Survey of Income and Program
Participation (SIPP) 1991 Panel
Wave 4 Topical Module Microdata File
TECHNICAL DOCUMENTATION

# SURVEY OF INCOME AND PROGRAM PARTICIPATION (SIPP) 1991 PANEL WAVE 4 TOPICAL MODULE MICRODATA FILE 

## Technical Documentation

Washington, D.C.

## U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

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The file should be cited as follows:
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For additional information concerning the questionnaire content or subject matter, contact Enrique Lamas (763-8578) in Housing and Household Economics Statistics Dlvision, Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233.

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#### Abstract

Survey of Income and Program Participation (SIPP) 1991 Panel, Wave 4 Topical Module Microdata File [machine-readable data file] / conducted by the U.S. Bureau of the Census. -Washington: The Bureau [producer and distributor], 1993.


## Type of File:

Microdata; unit of observation is an individual.

## Universe Description:

The universe is the resident population of the United States, excluding persons living in institutions and military barracks.

## Subject-Matter Description:

The file contains data primarily from the topical module portion of the questionnaire. However, for purposes of matching persons to the core file, which was released separately, the beginning of the file contains identifying information as well as some basic demographic and social characteristics that are also contained in the core file. The identifying information includes sample unit, household address, and entry address identification.
Demographic and social characteristics include age, sex, race (White; Black; American Indian, Eskimo, and Aleut; Asian or Pacific Islander; and Other), ethnic origin ( 23 categories including 7 Spanish origin categories), marital status, and education. Data in this topical module file include selected financial assets, medical expenses and work disability, and real estate, shelter costs, dependent care, and vehicles.

The sample consists of 4 rotation groups, each interviewed in a different month from February 1992 to May 1992. For each group the reference period for reporting labor force activity and income is the four calendar months preceding the interview month.

SIPP is a longitudinal survey where each sampled household and each descendent household is reinterviewed at 4-month intervals for 8 interviews or "waves." This file contains the results of the fourth interview. Unique codes are included on each record to allow linking together the same persons from the preceding and subsequent waves.

## Geographic Coverage:

United States. Codes are included for 41 individual States and the District of Columbia, although the sample was not designed to produce State estimates. Areas in the SIPP sample in nine other States are identified in groups for confidentiality reasons. The file identifies a subsample of metropolitan residents, along with codes for selected metropolitan statistical areas (MSA's) and consolidated metropolitan statistical areas (CMSA's).

## Technical Description:

File Structure: Rectangular. Each logical record for a sampled person includes information on the household and family of which the person was a part during each month of the reference period, as well as characteristics of the person.

File Size: 37,844 logical records; $\mathbf{5 9 2}$ character logical record length.
File Sort Sequence of Sample Units: Sampling unit identification number by entry address ID and person number within sampling unit.

## Reference Materials:

Survey of Income and Program Participation (SIPP) 1991 Panel, Wave 4 Topical Module Microdata File Technical Documentation. The documentation includes this abstract, the data dictionary, an index to the data dictionary, relevant code lists, a questionnaire facsimile, and general information relative to SIPP. One copy of the technical documentation accompanies each file order but also may be purchased separately for $\$ 25$ from Data User Services Division, Customer Services, Bureau of the Census,Washington, D.C. 20233.

Interviewers' Manual (1985). Survey of Income and Program Participation. U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census. The manual is available for $\$ 10$ from Data User Services Division, Customer Services, Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233.

Survey of Income and Program Participation Users' Guide. The Users' Guide contains a general overview of the file as well as chapters on survey design and content, structure and use of cross-sectional files, linking waves and reliability of the data. A single copy accompanies each technical documentation or tape order. Additional copies are available for $\$ 15$ each from Customer Services, Data User Services Division, Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233.

## Related Printed Reports:

Related printed reports include working papers, compilations of papers presented at annual meetings of the American Statistical Association, articles appearing in the Journal of Economic and Social Measurement, and reports in the P-70 series of the Current Population Reports. See the Users' Guide that accompanies the documentation for ordering information.

## Related Machine-Readable Data Files:

SIPP files from all Waves of the 1984 through 1988 Panels as well as Waves 1 through 7 of the 1990 Panel and 1991 Waves 1 through 4 are available from Customer Services, Data User Services Division, Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233. An order form is on the following page for your convenience.

## File Availability:

The price of this file is $\$ 175$, at 6250 bpi; ASCII or EBCDIC, labeled or unlabeled. The files are also available on tape cartridges (IBM 3480 compatible) for the same price. A machine-readable dictionary is contained at the end of the file. This dictionary is also available separately on one tape reel for $\$ 175$. When ordering, please use the order form on the following page.

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## FILE INFORMATION

## Matching Topical Module File with Core File

Since the core and topical module data are released as separate files it may be necessary to match the two files. The two files contain the following information for linking purposes.

| Variable | Brief Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| ID | Sample Unit ID (scrambled) |
| ADDID | Household address ID |
| ITEM36B | Interview status code |
| INTVW | Person's interview status |
| PP-MIS* | Person's monthly interview status |
| ENTRY | Edited entry address ID |
| PNUM | Edited person number |
| FINALWGT | Weighting factor |
| RRP | Edited relationship to reference person |
| AGE | Edited and imputed age as of last birthday |
| SEX | Sex of person |
| PNSP | Person number of spouse |
| PNPT | Person number of parent |
| HIGRADE | Highest grade of year of school attended |
| GRD-COMPL | Highest grade completed |
| ETHNICTY | Ethnic origin |

In order to confirm that the appropriate number of matches occur when merging data from core and topical module files, fields PP-MIS(1) through PP-MIS(4) for the four reference months and PP-MIS(5) for the interview month have been added. PP-MIS defines the monthly person interview status with 1 signifying an interview and 2 signifying a noninterview. Matching topical module records to month four on the person-month file should result in a match of all topical module records where PP-MIS(4) is equal to one. Although any reference month can be used for matching, month four is used because it is the closest month to the interview month available on the person-month files.

## Geographic Coverage

State codes are shown except for nine States which are identified in three groups. A subsample of metropolitan residents is identified along with codes for selected metropolitan statistical areas (MSA's) and consolidated metropolitan statistical areas (CMSA's). The sample was not designed to produce State or MSA/CMSA level estimates. State codes are primarily useful in relating a respondent's recipiency of benefits to thresholds which may vary from State to State. MSA/CMSA codes may be used in relating respondent characteristics with contextual variables.

## Identification Number System

The SIPP identification scheme is designed to uniquely identify individuals in each wave, provide a means of linking the same individuals over time, and group individuals into households and families over time.

The various components of the identification scheme are listed below:

[^0]The sample unit identification number was created by scrambling together the PSU, segment, and serial numbers used for Census Bureau administrative purposes. This identifier is constructed the same way on each wave regardless of moves, to enable matching from wave to wave.

The two-digit address ID code identifies each household associated with the same sample unit identification number. The first digit of the address ID code indicates the wave in which that address was first assigned for interview. The second digit sequentially numbers multiple households that have the same serial number. The address ID code is 11 for all sample addresses that are the same as in Wave 1. As SIPP sample persons move to new addresses, new address ID codes are assigned. Any new address to which sample unit members moved during Wave 4 is numbered in the 40 's.

The person ID is a five-digit number consisting of the two-digit entry address ID and a three-digit person number. Person numbers 101, 102, etc., are assigned in Wave 1;201, 202, etc., are assigned to persons added to the roster in Wave 2, and so forth. This five-digit number is not changed or updated, regardless of moves.

The sampling unit serial number and address ID code uniquely identifies each household in any given wave. The sampling unit serial number can link all households in subsequent waves back to the original Wave 1 household.

## Topcoding of Income Variables

To protect against the possibility that a user might recognize the identity of a SIPP respondent with very high income, income from every source is "topcoded" so that no individual income amounts above $\$ 100,000$ are revealed. While the data dictionary indicates a topcode of $\$ 33,332$ for monthly income, this topcode will rarely be used. In most cases the monthly income is shown as an individual dollar amount of $\$ 8,333$, with $\$ 8,333$ actually representing " $\$ 8,333$ or more." (the $\$ 100,000$ annual income topcode is $\$ 8,333$ multiplied by 12 months). Individual monthly amounts above $\$ 8333$ may occasionally be shown if the respondent's income varied considerably from month to month, as long as the average does not exceed $\$ 8,333$. For example, if a respondents' income from a single job were concentrated in only one of the four reference months, a figure as high as $\$ 33,332$ could be shown. (Income from interest or property have lower topcodes).

Summary income figures on the person, family, and household records are simple sums of the components shown on the file after topcoding, and are not independently topcoded. Thus, a person with high income from several sources (jobs, businesses, property) could have aggregate monthly income well over the topcode for each source. Families and households with a number of high income members could theoretically have aggregate income shown well over $\$ 100,000$, though well below the $\$ 1.5$ million shown as the highest allowable value in the data dictionary.

The user is cautioned against trying to make much use of the occasional monthly figures above $\$ 8,333$, except in calculating aggregates or observing patterns across the 4-month period for a single individual, family, or household. Those units with higher monthly amounts shown are a biased sample of high income units, more likely to include units with income from multiple sources than other units with equally high aggregate income which comes from a single source.

## GLOSSARY OF SELECTED TERMS


#### Abstract

Absent 1 or more weeks. Absent 1 or more weeks means absent without pay from a job or business. Persons were absent without pay in a month if they were 'with a job' during the entire month, but were not at work at that job during at least 1 full week (Sunday through Saturday) during the month, and did not receive wages or a salary for any time during that week. Reasons for an unpaid absence include vacation, lliness, layoff, bad weather, labor disputes, and waiting to start a new job.

Family household. A family household is a household maintained by a family; any unrelated persons (unrelated subfamily members and/or secondary individuals) who may be residing there are included. The number of family households is equal to the number of families. The count of family household members differs from the count of family members, however, in that the family household members include all persons living in the household, whereas family members include only the householder and his/her relatives.

Family. A familly is a group of two or more persons (one of whom is the householder) related by bith, marriage, or adoption and residing together; all such persons (including related subfamily members) are considered members of one family.


Farm-nonfarm residence. The farm population refers to rural residents living on farms. Under this definition, a farm is any place in rural territory from which sales of crops, livestock, and other agricultural products amounted to $\$ 1,000$ or more during the previous 12 -month period.

Full-time and part-time. The data on full- and part-time workers pertain to the number of hours a person usually worked per week during the weeks worked in the 4-month reference period of the survey. If the hours worked per week varied considerably, the respondent was asked to report an approximate average of the actual hours worked each week.

