to itemize if your spouse must itemize only because he or she is described in $A$ and enters earned income in. stead of itemized deductions on Part II,
line 3. of this schedule. If this is the case don't compiete Fart II. Go back to Form 1040. line 33 . and enter $\$ 0$. Then go to Form 1040, line 34.)
C. You file Form 4563 to exclude income from sources in U.S. possessions. (Piease see form 4563, and Publication 570, Tax Guide for U.S. Citizens Employed in U.S. Possessions, for more details.)
D. You had dual status as a nonresident alien for part of 1979, and during the rest of the year you were either a resicent alien or a U.S. citizen. However, you don'i nave to temize if at the end of 1979. you were married to a U.S. resident or citizen and file a ioint return reporting your combined worldwide income.


| Name(s) as shown on Form 1040 | Social security number <br> $\vdots$ |
| :--- | :---: |

## See Instruction B for Income Limits on Exclusion



## Physician's Statement of Permanent and Total Disability

- Please complete and return to taxpayer.

| Name of disabled taxpayer |  |  | Social security number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| I certify that the taxpayer named above was (check only one box-please see instructions below):(1) $\square$ Permanently and totally disabled on January 1, 1976, or January 1, 1977.(2) $\square$ Permanently and totaliy disabled on the date he or she retired. Date retired |  |  |  |
| Physician's name |  |  |  |
| Physician's andress |  |  |  |
| Physician's signature |  |  | Date |
| Instructions for Statement <br> Taxpayer <br> Please enter your name and social secu rity number. If you retired after December 31, 1976, enter your retirement date in the space after box (2). | Physician <br> Box (1) applies to taxpayers who retired before January 1, 1977. <br> Box (2) applies to taxpayers who retired after December 31, 1976. <br> What is Permanent and Total Disability? <br> A person is permanently and totally dis abled when- | - He or she is unabie to engage in any substantial gainful activity because of a physical or mental condition; and <br> - A physician determines that the disability (a) has lasted or can be expected to last continuously for at least a year, or (b) can be expected to lead to death. |  |

Form
2555
Dopartrant of the Troasury Intersal Revenua Service


Complete all Items in either Part I or Pert II. If an item does not apply, write "DOES NOT APPLY." Fairure to submit required information may result in disallowance of the claimed deduction or exelusion.

## Part

To be Completed for Bona Fide Residence Only (See Instruction 8)
1 List the countries where you have lived and the dates of residence during your 1978 and 1979 tax years
$\qquad$ . Bona fide residence began (date) $\qquad$ ended (date) $\qquad$ .... 2 Kind of living quarters in foreign country $\square \square$ Purchased house $\square$ Rented house or apartment $\square$ Rented room $\square$ Quarters fumished by employer
3 Did any of your family live with you abroad during any part of the tax year? .Quarters fumished by employer
If "Yes," who and for what period?
4 (a) Have you made a statement to the authorities of the foraign country you claim bona fide residence in that you are not a resident of that country?$\square$ No
(b) Are you required to pay income tax to the country you claim bona fide residence in? . . . . . . . . $\square$ Yes $\square$ No If you made a statement to the authorities of the foreign country that you are not a resident, and the country holds you are not subject to its income tax, you do not quality for this status. (See Instruction 8(c).)
5 Complete the following for days present in the U.S. or its possessions during the tax year.

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Date arnved } \\ & \text { in U.S. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Data } \\ \text { dopatad } \\ \text { trim } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { nombe of } \\ & \text { din in U. } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  | Dote anturd U U.S. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Onte } \\ & \text { doppoted } \\ & \text { fis. } \end{aligned}$ | Number of dery in U.S. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

6 (a) State any contrectual terma or other conditions relating to the length of your employment abroad
(b) State the type of vise you entered the forelign country under
(c) Did your visa contain any umitations as to the length of your stay or employment in a foreign country?
 Yes N if "Yess" attach explanation.
(d) Did you malntain a home in the U.S. while residing abroed? .Yes $\square$ No If "Yes," show address of your home, whether it was rented, and the names and relationships of the occupants

## Part II To be Completed for Physical Presence Only (See Instruction 9)

7 The 18 -month period that the test of physical presence in foreign countries is based on is from $\qquad$ through
8 Enter your principal country of employment during your tax year $>$
9 Enter all travel abroad during the 18 -month pariod that the test is based on, except travel between foreign countries that did not involve travel on or over intemational waters for 24 hours or mors. 7 f the last entry is an arrival in a foreign country, enter the number of full days to the end of 18 -month period. If you have no travel to report during the period, write in the schedule that you number of full days to the ind oreign country or countries during the entire 18 -month period.




Part V 5. To be Completed by Taxpayers Claiming the Exclusion of
Income Earned in a Hardship Area Camp (See Instruction 18)


Intermal Revenue Servies

## Name

Identitying number as shown on page 1 of your tax return

Check the applicable box(es) below to elect the provisions of the specified code section(s):
A The corporation aiects the basic or basic and matching ESOP percentage under section 48(n)(1)
B I elect to increase my qualified investment to $100 \%$ for certain commuter highway vehicies under section 46(c)(6)
C 1 elect to increase my qualified investment under section $46(d)$ by all qualified progress expenditures made in the tax year and all subsequent years

1 Use the format belov to list your qualified investment in new or used property acquired or constructed and placed in service during the tax year. Also list (a) qualified progress expenditures made during the tax year and certain prior tax years and (b) qualified rehabilitation expenditures for the year. See the instructions for line 1 (a) through 1 (j).