Persons 16 years old and over who reported usually working 35 or more hours each week during the weeks they worked are classified as 'full-time' workers; persons who reported that they usually worked fewer than 35 hours are classified as 'part-time' workers. The same definitions are used in the CPS.

Household. A household consists of all persons who occupy a housing unit. A house, an apartment or other group of rooms, or a single room is regarded as a housing unit when it is occupied or intended for occupancy as separate living quarters; that is, when the occupants do not live and eat with any other persons in the structure and there is either (1) direct access from the outside or through a common hall or (2) a kitchen or cooking equipment for the exclusive use of the occupants.

A household includes the related family members and all the unrelated persons, if any, such as lodgers, foster children, wards, or employees who share the housing unit. A person living alone in a housing unit or a group of unrelated persons sharing a housing unit as partners is also counted as a household. The count of households excludes group quarters. Examples of group quarters include rooming and boarding houses, college dormitories, and convents and monasteries.

Householder. Survey procedures call for listing first the person (or one of the persons) in whose name the home is owed or rented. If the house is owned jointly by a married couple, either the husband or the wife may be listed first, thereby becoming the reference person, or householder, to whom the relationship of the other household members is recorded. One person in each household is designated as the 'householder.' The number of householders, therefore, is equal to the number of households.

Layoff. In general, the word 'layoff' means release from a job because of slack work, material shortages, inventory taking, plant remodeling, installation of machinery, or other similar reasons. For this survey, persons were also on 'layoff' who did not have job but who responded that they has spent at least 1 week on layoff from a job and that they were available to accept a job.

In addition, persons were on 'layoff' in a given month if they were 16 years old or over and (a) were 'with a job' but 'absent without pay' from that job for at least 1 full week during that month, and (b) they responded that their main reason for being absent from their job or business was 'layoff.' 'On layoff' also includes a small number of persons who responded that they were waiting to report to a new wage and salary job that was to begin within 30 days. In other words, persons waiting to begin a new job are classified together with persons waiting to return to a job from which they have been laid off.

Looking for work. Persons who 'looked for work' in a given month are those who were 16 years old or over and (a) were without a job during at least 1 week during the month, (b) tried to get work or establish a business or profession in that week, and (c) were available to accept a job. Examples of jobseeking activities are (1) registering at a public or private employment office, (2) meeting with prospective employers, (3) investigating possibillties for starting a professional practice or opening a business, (4) placing or answering advertisements, (5) writing letters of application, and (6) being on a professional register.

The CPS uses a similar concept of 'looking for work.' The term 'unemployed' as used in the CPS includes persons who were looking for work in the reference week and those who were 'on layoff' or 'waiting to begin a new job in 30 days."

Low-Income Home Energy Assistance Program. Benefits from the Federally funded LIHEAP authorized by Title XXVI of the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1981, or comparable assistance provided through State funded assistance programs, may be received in the form of direct payment to the household as reimbursement for heating or cooling expenses or paid directly to the fuel dealer or landlord.

Means-tested benefits. The term means-tested benefits refers to programs that require the income or assets (resources) of the individual or family be below specified guidelines in order to qualify for benefits. These programs provide cash and noncash assistance to the low-income population. The major sources of meanstested cash and noncash assistance are shown in Appendix B-2.

Medicaid. This term refers to the Federal-State program of medical assistance for low-income individuals and their families as provided for by Title XIX of the Social Security Act. The phrase 'Medicaid covered' refers to persons enrolled in the Medicaid program, regardless of whether they actually utilized any Medicaid covered health care services during the survey reference period.

Medicare. This term refers to the Federal Health Insurance Program for the Aged and Disabled as provided for by Title XVIII of the Social Security Act. The phrase 'Medicare covered' refers to persons enrolled in the Medicare program, regardless of whether they actually utilized any Medicare covered health care services during the survey reference period.

Monthly income. The monthly income estimates for households are based on the sum of the monthly income received by each household member age 15 years old or over.

Cash income includes all income received from any of the sources listed in Appendix B-1. Rebates, refunds, loans, and capital gain or loss amounts from the sale of assets, and interhousehold transfers of cash such as allowances are not included. Accrued interest on Individual Retirement Accounts, KEOUGH retirement plans. and U.S. Savings bonds are also excluded. This definition differs somewhat from that used in the annual income reports based on the March CPS Income supplement questionnaire. These data, published in the Consumer Income Series, P-6O, are based only on income received in a regular or periodic manner and, therefore, exclude lump-sum or one-time payments such as inheritances and insurance settlements. The March CPS income definition, however, does exclude the same income sources excluded by SIPP.

The income amounts represent amounts actually received during the month, before deductions for income and payroll taxes, union dues, Part B Medicare premiums, etc.

The SIPP income definition includes three types of earnings: wages and salary, nonfarm self-employment, and farm self-employment. The definition of nonfarm self-employment and farm self-employment is not based on the net difference between gross receipts or sales and operating expenses, depreclation, etc. The monthly amounts for these income types are based on the salary or other income received from the business by the owner of the business or farm during the 4-month reference period.

The Bureau of Labor Statistics publishes quarterly averages for an earnings concept called 'usual weekly earnings' for employed wage and salary workers. The concept differs from the SIPP earnings concept since it is based on usual, not actual earnings, excludes the self-employed, and excludes earnings from secondary jobs.

While the income amounts from most sources are recorded monthly for the 4-month reference period, property income amounts, interest, dividends, rental income, etc., were recorded as totals for the 4-month period. These totals were distributed equally between months of the reference period for purposes of calculating monthly averages.

Nonfamily household. A nonfamily household is a household maintained by a person living alone or with nonrelatives only.

Persons of Spanish origin. Persons of Spanish origin were determined on the basis of a question that asked for self-identification of the person's origin or descent. Respondents were asked to select their origin (or the origin of some other household member) from a 'flash card' listing ethnic origins. Persons of Spanish origin, in particular, were those who indicated that their origin was Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, Central or South American, or some other Spanish origin. It should be noted that persons of Spanish origin may be of any race.

Population coverage. The estimates are restricted to the civilian noninstitutional population of the 50 States and members of the Armed Forces living off post or with their families on post.

Race. The population is divided into groups on the basis of race: White; Black; American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut; Asian or Pacific Islander; and 'other races.'

Special Supplemental Food Program for women, Infants, and Children (WIC). Benefits are received in the form of vouchers that are redeemed at retail stores for specific supplemental nutritious foods. Eligible lowincome recipients are infants and children up to age five and pregnant, postpartum, and breastfeeding women.

Unemployment compensation. This term refers to cash benefits paid to unemployed workers through a State or local unemployment agency. These include all benefits paid under the Federal-State unemployment insurance program as established under the Social Security Act, as well as those benefits paid to State and local government employees, Federal civilian employees, and veterans.

With a Job. Persons are classified 'with a job' in a given month if they were 16 years old or over and, during the month, either (a) worked as paid employees or worked in their own business or profession or on their own farm or worked without pay in a family business or farm or (b) were temporarily absent from work either with or without pay. In general, the word 'job' implies an arrangement for regular work for pay where payment is in cash wages or salaries, at piece rates, in tips, by commission, or in kind (meals, living quarters, supplies received). 'Job' also includes self-employment at a business, professional practice, or farm. A business is defined as an activity which involves the use of machinery or equipment in which money has been invested or an activity requiring an office or 'place of business' or an activity which requires advertising; payment may be in the form of profits or fees.

The Current Population Survey (CPS), the official source of labor force statistics for the Nation, uses the same definition for a job or business. The term 'with a job,' however, should not be confused with the term 'employed' as used in the CPS. 'With a job' includes those who were temporarily absent from a job because of layoff and those waiting to begin a new job in 30 days; in the CPS these persons are not considered 'employed.' See 'Worked each week' below.

With labor force activity. The term 'with labor force activity' includes all persons with a job (as defined above) and those looking for work or on layoff from a job for at least 1 week during a given month. Conversely, those persons 'with no labor force activity' had no job, were not on layoff from a job and made no effort to find a job during the month.

Work disability. Persons were classified as having a work disability if they were identified by the respondent as having a physical, mental, or other health condition that limits the kind or amount of work they can do.

Worked each week. Persons 'worked each week' in a month if, for the entire month, they were 'with a job' and not 'absent without pay' from the job. In other words, a person worked each week in any month when they were (a) on the job the entire month, or (b) they received wages or a salary for all weeks in the month, whether they were on the job or not. Persons also worked each week if they were self-employed and spent time during each week of the month at or on behalf of the business or farm they owned, as long as they received or expected to receive profit or fees for their work.

In the CPS, the concept at 'work' includes those persons who spent at least 1 hour during the reference week at their job or business. In the CPS, however, 'at work' does not include persons who were temporarily absent from their jobs during the entire reference week on paid vacation, sick leave, etc. In SIPP, 'worked each week' does include persons on paid absences.
ItemMnemonic
Position
Address Identification ADDID ..... 20
Address Identification - Edited Entry ENTRY ..... 30
Age As Of Last Birthday - Edited And Imputed AGE ..... 48
Age of Respondent TM8258 ..... 237
Age of Respondent TM8412 ..... 300
Assets, Best Estimate of Individual SC4322 ..... 77
Assets, Best Estimate of Joint SC4314 ..... 69
Assets, Best Estimate of Other Individual .SC4422 ..... 93
Assets, Best Estimate of Other Joint .SC4414 ..... 85
Boat, Ownership of TM8772 ..... 474
Calculated Value for Present Car Value - Vehicle 1 CALCAR1 ..... 583
Calculated Value for Present Car Value - Vehicle 2 CALCAR2 ..... 584
Calculated Value for Present Car Value - Vehicle 3 CALCAR3 ..... 585
Calculated Values For Part C - Real Estate, Shelter Costs, etc CAL8532:8786 ..... 568
Car Value - Calculated for Vehicle 1 CALCAR1 ..... 583
Car Value - Calculated for Vehicle 2 CALCAR2 ..... 584
Car Value - Calculated for Vehicle 3 CALCAR3 ..... 585
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Car Value - Vehicle 3 TMCARVA3 ..... 531
Check Item A15 - Interview Status Of Spouse TM8032 ..... 101
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## HOW TO USE THE DATA DICTIONARY

The Data Dictionary describes the contents and record layout of the public-use computer tape file. The first line of each data item description gives the data name, size of the data field, and the begin position of the field.

The next few lines contain descriptive text and any applicable notes. Categorical value codes and labels are given where needed. Comment notes marked by an (*) are provided throughout. Comments should be removed from the machine-readable version of the data dictionary before using it to help access the data file.

Data. Alphabetic, numeric, and the special character (-). No other special characters are used. It may be a mnemonic such as "STATE" or "SE1-OCC", or a sequential identifier such as "SC1176" or "WS-IMP01". Data item names are unique throughout the entire file.

Size. Numeric. The size of a data item is given in characters. Indication of implied decimal places is provided in notes.

Begin. Numeric. Contains the location in the data record of the first character position of the data item field.

The first line of each data item description begins with the character " $D$ " (left-justified, two characters). The " $D$ " flag indicates lines in the data dictionary containing the name, size, relative begin and begin position of each data item. This information (in machine-readable form) can be used to help access the data file. The line beginning with the character " $U$ " describes the universe for that item. Lines containing categorical value codes and labels follow next and begin with the character " V ". The special character (.) denotes the start of the value labels. Two examples of data item descriptions follow:

```
D SC1218 1 2805
    What was the main reason ... could
    not take a job during those weeks
U Persons }15\mathrm{ years old or older
V 0.Not in universe
V 1.Already had a job
V 2.Temporary illness
V 3.School
V 4.Other
DRR3064 2 3760
    Railroad retirement sends out two types
    of checks; which color check does ...
    receive.
U Persons age 15 years or older receiving
    railroad retirement
V -1.DK
V 00.Not in universe
V 01.Blue
V 02.Buff
V 03 .Direct deposit
v 04.Other
```


## SIPP 1991 WAVE 4 TOPICAL MODULE DATA DICTIONARY




|  | DATA SIZE BEGIN | data size begin |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | D ETHNICTY 263 | v -0000003 .None |
|  | Ethnic origin | $v$ 00000000 .Not in universe |
|  | U All persons, including children | $\checkmark$ 1-00200000 .Total amount |
|  | $v \quad 01$.German |  |
| $v$ | $\checkmark \quad 02$.English | D SC4422 893 |
| $v$ | $v \quad 03$.Irish | What is your best estimate of the |
| $v$ | $v 04$.French | average amount that ... had in |
| $v$ | $v 05$.Italian | $\ldots$...'s assets during the 4-month |
| $v$ | $v \quad 06$. Scottish | period? |
| $v$ | $v \quad 07$.Polish | U Persons owning other interest-earning |
| $v$ | $v \quad 08$.Dutch | assets with spouse during the four |
| $v$ | $\checkmark \quad 09$.Swedish | month period |
|  | 10 .Norwegian | $v$-0000003 .None |
|  | 11 . Russian | $\checkmark 00000000$.Not in universe |
|  | 12 .Ukrainian | V 1-00275000 .Total amount |
|  | 13 .Helsh |  |
|  | 14 .Mexican-American | ********************************** |
|  | 15 .Chicano | * |
|  | 16 .Mexican | Stocks and Mutual fund Shares |
|  | 17. .Puerto Rican |  |
|  | 18. Cuban | ***************** |
|  | 19 .Central or South American |  |
|  | $V$.(Spanish speaking) | D TM8032 101 |
|  | 20 . Other Spanish | Check Item A15 |
|  | 21. Afro-American (Black or Negro) | Interview status of...'s spouse |
|  | 30 .Another group not listed | U Persons with stocks and mutual fund shares |
|  | $V \quad 39$.Don't know | 0 .Not applicable |
|  |  | 1 .No spouse in household |
|  | D Wave 1 | .- skip to TM8044 |
|  | Control card item 36A - wave number | 2 . Interview for spouse not yet |
|  | associated with the interview status | - conducted |
|  | U All persons | 3 .Interview for spouse already |
|  | D FILLER 366 |  |
|  | Blank fitler | D-TM8034 - 102 |
|  |  | As of (last day of reference period) what was the market value of the |
|  | What is your best estimate of the | stocks or mutual funds held jointly |
|  | average amount that ... and ...'s | by... and...'s (husband/wife) |
|  | (husband/wife) had in these jointly | (exclude stock in oun corporation |
|  | held assets during the 4-month | if value of that corporation was |
|  | period? | a (ready obtained) |
|  | U Persons owning savings accounts, money | $U$ Persons with stocks and mutual fund shares |
|  | market, certificates of deposit, and | who have spouse in household but interview |
|  | interest-earning checking accounts with | for spouse has not yet been conducted |
|  | spouse during the four month period | $V \quad 000000$.Not applicable |
|  | $v$-0000003 .None | $V$ 4-999999 .Total amount - skip to |
|  | $v$ 00000000.Not in universe | $v$.TM8038 |
|  | V 1-00090000. Total amount | $v$-00003 .None - skip to TM8042 |
|  | D sc4322 87 | D TM8036 108 |
|  | What is your best estimate of the | If I were to call back later would you be |
|  | average amount that ... had in | able to provide me with an estimate of |
|  | ...'s assets during the 4-month | the amount |
|  | period? | $U$ Persons with stocks or mutual fund shares |
|  | U Persons owning savings accounts, money |  |
|  | market, certificates of deposit, and interest-earning checking accounts with | don't know market value of stocks or mutual funds |
|  | spouse during the four month period | $v \quad 0$. Not applicable |
|  | $v-0000003$.None | 1 .Yes |
|  | $v$ 00000000.Not in universe | 2 .Ho |
|  | V 1-00075000 .Total amount |  |
|  |  | D TM8042 109 |
|  | D SC4414 88 | Besides the stocks or mutual fund |
|  | What is your best estimate of the | shares held jointly with...'s |
|  | average amount that ... and ...'s | (husband/wife), did...hold any |
|  | (husband/wife) had in these jointly | other stocks or mutual fund shares |
|  | held assets during the 4 -month | U Persons with stocks or mutual funds with spouse in household |
|  | U Persons ouning other interest-earning |  |
|  | U Persons owning other interest-earning assets with spouse during the four | $1 \text {.Yes }$ |
|  | month period | 2 . No - skip to next ISS code or |
|  |  | .TM8200 |


| DATA | SIZE | BEGIN |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| D TM8044 | 6 | 110 |

As of (last day of reference period) what was the market value of the stocks or mutual funds....held in (his/her) own name (exclude stock in own corporation if value of that corporation was already obtained)
$U$ Persons with stocks or mutual funds
in addition to joint stocks or mutual funds 000000 . Not applicable
V 3-999999 -Total amount - skip to
.TM8048
D TM8046 116
If I were to call back later would you be able to provide me with an estimate of the amount
U Persons with stocks and mutual fund shares
in addition to joint stocks or mutual funds who don't know value

| $V$ | 0 . Not applicable |
| :--- | :--- |
| $V$ | 1 .Yes |

$$
2 \text {.No }
$$

*******************************************

* Rental Income


D TM8052 2117
As of (last day of reference period)
did ... own any rental property jointly
with ...'s (husband/wife) (include only property owned entirely by ... and ...'s(husband/wife)
U Persons who own rental property with
spouse's interview not yet conducted
$v \quad 00$. Not applicable
01 .Yes
02 .No - skip to SC4610
D TM8054 2119
How many properties did... own
jointly with...'s (husband/wife)
as of (last day of reference period)
U Persons who own joint rental property
on last day of reference period and spouse's
interview has not been conducted
$V \quad 00$.Not applicable
V 01-99.Number of properties
-3 .None - skip to SC4610
D TM8056 121
Here any of these properties attached to or located on the same land as ...'s own residence?
U Persons who own joint rental property on last day of reference period and spouse's interview has not been conducted
$v \quad 0$.Not applicable
$v$
$v$
$v$
$v$
$v$

1 .Yes - all rental properties on .residence - skip to SC4610
2 .Yes - some rental properties on .residence
3 .No
D TM8068 6
(Excluding properties attached to or located on ...'s own residence), as of (last day of reference period) what was the total market value of the property(ies)
$U$ Persons who own joint rental property on last day of reference period with all rental properties not on residence
V 000000 .Not applicable
DATA SIZE BEGIN

3-500000 .Total amount - skip to . TM8072

D TM8070 128
If I were to call back later would you be
able to provide me with an estimate of the amount
U Persons who own joint rental property on last day of reference period with all rental properties not on residence but don't know value of properties
0 .Not applicable
1 .Yes
2 .No
$2 \quad 129$
(Excluding properties attached to or located on ...'s own residence) was there a mortgage, deed of trust, or other debt on the property(ies)
U Persons who own joint rental property on last day of reference period with all rental properties not on residence

00 . Not applicable
01 .Yes
02 .No - skip to SC4610
TM8074 6131
As of (last day of reference period)
how much principal was owed on the property(ies)
$U$ Persons who own joint rental property on last day of reference period that
have a mortgage, deed of trust, or
other debt on the properties
000000 .Not applicable
3-280000. Total amount
-00003 .None
D TM8076 2137
As of(last day of reference period)
did ... own any rental property in ...'s own name
$U$ Persons who own rental property
00 .Not applicable 01 .Yes 02 . No -skip to SC4618
$\begin{array}{lll}\text { D TM8078 } & 2 & 139\end{array}$
How many properties did ... own
in ...'s own name
$U$ Persons who own rental property in own name on last day of reference period

00 .Not applicable
01-99. Number of properties
-3 .None - skip to SC4618
D TM8080 1141
Were any of these properties attached to or located on the same land as ...'s own residence
U Persons who own rental property in own name on last day of reference period
$v \quad 0$.Not applicable
$V \quad 1$.Yes - all rental properties on .residence - skip to SC4618 2 .Yes - some rental properties on .residence 3 .No


DATA
SIZE BEGIN
U Persons who own rental property jointly with someone other than spouse on last day of reference period
$v \quad 000000$.Not applicable
V 3-999000 .Total amount

D TM8118 2167
Was there a mortgage, deed of trust,
or other debt on the property(ies)
U Persons who own rental property
jointly with someone other than
spouse on last day of reference
period

| $V$ | 00 | . Not applicable |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $V$ | 01 | .Yes |

D TM8120 $6 \quad 169$
As of (last day of reference period)
how much principal was owed on the property(ies)
$U$ Persons who own rental property jointly with someone other than spouse on last day of reference period that has mortgage, deed of trust, or other debt

000000 .Not applicable
3-340000 .Total amount
-00003 .None
D TM8122 6175
As of (last day of reference period)
what was the total value of...'s
share of equity in the property(ies)
(by equity we mean the total market
value less any debts held against it.)
U Persons who own rental property
jointly with someone other than
spouse on last day of reference
period
v 000000 . Not applicable
3-100000 .Total amount - skip to .next ISS code or TM8200
-00003 .None
D TM8124 181
If I were to call back later would you be able to provide me with an estimate of the amount
U Persons who own rental property jointly with someone other than spouse on last day of reference period who don't know value of equity in properties
$v \quad 0$.Not applicable
1 .Yes