If you are claiming $100 \%$ investment credit on certain ships, check this block $\square$. See instruction $K$ for details
Note: Include your share of investment in property made by a partnership, estate, trust, small business corporation, or lessor.


17 Allowed regular investment credit-Enter smaller of line 10 or ine 16
Note: If line 10 exceeds line $\mathbf{1 6}$, the excess is an unused regular investment credit. See Instruction $F$.

18 Nonrefundable business energy investment credit limitation-Subtract line 17 from line 14.

19 Enter nonrefundable business energy investment credit from line $\mathbf{8}$ of Schedule $\mathbf{B}$ (Form 3468) .

20 Allowed nonrefundable business energy investment credit-Enter smaller of line 18 or line 19
 Note: If line 19 exceeds line 18, the excess is an unused nonrefundable business energy investment credit. See instruction $F$.

21 Total allowed regular investment credit and nonrefundable business ensegy investment credit-Add lines 17 and 20. Enter here and on Form 1040, line 41; Schedule 3 (Form 1120), line 4(b), page 3; or the appropriate line on other returns.

Schedrule A. If any part of your investment in line 1 or 4 above was made by a partnership, estate, trust, small business corporation, or lessor, compiete the following statement and identify property qualitying for the $7 \%$ or $10 \%$ investment credit

| $\begin{gathered} \text { Name } \\ \text { (Partnership, estate, trust, otc.) } \end{gathered}$ | Address | Property |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | exoroitituen | New | Used |  |
|  |  | s | 3 | \$ |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |

(If property is disposed of prior to the life years used in figuring the investment credit, see instruction E.)
 Computation of Credit for Federal Tax on Gasoline, Special Fuels, and Lubricating Oil

- Attach this form to your income tax return.

Department of the Treasury Internal Revenue Service

- Atrach this form to your income tax return.



## Instructions

(Section references are to the Internal Revenue Code unless otherwise specified)

After December 31, 1978, gasoline. special fuels, and lubricating oil used for non-business, off-highway pur. poses (such as lawnmowers, snowmobiles, etc.) are not eligible for credit or refund.

Form 843 for Quarterly Tax Refund.-You may want to file a claim for a tax refund instead of a credit. To do so you must be able to claim at least $\$ 1,000$ a quarter for any fuel category of lubricating oil. Use Form 843, Claim, for filing.

File for any of the first three quarters of your tax year before the end of the next quarter. Show separate computations for a claim on gasoline. special fuels, and lubricating oils. Don't include gasoline or special fuels used on a farm for farming purposes. You may claim a credit only, not a refund, for tax paid on such fuel.
You may use Form 4136 ás a worksheet to show your computations, and attach it to your Form 843.
Don't include on Form 4136 the credit you cieim on Form 843 for any of the first three quarters of your tax year.
A. Purpose of Form 4136.-You must file this form if you claim credit for Fed eral excise tax on certain kinds of fuel.

These include gasoline, special fuels, and lubricating oil as defined in instructions $C$, $D$, and $E$.

An individual, estate, trust, or corporation may file this form, but a partnership may not. However, when a partnership files Form 1065. U.S. Partnership Return of income, it must include a statement showing:

- How many gallons of the fuels are allocated to each partner.
- The types of use, as shown in this form.
B. Year to Include the Credit Resulting from Business Use of Fuel or Oii. - When you claim a credit or refund, you must include it in your gross income to the extent it resulted in a reduction of your income
(Continued on back)

- De not include any tex from Form 4970. Formi 4972, Form 5544; or eny penalty tax under sec. 72(m)(5).


Carryover of Pre-1970 Capital Losses
(Computations of Capital Loss Carryovers and Summary of Capital Gains and Losses if Pre-1970 Capital Losses are Carried to 1979.) - Altach to Form 1040.


Enter in the space below the pidress of your prinelpal residince on which the eradit is eioineat ut is diferent from the adetress ahown on Form 1040 .

Fart1. Fill in your energy conservation costs (but do not include repair or maintenance costs). If you have an unused energy credit carnjuy from the previous tax year and no energy savings cosis this year, skip to fart ill, line 20.
Was your principal residence substantially completed before April 20, 1977 . . . . . . . . . . . . . $\square$ Yes $\square$ No Hf you checked "No," do not fill in Part I .


Parl:I. Fill in your renewable energy source costs (but do not Include repair or maintenance costs).
If you have an unused energy ceedit carryover from the previous year and no energy savings costs this year, skip to Part ItI, line 20.


## Part III. Fill in this part to figure the limitation

19 Add line 7 and line 18. $H$ less than $\$ 10$, enter zero
20 Enter your unused energy credit carryover from the previous tax year.
21 Add lines 19 and 20 .
22 Enter the amount of tax shown on Form 1040, lline 37.
23 Add Innes 38 through 44 from Formi 1040 and enter the totel
24 Subtract line 23 from line 22 . if zero ar less, enter zaro
28 Residential energy credit. Enter the ernount on ine 21 or Ine 24, whichaver is last Alsor eatar this smount on Form 1040, line 45.

| $\frac{19}{20}$ | $=145$ | - |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\frac{21}{22}$ |  |  |
| $\frac{23}{24}$ |  |  |
| 23 |  |  |


[^0]:    