D TM8130 182
Check item A21
Is ISS code 150 marked in Check Item A17
U Persons with other financial
investments

| $v$ | 0 |
| :--- | :--- |
| $v$ | 1 |
| $v$ | . Not applicable |
| $v$ | 2 . No |





## SIPP 1991 WAVE 4 TOPICAL MODULE





## SIPP 1991 WAVE 4 TOPICAL MODULE



```
dATA SIZE bEGIN
```



```
* The next two questions refer to person 1 *
```



```
D TM8548 3 349
        Person number
U Reference persons living in housing
    unit that is owned or being bought or rented
    for cash
D TM8554 6 352
        How much did this person pay
U Reference persons living in housing
    unit that is owned or being bought or rented
    for cash
V 000000 .Not applicable
V 1-000650 .Amount paid
```



```
* The next two questions refer to person 2*
```



```
D TM8550 3 358
        Person number
U Reference persons living in housing
    unit that is owned or being bought or rented
    for cash
D TM8556 6 361
            How much did this person pay
U Reference persons living in housing
    unit that is owned or being bought or rented
    for cash
v 000000 .Not applicable
v 1-000650.Amount paid
```



```
* The next two questions refer to person 3*
```



```
D TM8552 3 367
            Person number
U Reference persons living in housing
    unit that is owned or being bought or rented
    for cash
D TM8558 6 370
            How much did this person pay
U Reference persons living in housing
    unit that is owned or being bought or rented
    for cash
v 000000 .Not applicable
v 1-000650 .Amount paid
D TM8560 1 376
            Check Item T11
            Number of persons in household
U Reference persons living in housing
    unit that is owned or being bought or rented
    for cash
v O .Not applicable
                    1.One - skip to TM8658
v 2.Two or more
D TM8562 1 377
Last month, did anyone here pay for the
    care of a child or a disabled person so
    that a household member could work,
    attend training, or look for a job?
```





| size begin |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 00 .Not applica |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 01 .Money owed |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 02. Free and clear - skip to TM8768 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| D TM8761 6442 How much is currently owed for this vehicle |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $U$ Reference persons living in residence that is neither public nor subsidized who own a car, van, or truck, excluding recreational vehicles and motorcycles (Vehicle 2) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $v \quad 000000$.Not applicable |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $v$ 1-022000 . Total amount |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| D TM8764 1448 <br> Is this vehicle used primarily for either business purposes or for the transportation of a disabled person |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| U Reference persons living in residence that is neither public nor subsidized who own a car, van, or truck, excluding recreational vehicles and motorcycles (Vehicle 2) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $v \quad 0$.Not applicable |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 .Yes |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\checkmark \quad 2$.No |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| D TM8768 1449 <br> Is there another vehicle which has not been asked about |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| U Reference persons living in residence that is neither public nor subsidized who own a car, van, or truck, excluding recreational vehicles and motorcycles (Vehicle 2) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0 .Not ap |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $V$ 1-Yes-skip-to-TM8722-for |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $V$.vehicle 3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| .No - skip to |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| *********************************** |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| * COMMENT* THE next 6 fields (TM8722* TM8764) are related to mo* vehicle three |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| The next 2 fields are person number(s) of the owner(s) of the third newest motor vehicle |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| * $v$ 000 . Not a legal person number * <br> $* \mathbf{v}$ .or not applicable based * <br> $* \mathbf{v}$ .on response to TM8716 * |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| * V 101-124. P - ${ }^{\text {- }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $V$ 180-199 .Person number |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| V 201-224 .Person number |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $V$ 280-299 .Person number |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $V$ 301-324.Person number |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| * V 380-399 .Person number |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $V$ 401-424 .Person number |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| V 480-499 .Person number |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $V$ 501-524.Person number |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| * V 580-599.Person number |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| * V 601-624-.Person number |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| * V 680-699. Person number |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| * V 701-724 .Person number * |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| * V 780-799 .Person number ******************************************** |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| D TM8722 3450 <br> first person number <br> U Reference persons living in residence that is neither public nor subsidized who own a car, van, or truck, excluding recreational vehicles and motorcycles (Vehicle 3) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |


dATA SIZE BEGIN
D TM8770 1473
Motorcycle
U Reference persons living in residence that is neither public nor subsidized who own another kind of vehicle not used for any business

D TM8772 1474
Boat
U Reference persons living in residence that is neither public nor subsidized who own another kind of vehicle not used for any business

D TM8774 1475
Recreational vehicle (RV)
$U$ Reference persons living in residence that is neither public nor subsidized who own another kind of vehicle not used for any business

D TM8776 1476 Other
U Reference persons living in residence that is neither public nor subsidized who own another kind of vehicle not used for any business

```
D TM8778 1 477
```

No other vehicle owned - skip to SC4800
U Reference persons living in residence that is neither public nor subsidized who own another kind of vehicle not used for any business


* COMMENT *
* The next 5 fields (TM8780 through
* TM8800) are related to motor vehicle *
* one

* CONMENT
* The next 2 fields are person number(s) *
* for motor vehicle owner(s)
D TM8780 $3 \quad 478$
First person number
U Reference persons living in housing unit
or mobile home who own another kind of
vehicle, not used for any business, such
as a motorcycle, boat or RV (Vehicle 1)
$V$
$V$
v 101-124 .Person number
V 180-199.Person number
V 201-224 .Person number
$\checkmark$ 280-299 .Person number
v 301-324 .Person number
V 380-399. Person number
V 401-424 . Person number
v 480-499 .Person number
v 501-524 .Person number
580-599 .Person number
v 601-624 . Person number
- 680-699. .Person number
780-799 - Person number




DATA SIZE BEGIN
D IMP8660 1545
Topical modules imputation flag Imputation of 'TM8660'

D IMP8666 1546
Topical modules imputation flag Imputation of 'TM8666'

D IMP8714 1547
Topical modules imputation flag Imputation of 'TM8714'

D IMP8716 1548
Topical modules imputation flag Imputation of 'TM8716'

D IMP8730 1549
Topical modules imputation flag Imputation of 'TM8730'

D IMP8732 $1 \quad 550$
Topical modules imputation flag Imputation of 'TM8732'

D IMP8734 1551
Topical modules imputation flag Imputation of 'TM8734'

D IMP8754 1552
Topical modules imputation flag Imputation of 'TM8754'

D IMP8756 1553
Topical modules imputation flag Imputation of 'TM8756'

D IMP8758 1554
Topical modules imputation flag Imputation of 'TM8758'

D IMP8760 1555
Topical modules imputation flag Imputation of 'TM8760'

D IMP8761 1556
Topical modules imputation flag Imputation of 'TM8761'

D IMP8762 1557
Topical modules imputation flag Imputation of 'TM8762'

D IMP8763 1558
Topical modules imputation flag Imputation of 'TM8763'

D IMP8764 1559
Topical modules imputation flag Imputation of 'TM8764'

D IMP8765 1560
Topical modules imputation flag Imputation of 'TM8765

D IMP8770 1561
Topical modules imputation flag Imputation of 'TM8770'

D IMP8788 1562
Topical modules imputation flag Imputation of 'TM8788'


EOURCE AND ACCURACY BTATEMENT FOR THE 1991 PUBLIC UBE FILES FROM THE BURVEY OF INCOME AND PROGRAM PARTICIPATION

## BOURCE OF DATA

The data were collected in the 1991 panel of the Survey of Income and Program Participation (SIPP). The SIPP universe is the noninstitutionalized resident population living in the United States. The population includes persons living in group quarters, such as dormitories, rooming houses, and religious group dwellings. Crew members of merchant vessels, Armed Forces personnel living in military barracks, and institutionalized persons, such as correctional facility inmates and nursing home residents, were not eligible to be in the survey. Also, United States citizens residing abroad were not eligible to be in the survey. Foreign visitors who work or attend school in this country and their families were eligible; all others were not eligible to be in the survey. With the exceptions noted above, persons who were at least 15 years of age at the time of the interview were eligible to be in the survey.

The 1991 panel of the SIPP sample is located in 230 Primary Sampling Units (PSUs) each consisting of a county or a group of contiguous counties. Within these PSUs, expected clusters of two living quarters (LQs) were systematically selected from lists of addresses prepared for the 1980 decennial census to form the bulk of the sample. To account for LQs built within each of the sample areas after the 1980 census, a sample containing clusters of four LQs was drawn of permits issued for construction of residential LQs up until shortly before the beginning of the panel.

In jurisdictions that don't issue building permits or have incomplete addresses, small land areas were sampled and expected clusters of four Les within were listed by field personnel and then subsampled. In addition, sample LQs were selected from a supplemental frame that included LQs identified as missed in the 1980 census.

Approximately 19,300 living quarters were originally designated for the 1991 panel. For Wave 1 of the panel, interviews were obtained from occupants of about 14,300 of the 19,300 designated living quarters. Most of the remaining 5,000 living quarters in the panel were found to be vacant, demolished, converted to nonresidential use, or otherwise ineligible for the survey. However, approximately 1,300 of the 5,000 living quarters in the panel were not interviewed because the occupants refused to be interviewed, could not be found at home, were temporarily absent, or were otherwise unavailable. Thus, occupants of about 92 percent of all eligible living quarters participated in the first interview of the panel.

For subsequent interviews, only original sample persons (those in Wave 1 sample households and interviewed in Wave 1) and persons living with them were eligible to be interviewed. Original sample persons were followed if they moved to a new address, unless the new address was more than 100 miles from a SIPP sample area. Then, telephone interviews were attempted.

Sample households within a given panel are divided into four subsamples of nearly equal size. These subsamples are called rotation groups 1, 2, 3, or 4 and one rotation group is interviewed each month. Each household in the sample was scheduled to be interviewed at 4 month intervals over a period of roughly 2 years beginning in February 1991. The reference period for the questions is the 4 -month period preceding the interview month. In general, one cycle of four interviews covering the entire sample, using the same questionnaire, is called a wave.

A unique feature of the SIPP design is overlapping panels. The overlapping design allows panels to be combined and essentially doubles the sample sizes. Selected interviews for the 1991 panels can be combined with interviews from the 1990 panels. Information necessary to do this is included later in this statement.

The public use files include core and supplemental (topical module) data. Core questions are repeated at each interview over the life of the panel. Topical modules include questions which are asked only in certain waves. The 1991 and 1990 panel topical modules are given in tables 1 and 2 respectively.

Tables 3 and 4 indicate the reference months and interview months for the collection of data from each rotation group for the 1991 and 1990 panels respectively. For example, Wave 1 rotation group 2 of the 1991 panel was interviewed in February 1991 and data for the reference months October 1990 through January 1991 were collected.

Estimation. The estimation procedure used to derive SIPP person weights involved several stages of weight adjustments. In the first wave, each person received a base weight equal to the inverse of his/her probability of selection. For each subsequent interview, each person received a base weight that accounted for the following movers.

A noninterview factor was applied to the weight of every occupant of interviewed households to account for persons in noninterviewed occupied households which were eligible for the sample. (Individual nonresponse within partially interviewed households was treated with imputation. No special adjustment was made for noninterviews in group quarters.)

A factor was applied to each interviewed person's weight to account for the SIPP sample areas not having the same population distribution as the strata from which they were selected.

The Bureau has used complex techniques to adjust the weights for nonresponse. For a further explanation of the techniques used, see the Nonresponse Adjustment Methods for Demographic Surveys at the U.S. Bureau of the Census, November 1988, Working paper 8823, by R. Singh and R. Petroni. The success of these techniques in avoiding bias is unknown. An example of successfully avoiding bias can be found in "Current Nonresponse Research for the Survey of Income and Program Participation" (paper by Petroni, presented at the Second International Workshop on Household Survey Nonresponse, October 1991).

An additional stage of adjustment to persons' weights was performed to reduce the mean square errors of the survey estimates. This was accomplished by ratio adjusting the sample estimates to agree with monthly Current Population Survey (CPS) type estimates of the civilian (and some military) noninstitutional population of the United States by demographic characteristics including age, race, and sex as of the specified date. The CPS estimates by age, race, and sex were themselves brought into agreement with estimates from the 1980 decennial census which have been adjusted to reflect births, deaths, immigration, emigration, and changes in the Armed Forces since 1980. In addition, SIPP estimates were controlled to independent Hispanic controls and an adjustment was made so that husbands and wives within the same household were assigned equal weights. All of the above adjustments are implemented for each reference month and the interview month.

Use of Weights. Each household and each person within each household on each wave tape has five weights. Four of these weights are reference month specific and therefore can be used only to form reference month estimates. Reference month estimates can be averaged to form estimates of monthly averages over some period of time. For example, using the proper weights, one can estimate the monthly average number of households in a specified income range over November and December 1991. To estimate monthly averages of a given measure (e.g., total, mean) over a number of consecutive months, sum the monthly estimates and divide by the number of months.

The remaining weight is interview month specific. This weight can be used to form estimates that specifically refer to the interview month (e.g., total persons currently looking for work), as well as estimates referring to the time period including the interview month and all previous months (e.g., total persons who have ever served in the military).

To form an estimate for a particular month, use the references month weight for the month of interest, summing over all persons or households with the characteristic of interest whose reference period includes the month of interest. Multiply the sum by a factor to account for the number of rotations contributing data
for the month. This factor equals four divided by the number of rotations contributing data for the month. For example, December 1990 data is only available from rotations 2, 3, and 4 for Wave 1 of the 1991 panel (See table 3), so a factor of $4 / 3$ must be applied. To form an estimate for an interview month, use the procedure discussed above using the interview month weight provided on the file.

When estimates for months with four rotations worth of data are constructed from a wave file, factors greater than 1 must be applied. However, when core data from consecutive waves are used together, data from all four rotations may be available, in which case the factors are equal to 1.

These tapes contain no weight for characteristics that involve a persons's or household's status over two or more months (e.g., number of households with a 50 percent increase in income between November and December 1990).

Producing Estimates for Census Regions and states. The total estimate for a region is the sum of the state estimates in that region. Using this sample, estimates for individual states are subject to very high variance and are not recommended. The state codes on the file are primarily of use for linking respondent characteristics with appropriate contextual variables (e.g., state-specific welfare criteria) and for tabulating data by userdefined groupings of states.

Producing Estimates for the Metropolitan Population. For Washington, DC and 11 states, metropolitan or non-metropolitan residence is identified (variable H*-METRO). In 34 additional states, where the non-metropolitan population in the sample was small enough to present a disclosure risk, a fraction of the metropolitan sample was recoded to be indistinguishable from nonmetropolitan cases (H*-METRO=2). In these states, therefore, the cases coded as metropolitan (H*-METRO=1) represent only a subsample of that population.

In producing state estimates for a metropolitan characteristic, multiply the individual, family, or household weights by the metropolitan inflation factor for that state, presented in table 5. (This inflation factor compensates for the subsampling of the metropolitan population and is 1.0 for the states with complete identification of the metropolitan population.)

The same procedure applies when creating estimates for particular identified MSA's or CMSA's--apply the factor appropriate to the state. For multi-state MSA's, use the factor appropriate to each state part. For example, to tabulate data for the Washington, DC-MD-VA MSA, apply the Virginia factor of 1.0521 to weights for residents of the Virginia part of the MSA; Maryland and DC
residents require no modification to the weights (i.e., their factors equal 1.0).

In producing regional or national estimates of the metropolitan population, it is also necessary to compensate for the fact that no metropolitan subsample is identified within two states (Mississippi and West Virginia) and one state-group (North Dakota - South Dakota - Iowa). Thus, factors in the right-hand column of table 5 should be used for regional and national estimates. The results of regional and national tabulations of the metropolitan population will be biased slightly. However, less than one-half of one percent of the metropolitan population is not represented.

Producing Estimates for the Non-Metropolitan Population. State, regional, and national estimates of the non-metropolitan population cannot be computed directly, except for Washington, DC and the 11 states where the factor for state tabulations in table 5 is 1.0. In all other states, the cases identified as not in the metropolitan subsample (METRO=2) are a mixture of nonmetropolitan and metropolitan households. Only an indirect method of estimation is available: first compute an estimate for the total population, then subtract the estimates for the metropolitan population. The results of these tabulations will be slightly biased.

Combined Panel Estimates. Both the 1991 and 1990 panels provide data for October 1990-August 1992. Thus, estimates for these time periods may be obtained by combining the corresponding panels. However, since the Wave 1 questionnaire differs from the subsequent waves' questionnaire and since there were some procedural changes between the 1990 and 1991 panels, we recommend that estimates not be obtained by combining Wave 1 data of the 1991 panel with data from another panel. In this case, use the estimate obtained from either panel. Additionally, even for other waves, care.should be taken when combining data from two panels since questionnaires for the two panels differ somewhat and since the length of time in sample for interviews from the two panels differ.

Combined panel estimates may be obtained either (1) by combining estimates derived separately for the two panels or (2) by first combining data from the two files and then producing an estimate.

## 1. Combining Separate Estimates

Corresponding estimates from two consecutive year panels can be combined to create joint estimates by using the formula

$$
\begin{equation*}
\hat{S}=W \hat{J}_{1}+(1-w) g_{2} \tag{A}
\end{equation*}
$$

$\mathcal{J}=$ joint estimate (total, mean, proportion,etc);
$\boldsymbol{\vartheta}_{1}=$ estimate from the earlier panel:
$\boldsymbol{J}_{2}=$ estimate from the later panel;
$W=$ weighting factor of the earlier panel.

To combine the 1990 and 1991 panels use a $W$ value of 0.613 unless one of the panels contributes no information to the estimate. In that case, the panel contributing information receives a factor of 1 . The other receives a factor of zero.

## 2. Combining Data from Separate Files

Start by first creating a file containing the data from the two panel files. Apply the weighting factor, $W$, to the weight of each person from the earlier panel and apply (1-W) to the weight of each person from the later panel. Estimates can then be produced using the same methodology as used to obtain estimates from a single panel.

## Illustration for computing combined panel estimate.

Suppose SIPP estimates for Wave 5, 1990 panel show there were 441,000 households with monthly December income above $\$ 6,000$. Also, suppose SIPP estimates for Wave 2, 1991 panel show there were 435,000 households with monthly December income above $\$ 6,000$. Using formula (A), the joint level estimate is

$$
g=(0.613)(441,000\rangle+\langle 0.387)(435,000\rangle=439,000
$$

## ACCURACY OF ESTIMATES

SIPP estimates are based on a sample; they may differ somewhat from the figures that would have been obtained if a complete
census had been taken using the same questionnaire, instructions, and enumerators. There are two types of errors possible in an estimate based on a sample survey: nonsampling and sampling. We are able to provide estimates of the magnitude of SIPP sampling error, but this is not true of nonsampling error. Found in the next sections are descriptions of sources of SIPP nonsampling error, followed by a discussion of sampling error, its estimation, and its use in data analysis.

Nonsampling Variability. Nonsampling errors can be attributed to many sources, e.g., inability to obtain information about all cases in the sample; definitional difficulties; differences in the interpretation of questions; inability or unwillingness on the part of the respondents to provide correct information; inability to recall information, errors made in the following: collection such as in recording or coding the data, processing the data, estimating values for missing data; biases resulting from the differing recall periods caused by the interviewing pattern used; and undercoverage. Quality control and edit procedures were used to reduce errors made by respondents, coders and interviewers. More detailed discussions of the existence and control of nonsampling errors in the SIPP can be found in the SIPP Quality Profile.
Undercoverage in SIPP results from missed living quarters and missed persons within sample households. It is known that undercoverage varies with age, race, and sex. Generally, undercoverage is larger for males than for females and larger for Blacks than for nonBlacks. Ratio estimation to independent age-race-sex population controls partially corrects for the bias due to survey undercoverage. However, biases exist in the estimates to the extent that persons in missed households or missed persons in interviewed households have characteristics different from those of interviewed persons in the same age-race-sex group. Further, the independent population controls used have not been adjusted for undercoverage in the Census.

Comparability with Other Estimates. Caution should be exercised when comparing data from this report with data from other SIPP publications or with data from other surveys. The comparability problems are caused by such sources as the seasonal patterns for many characteristics, different nonsampling errors, and different concepts and procedures. Refer to the SIPP Quality profile for known differences with data from other sources and further díscussion.
sampling Variability. Standard errors indicate the magnitude of the sampling error. They also partially measure the effect of some nonsampling errors in response and enumeration, but do not measure any systematic biases in the data. The standard errors for the most part measure the variations that occurred by chance because a sample rather than the entire population was surveyed.

## USES AND COMPUTATION OF STANDARD ERRORS

Confidence Intervals. The sample estimate and its standard error enable one to construct confidence intervals, ranges that would include the average result of all possible samples with a known probability. For example, if all possible samples were selected, each of these being surveyed under essentially the same conditions and using the same sample design, and if an estimate and its standard error were calculated from each sample, then:

1. Approximately 68 percent of the intervals from one standard error below the estimate to one standard error above the estimate would include the average result of all possible samples.
2. Approximately 90 percent of the intervals from 1.6 standard errors below the estimate to 1.6 standard errors above the estimate would include the average result of all possible samples.
3. Approximately 95 percent of the intervals from two standard errors below the estimate to two standard errors above the estimate would include the average result of all possible samples.

The average estimate derived from all possible samples is or is not contained in any particular computed interval. However, for a particular sample, one can say with a specified confidence that the average estimate derived from all possible samples is included in the confidence interval.

Hypothesis Testing. Standard errors may also be used for hypothesis testing, a procedure for distinguishing between population characteristics using sample estimates. The most common types of hypotheses tested are 1) the population characteristics are identical versus 2) they are different. Tests may be performed at various levels of significance, where a level of significance is the probability of concluding that the characteristics are different when, in fact, they are identical.

To perform the most common test, compute the difference $X_{A}-X_{B}$, where $X_{A}$ and $X_{B}$ are sample estimates of the characteristics of interest. A later section explains how to derive an estimate of the standard error of the difference $X_{A}-X_{g}$. Let that standard error be $s_{D i f f}$. If $X_{A}-X_{B}$ is between -1.6 times $s_{D I F F}$ and +1.6 times $s_{\text {piff }}$ no conclusion about the characteristics is justified at the 10 percent significance level. If, on the other hand, $X_{A}-X_{B}$ is smaller than -1.6 times $s_{\text {Diff }}$ or larger than +1.6 times $S_{\text {Diff }}$, the observed difference is significant at the 10 percent level. In this event, it is commonly accepted practice to say that the characteristics are different. Of course, sometimes
this conclusion will be wrong. When the characteristics are, in fact, the same, there is a 10 percent chance of concluding that they are different.

Note that as more tests are performed, more erroneous significant differences will occur. For example, at the 10 percent significance level, if 100 independent hypothesis tests are performed in which there are no real differences, it is likely that about 10 erroneous differences will occur. Therefore, the significance of any single test should be interpreted cautiously.

Note Concerning Emall Estimates and 8mall Differences. Because of the large standard errors involved, there is little chance that estimates will reveal useful information when computed on a base smaller than 200,000. Care must be taken in the interpretation of small differences since even a small amount of nonsampling error can cause a borderline difference to appear significant or not, thus distorting a seemingly valid hypothesis test.

Standard Error Parameters and Tables and Their Use. Most SIPP estimates have greater standard errors than those obtained through a simple random sample because clusters of living quarters are sampled for the SIPP. To derive standard errors that would be applicable to a wide variety of estimates and could be prepared at a moderate cost, a number of approximations were required. Estimates with similar standard error behavior were grouped together and two parameters (denoted "a" and "b") were developed to approximate the standard error behavior of each group of estimates. Because the actual standard error behavior was not identical for all estimates within a group, the standard errors computed from these parameters provide an indication of the order of magnitude of the standard error for any specific estimate. These "a" and "b" parameters vary by characteristic and by demographic subgroup to which the estimate applies. Table 6 provides base "a" and "b" parameters to be used for the 1991 panel estimates.

The factors provided in table 7 when multiplied by the base parameters of table 6 for a given subgroup and type of estimate give the "a" and "b" parameters for that subgroup and estimate type for the specified reference period. For example, the base "a" and "b" parameters for total number of households are -0.0001005 and 9,286 , respectively. For Wave 1 the factor for October 1990 is 4 since only 1 rotation month of data is available. So, the "a" and "b" parameters for total household income in October 1990 based on Wave 1 are -0.0004020 and 37,144, respectively. Also for Wave 1 , the factor for the first quarter of 1991 is 1.2222 since 9 rotation months of data are available (rotations 1 and 4 provide 3 rotations months each, while rotations 2 and 3 provide 1 and 2 rotation months, respectively). So the "a" and "b" parameters for total number of households in
the first quarter of 1991 are $\mathbf{- 0 . 0 0 0 1 2 2 8}$ and 11,349, respectively for Wave 1.

The "a" and mb" parameters may be used to calculate the standard error for estimated numbers and percentages. Because the actual standard error behavior was not identical for all estimates within a group, the standard errors computed from these parameters provide an indication of the order of magnitude of the standard error for any specific estimate. Methods for using these parameter for computation of approximate standard errors are given in the following sections.

For those users who wish further simplification, we have also provided general standard errors in tables 8 through 11. Note that these standard errors only apply when data from all four rotations are used and must be adjusted by a factor from table 6. The standard errors resulting from this simplified approach are less accurate. Methods for using these parameters and tables for computation of standard errors are given in the following sections.

For the 1990, 1991 combined panel parameters, multiply the parameters in table 6 by the appropriate factor from table 15. The factors provided in table 16 adjust parameters for the number of rotation months available for a given estimate. These factors, when multiplied by the combined panel parameters derived from table 6 for a given subgroup and type of estimate, give the "a" and "b" parameters for that subgroup and estimate type for the specified combined reference period.

Table 12 provides base "a" and "b" parameters for calculating 1991 topical module variances. Table 13 provides base "a" and "b" parameters for computing the 1990, 1991 combined panel topical module variances.

Procedures for calculating standard errors for the types of estimates most commonly used are described below. Note specifically that these procedures apply only to reference month estimates or averages of reference month estimates. Refer to the section "Use of Weights" for a more detailed discussion of the construction of estimates. Stratum codes and half sample codes are included on the tapes to enable the user to compute the variances directly by methods such as balanced repeated replications (BRR). William G. Cochran provides a list of references discussing the application of this technique. (See Sampling Techniques, 3rd Ed., New York: John Wiley and Sons, 1977, P. 321.)

8tandard errors of estimated numbers. The approximate standard error, $s_{x}$, of an estimated number of persons, households, families, unrelated individuals and so forth, can be obtained in
two ways. Both apply when data from all four rotations are used to make the estimate. However, only the second method should be used when less than four rotations of data are available for the estimate. Note that neither method should be applied to dollar values.

The standard error may be obtained by the use of the formula

$$
\begin{equation*}
S_{x}=f_{S} \tag{1}
\end{equation*}
$$

where $f$ is the appropriate "f" factor from table 6, and $s$ is the standard error on the estimate obtained by interpolation from table 8 or 9. Alternatively, $s_{x}$ may be approximated by the formula

$$
\begin{equation*}
s_{x}=\sqrt{a x^{2}+b x} \tag{2}
\end{equation*}
$$

from which the standard errors in tables 8 and 9 were calculated. Here $x$ is the size of the estimate and "a" and "b" are the parameters associated with the particular type of characteristic being estimated. Use of formula 2 will provide more accurate resuits than the use of formula 1.

Illustration.
Suppose SIPP estimates for Wave 1 of the 1991 panel show that there were 472,000 households with monthly household income above $\$ 6,000$. The appropriate parameters and factor from table 6 and the appropriate general standard error from table 8 are
$a=-0.0001005$
$b=9,286$
$f=1.00$
$s=66,000$

Using formula 1, the approximate standard error is

$$
s_{x}=66,000
$$

Using formula 2, the approximate standard error is

$$
\sqrt{(-0.0001005)(472,000)^{2}+(9,286)(472,000)}=66,000
$$

Using the standard error based on formula 2, the approximate 90percent confidence interval as shown by the data is from 366,000 to 578,000. Therefore, a conclusion that the average estimate derived from all possible samples lies within a range computed in this way would be correct for roughly $90 \%$ of all samples.

Illustration for computing standard errors for combined panel estimates.

Suppose the combined SIPP estimate for total number of households for Wave 5, 1990 panel and Wave 2, 1991 panel was 92,398,000. The combined panel parameters for total households are obtained by multiplying the appropriate "a" and "b" values from table 6 by the appropriate factors from tables 15 and 16. The 1991 parameters and factors are $a=-0.0001005, b=9,286, g=0.4163$ and factor $=1.0000$, respectively. Thus, the combined panel parameters are $a=-0.0000418$ and $b=3,866$. Using formula 2, the approximate standard error is

$$
s=\sqrt{(-0.0000418)(92,398,000)^{2}+(3866)(92,398,000)}=19,000
$$

Standard Error of a Mean. A mean is defined here to be the average quantity of some item (other than persons, families, or households) per person, family or household. For example, it could be the average monthly household income of females age 25 to 34. The standard error of a mean can be approximated by formula 3 below. Because of the approximations used in developing formula 3, an estimate of the standard error of the mean obtained from this formula will generally underestimate the true standard error. The formula used to estimate the standard error of a mean $\bar{x}$ is

$$
\begin{equation*}
s_{\bar{x}}=\sqrt{\left(\frac{b}{y}\right) s^{2}} \tag{3}
\end{equation*}
$$

where $y$ is the size of the base, $s^{2}$ is the estimated population variance of the item and $b$ is the parameter associated with the particular type of item.
The population variance $s^{2}$ may be estimated by one of two methods. In both methods we assume $x_{i}$ is the value of the item for unit i. (Unit may be person, family, or household). To use the first method, the range of values for the item is divided into $c$ intervals. The upper and lower boundaries of interval $j$ are $Z_{j-1}$ and $Z_{j}$, respectively. Each unit is placed into one of $c$ groups such that $Z_{j-1}<X_{i} \leq Z_{j}$.
The estimated population variance, $s^{2}$, is given by the formula:

$$
\begin{equation*}
s^{2}=\sum_{j=1}^{c} \quad p_{j} m_{j}^{2}-\overline{x^{2}} \tag{4}
\end{equation*}
$$

where $p_{j}$ is the estimated proportion of units in group $j$, and $m_{j}$ $=\left(Z_{j-1}+Z_{j}\right) / 2$. The most representative value of the item in group $j$ is assumed to be $m_{1}$. If group $c$ is open-ended, i.e., no upper interval boundary exists, then an approximate value for $m_{c}$ is

$$
m_{c}=\frac{3}{2} z_{c-2}
$$

The mean, $\bar{x}$ can be obtained using the following formula:

$$
\bar{x}=\sum_{j=1}^{c} p_{y} m_{j}
$$

In the second method, the estimated population variance is given by

$$
\begin{equation*}
s^{2}=\frac{\sum_{i=1}^{n} w_{1} x_{i}^{2}}{\sum_{i=1}^{n} w_{1}}-\overline{x^{2}} \tag{5}
\end{equation*}
$$

where there are $n$ units with the item of interest and $w_{i}$ is the final weight for unit i. The mean, $\bar{x}$, can be obtained from the formula

$$
\bar{x}=\frac{\sum_{i=1}^{n} w_{1} x_{i}}{\sum_{i=1}^{n} w_{i}}
$$

When forming combined estimates using formula (A) from the section on combined panel estimates, $s^{2}$, given by formula (4), should be calculated by forming a distribution for each panel. The range of values for the item will be divided into intervals. Combined estimates for each interval can be obtained using formula (A). Formula (4) can be applied to the combined distribution. To calculate $\bar{x}$ and $s^{2}$ given by formula (5), replace $x_{i}$ by $W x_{i}$ for $x_{i}$ from the earlier panel and (1-W) $x_{i}$ for $x_{i}$ from the later panel.

## Illustration.

Suppose that based on Wave 1 data, the distribution of monthly cash income for persons age 25 to 34 during the month of January 1991 is given in table 14.

Using formula 4 and the mean monthly cash income of $\$ 2,530$ the approximate population variance, $s^{2}$, is

$$
\begin{aligned}
s^{2}= & \left(\frac{1,371}{39,851}\right)(150)^{2}+\left(\frac{1,651}{39,851}\right)(450)^{2}+\ldots .+ \\
& \left(\frac{1,493}{39,851}\right)(9,000)^{2}-(2,530)^{2}=3,159,887 .
\end{aligned}
$$

Using formula 3, the appropriate base "b" parameter and factor from table 6, the estimated standard error of a mean $\bar{x}$ is

$$
s_{\bar{x}}=\sqrt{\left(\frac{7,514}{39,851,000}\right)(3,159,887)}=\$ 24
$$

Standard error of an aggregate. An aggregate is defined to be the total quantity of an item summed over all the units in a
group. The standard error of an aggregate can be approximated using formula 6 .

As with the estimate of the standard error of a mean, the estimate of the standard error of an aggregate will generally underesfimate the true standard error. Iet $y$ be the size of the base, $s^{2}$ be the estimated population variance of the item obtained using formula (4) or (5) and $b$ be the parameter associated with the particular type of item. The standard error of an aggregate is:

$$
\begin{equation*}
s_{x}=\sqrt{(b)(y) s^{2}} \tag{6}
\end{equation*}
$$

standard Errors of Estimated Percentages. The reliability of an estimated percentage, computed using sample data for both numerator and denominator, depends upon both the size of the percentage and the size of the total upon which the percentage is based. Estimated percentages are relatively more reliable than the corresponding estimates of the numerators of the percentages, particularly if the percentages are 50 percent or more, e.g., the percent of people employed is more reliable than the estimated number of people employed. When the numerator and denominator of the percentage have different parameters, use the parameter (and appropriate factor) of the numerator. If proportions are presented instead of percentages, note that the standard error of a proportion is equal to the standard error of the corresponding percentage divided by 100.
There are two types of percentages commonly estimated. The first is the percentage of persons, families or households sharing a particular characteristic such as the percent of persons owning their own home. The second type is the percentage of money or some similar concept held by a particular group of persons or held in a particular form. Examples are the percent of total wealth held by persons with high income and the percent of total income received by persons on welfare.
For the percentage of persons, families, or households, the approximate standard error, $\delta_{(x, p) \text {, }}$ of the estimated percentage $p$ can be obtained by the formula

$$
\begin{equation*}
s_{(x, p)}=f s \tag{7}
\end{equation*}
$$

when data from all four rotations are used to estimate p.
In this formula, $f$ is the appropriate " $f$ " factor from table 6 and $s$ is the standard error of the estimate from table 10 or 11.

Alternatively, it may be approximated by the formula

$$
\begin{equation*}
s_{(x, p)}=\sqrt{\frac{b}{x}(p)(100-p)} \tag{8}
\end{equation*}
$$

from which the standard errors in tables 10 and 11 were calculated. Here $x$ is the size of the subclass of social units which is the base of the percentage, $p$ is the percentage ( $0<p<100$ ), and $b$ is the parameter associated with the characteristic in the numerator. Use of this formula will give more accurate results than use of formula 7 above and should be used when data from less than four rotations are used to estimate p.

## Illustration.

Suppose that, in the month of January 1991, 6.7 percent of the 16,812,000 persons in nonfarm households with a mean monthly household cash income of $\$ 4,000$ to $\$ 4,999$, were black. Using formula 8 and the "b" parameter of 10,110 from table 6 and a factor of 1 for the month of January 1991 from table 7, the approximate standard error is

$$
\sqrt{\frac{10,110}{(16,812,000)}(6.7)(100-6.7)}=0.61 \text { percent }
$$

Consequently, the 90 percent confidence interval as shown by these data is from 5.7 to 7.7 percent.

For percentages of money, a more complicated formula is required. A percentage of money will usually be estimated in one of two ways. It may be the ratio of two aggregates:

$$
p_{I}=100\left(X_{\lambda} / X_{X N}\right)
$$

or it may be the ratio of two means with an adjustment for different bases:

$$
p_{I}=100\left(\mathcal{F}_{A} \bar{X}_{A} / \bar{X}_{A}\right)
$$

where $x_{A}$ and $x_{N}$ are aggregate money figures, $\bar{x}_{A}$ and $\bar{x}_{N}$ are mean money figures, and $\boldsymbol{P}_{\mathrm{A}}$ is the estimated number in group $A$ divided by the estimated number in group $N$. In either case, we estimate the standard error as

$$
\begin{equation*}
s_{I}=\sqrt{\left(\frac{\bar{B}_{A} \bar{X}_{A}}{\bar{X}_{A}}\right)^{2}\left[\left(\frac{s_{p}}{\bar{B}_{A}}\right)^{2}+\left(\frac{s_{A_{A}}}{\bar{X}_{A}}\right)^{2}+\left(\frac{s_{A}}{\bar{X}_{H}}\right)^{2}\right]} . \tag{9}
\end{equation*}
$$

where $s_{p}$ is the standard error of $P_{A}, s_{A}$ is the standard error of $\bar{X}_{\lambda}$ and $s_{B}$ is the standard error of $\bar{X}_{k}$. To calculate $s_{p}$, use formula 8 . The standard errors of $\bar{x}_{11}$ and $\bar{x}_{\lambda}$ may be calculated using formula 3.
It should be noted that there is frequently some correlation between $\hat{P}_{A}, \bar{X}_{N^{\prime}}$ and $\bar{X}_{A}$. Depending on the magnitude and sign of the correlations, the standard error will be over or underestimated.

## Illustration.

Suppose that in January 1991, $9.8 \%$ of the households own rental property, the mean value of rental property is $\$ 72,121$, the mean value of assets is $\$ 78,734$, and the corresponding standard errors are 0.31\%, \$5799, and \$2867. In total there are $86,790,000$ households. Then; the percent of all household assets held in rental property is

$$
=100\left((0.098) \frac{72121}{78734}\right)=9.08
$$

Using formula (9), the appropriate standard error is

$$
\begin{aligned}
\varepsilon_{I} & =\sqrt{\left(\frac{(0.098)(72121)}{78734}\right)^{2}\left[\left(\frac{0.0031}{0.098}\right)^{2}+\left(\frac{5799}{72121}\right)^{2}+\left(\frac{2867}{78734}\right)^{2}\right]} \\
& =0.008 \\
& =0.8 \%
\end{aligned}
$$

standard Error of a Difference. The standard error of a difference between two sample estimates is approximately equal to

$$
\begin{equation*}
s_{(x-y)}=\sqrt{s_{x}^{2}+E_{y}^{2}} \tag{10}
\end{equation*}
$$

where $s_{x}$ and $s_{y}$ are the standard errors of the estimates $x$ and $y$.
The estimates can be numbers, percents, ratios, etc. The above formula assumes that the correlation coefficient between the characteristics estimated by $x$ and $y$ is zero. If the correlation is really positive (negative), then this assumption will tend to cause overestimates (underestimates) of the true standard error.

## Illustration.

Suppose that SIPP estimates show the number of persons age 35-44 years with monthly cash income of $\$ 4,000$ to $\$ 4,999$ was $3,186,000$ in the month of January 1991 and the number of persons age 25-34 years with monthly cash income of $\$ 4,000$ to $\$ 4,999$ in the same time period was 2,619,000. Then, using parameters from table 6 and formula 2, the standard errors of these numbers are approximately 153,000 and 139,000 , respectively. The difference in sample estimates is 567,000 and, using formula 10, the approximate standard error of the difference is

$$
\sqrt{(153,000)^{2}+(139,000)^{2}}=207,000
$$

Suppose that it is desired to test at the 10 percent significance level whether the number of persons with monthly cash income of $\$ 4,000$ to $\$ 4,999$ was different for persons age $35-44$ years than for persons age 25-34 years. To perform the test, compare the difference of 567,000 to the product $1.6 \times 207,000=331,200$. Since the difference is greater than 1.6 times the standard error of the difference, the data show that the two age groups are significantly different at the 10 percent significance level.

Standard Error of a Median. The median quantity of some item such as income for a given group of persons, families, or households is that quantity such that at least half the group have as much or more and at least half the group have as much or less. The sampling variability of an estimated median depends upon the form of the distribution of the item as well as the size of the group. To calculate standard errors on medians, the procedure described below may be used.

An approximate method for measuring the reliability of an estimated median is to determine a confidence interval about it. (See the section on sampling variability for a general discussion of confidence intervals.) The following procedure may be used to estimate the 68 -percent confidence limits and hence the standard error of a median based on sample data.

1. Determine, using either formula 7 or formula 8, the standard error of an estimate of 50 percent of the group;
2. Add to and subtract from 50 percent the standard error determined in step 1;
3. Using the distribution of the item within the group, calculate the quantity of the item such that the percent of the group with more of the item is equal to the smaller percentage found in step 2. This quantity will be the upper limit for the 68-percent confidence interval. In a similar fashion, calculate the quantity of the item such that the percent of the group with more of the item is equal to the larger percentage found in step 2. This quantity will be the lower limit for the 68-percent confidence interval;
4. Divide the difference between the two quantities determined in step 3 by two to obtain the standard error of the median.

To perform step 3, it will be necessary to interpolate. Different methods. of interpolation may be used. The most common are simple linear interpolation and Pareto interpolation. The appropriateness of the method depends on the form of the distribution around the median. If density is declining in the area, then we recommend Pareto interpolation. If density is fairly constant in the area, then we recommend linear interpolation. Note, however, that Pareto interpolation can never be used if the interval contains zero or negative measures
of the item of interest. Interpolation is used as follows. The quantity of the item such that "p" percent have more of the item is

$$
\begin{equation*}
x_{p N}=\exp \left[\left(\operatorname{Ln}\left(\frac{p N}{N_{1}}\right) / \operatorname{Ln}\left(\frac{N_{2}}{N_{1}}\right)\right) \operatorname{Ln}\left(\frac{A_{2}}{A_{1}}\right)\right] A_{1} \tag{11}
\end{equation*}
$$

if Pareto Interpolation is indicated and

$$
\begin{equation*}
X_{p N}=\left[\frac{P N-N_{2}}{N_{2}-N_{1}} \quad\left(A_{2}-A_{1}\right)+A_{1}\right] \tag{12}
\end{equation*}
$$

if linear interpolation is indicated, where
$\mathrm{N} \quad$ is the size of the group,
$A_{1}$ and $A_{2} \quad$ are the lower and upper bounds, respectively, of the interval in which $X_{p w}$ falls,
$N_{1}$ and $N_{2} \quad$ are the estimated number of group members owning more than $A_{1}$ and $A_{2}$, respectively,
exp refers to the exponential function and In refers to the natural logarithm function.

Illustration.
To illustrate the calculations for the sampling error on a median, we return to table 14. The median monthly income for this group is $\$ 2,158$. The size of the group is $39,851,000$.

1. Using formula 8, the standard error of 50 percent on a base of $39,851,000$ is about 0.7 percentage points.
2. Following step 2, the two percentages of interest are 49.3 and 50.7.
3. By examining table 14, we see that the percentage 49.3 falls in the income interval from 2000 to 2499. (Since 55.5\% receive more than $\$ 2,000$ per month, the dollar value corresponding to 49.3 must be between $\$ 2,000$ and $\$ 2,500$ ). Thus, $A_{1}=\$ 2,000, A_{2}=\$ 2,500, N_{1}=22,106,000$, and $N_{2}=$ 16,307,000.

In this case, we decided to use Pareto interpolation. Therefore, the upper bound of a $68 \%$ confidence interval for the median is

$$
\$ 2,000 \exp \left[\left(\operatorname{Lr}\left(\frac{(.493)(39,851,000)}{22,106,000}\right) / \operatorname{In}\left(\frac{16,307,000}{22,106,000}\right)\right) \operatorname{Lr}\left(\frac{2,500}{2,000}\right)\right]=\$ 2181
$$

Also by examining table 14, we see that 50.7 falls in the same income interval. Thus, $A_{1}, A_{2}, N_{1}$ and $N_{2}$ are the same. We also use Pareto interpolation for this case. So the lower bound of a 68\% confidence interval for the median is

$$
\$ 2,000 \exp \left[\left(\left.\operatorname{Lr}\left(\frac{(.507)(39,851,000)}{22,106,000}\right) / \operatorname{Ln}\left(\frac{16,307,000}{22,106,000}\right) \right\rvert\, \operatorname{Ln}\left(\frac{2,500}{2,000}\right)\right]=\$ 2136\right.
$$

Thus, the 68-percent confidence interval on the estimated median is from $\$ 2136$ to $\$ 2181$. An approximate standard error is

$$
\frac{\$ 2181-\$ 2136}{2}=\$ 23
$$

Standard Errors of Ratios of Means and Medians. The standard error for a ratio of means or medians is approximated by:

$$
\begin{equation*}
s_{\frac{x}{y}}=\sqrt{\left(\frac{x}{y}\right)^{2}\left[\left(\frac{s_{y}}{y}\right)^{2}+\left(\frac{s_{x}}{x}\right)^{2}\right]} \tag{13}
\end{equation*}
$$

where $x$ and $y$ are the means or medians, and $s_{x}$ and $s_{y}$ are their associated standard errors. Formula 13 assumes that the means are not correlated. If the correlation between the population means estimated by $x$ and $y$ are actually positive (negative), then this procedure will tend to produce overestimates (underestimates) of the true standard error for the ratio of means.

| Wave | Topical Module |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1 | None |
| 2 | Recipiency History |
|  | Employment History |
|  | Work Disability History |
|  | Education and Training History |
|  | Marital History |
|  | Migration History |
|  | Fertility History |
|  | Household Relationships |
| 3 | Child Care Arrangements |
|  | Child Support Agreements |
|  | Support of Non-household Members |
|  | Functional Limitations and Disability |
|  | Utilization of Health Care Services |
|  | Work Schedule |
| 4 | Selected Financial Assets |
|  | Medical Expenses and Work Disability |
|  | Real Estate, Shelter Costs, Dependent Care, and Vehicles |
| 5 | Taxes |
|  | Annual Income and Retirement Accounts |
|  | School Enrollment and Financing |
| 6 | Extended Measures of Wellbeing |
|  | (Consumer Durables, |
|  | Living Conditions, |
|  | Basic Needs, |
|  | Expenditures, |
|  | Minimum Income) |
| 7 | Assets and Liabilities |
|  | Retirement Expectations and Pension Plan Coverage |
|  | Real Estate Property and Vehicles |
| 8 | Taxes |
|  | Annual Income and Retirement Accounts |
|  | School Enrollment and Financing |

Table 2. 1990 Panel Topical Modules

| Wave | Topical Module |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1 | None |
| 2 | Recipiency History |
|  | Employment History |
|  | Work Disability History |
|  | Education and Training History |
|  | Marital History |
|  | Migration History |
|  | Fertility History |
|  | Household Relationships |
| 3 | Work Schedule |
|  | Child Care |
|  | Child Support Agreements |
|  | Support of Non-household Members |
|  | Functional Limitations and Disability |
|  | Utilization of Health Care Services |
| 4 | Assets and Liabilities |
|  | Retirement Expectations and Pension Plan Coverage |
|  | Real Estate Property and vehicles |
| 5 | Taxes |
|  | Annual Income and Retirement Accounts |
|  | School Enrollment and Financing |
| 6 | Child Support Agreements |
|  | Support for Non-household Members |
|  | Functional Limitations and Disability |
|  | Utilization of Health Care Services |
|  | Not in Labor Force Spells |
| 7 | Selected Financial Assets |
|  | Medical Expenses and Work Disability |
|  | Real Estate, Shelter Costs, Dependent Care and |
| 8 | Taxes |
|  | Annual Income and Retirement Accounts |
|  | School Enrollment and Financing |

Table 3. Reference Konths Ior Each Interview Month - 1991 Panel

| Reference Period |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Wonth of Intervien | Wavel Rotation | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\text { 4th Querter }}{(1990)} \\ & \text { Oet Hov Dec } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\text { ist Quarter }}{\text { (1991) }} \\ & \text { sen feb Mar } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { and quarter } \\ & \text { (1991) } \\ & \text { Apr May dun } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{3 \text { red Quarter }}{(1991)} \\ & \text { dul_Ave Sepp } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\text { ith Quarter }}{(1991)} \\ & \text { ext Hoy Dec } \end{aligned}$ | ** | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\text { 2nd Quarter }}{(1993)} \\ & \text { Apr May dun } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 3rd Quarter } \\ & \text { (1993) } \\ & \text { dul Aus Sep } \end{aligned}$ |
| Feb 91 | $1 / 2$ | $\mathrm{x} \times \mathbf{x}$ | x |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mar | $1 / 3$ | $x \quad x$ | $x \quad x$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| apr | $1 / 4$ | $x$ | $x \quad x \quad x$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| May | 1/1 |  | $x \quad x \quad x$ | $x$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| dun | $2 / 2$ |  | $x \quad x$ | $x \quad x$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| dul | $2 / 3$ |  | $x$ | $x \quad x \quad x$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Aus | $2 / 4$ |  |  | $x \quad x \quad x$ | $x$ |  |  |  |  |
| sept | 2/1 |  |  | $x \quad x$ | $x \quad x$ |  |  |  |  |
| Det | 3/2 |  |  | x | $x \quad x \quad x$ |  |  |  |  |
| Mov | 3/3 |  |  |  | $x \quad x \quad x$ | $x$ |  |  |  |
| Dec | $3 / 4$ |  |  |  | $x \quad x$ | $x \quad x$ |  |  |  |
| $\stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{*}$ |  |  |  |  |  | - - | ... | - |  |
| Sept 93 | $8 / 1$ |  |  |  |  |  |  | $x \quad x$ | $\boldsymbol{x}$ |

Table 4. Reference Months for Each Interview Month - 1990 Panel
Reference Period


Table 5. Metropolitan Eubsample Factors to be applied to Compute National and Subnational Estimates

|  |  | Factors for use in State or CISA (MSA) Tabulations | Factors for use in Regio or National Tabulations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Northeast: | Connecticut | 1.0387 | 1.0387 |
|  | Maine | 1.2219 | 1.2219 |
|  | Massachusetts | 1.0000 | 1.0000 |
|  | New Hampshire | 1.2234 | 1.2234 |
|  | New Jersey | 1.0000 | 1.0000 |
|  | New York | 1.0000 | 1.0000 |
|  | Pennsylvania | 1.0096 | 1.0096 |
|  | Rhode Island | 1.2506 | 1.2506 |
|  | Vermont | 1.2219 | 1.2219 |
| Midwest: | Illinois | 1.0000 | 1.0110 |
|  | Indiana | 1.0336 | 1.0450 |
|  | Iowa | --- | --- |
|  | Kansas | 1.2912 | 1.3055 |
|  | Michigan | 1.0328 | 1.0442 |
|  | Minnesota | 1.0366 | 1.0480 |
|  | Missouri | 1.0756 | 1.0874 |
|  | Nebraska | 1.6289 | 1.6468 |
|  | North Dakota | - | --- |
|  | Ohio | 1.0233 | 1.0346 |
|  | South Dakota | --- | 1.0346 |
|  | Wisconsin | 1.0188 | 1.0300 |
| South: | Alabama | 1.1574 | 1.1595 |
|  | Arkansas | 1.6150 | 1.6179 |
|  | Delaware | 1.5593 | 1.5621 |
|  | D.C. | 1.0000 | 1.0018 |
|  | Florida | 1.0140 | 1.0158 |
|  | Georgia | 1.0142 | 1.0160 |
|  | Kentucky | 1.2120 | 1.2142 |
|  | Louisiana | 1.0734 | 1.0753 |
|  | Maryland | 1.0000 | 1.0018 |
|  | Mississippi | --- | --- |
|  | North Carolina | 1.0000 | 1.0018 |
|  | Oklahoma | 1.0793 | 1.0812 |
|  | South Carolina | 1.0185 | 1.0203 |
|  | Tennessee | 1.0517 | 1.0536 |
|  | Texas | 1.0113 | 1.0131 |
|  | Virginia | 1.0521 | 1.0540 |
|  | West Virginia | --- | 1.0540 |

- indicates no metropolitan subsample is identified for the state

Table 5 cont'd. Metropolitan Bubsample Factors to be Applied to Compute National and Bubnational Estimates

| West: |  | Factors for use in State or CMSA (MSA) Tabulations | Factors for use in Regional or National Tabulations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Alaska | 1.4339 | 1.4339 |
|  | Arizona | 1.0117 | 1.0117 |
|  | California | 1.0000 | 1.0000 |
|  | Colorado | 1.1306 | 1.1306 |
|  | Hawaii | 1.0000 | 1.0000 |
|  | Idaho | 1.4339 | 1.4339 |
|  | Montana | 1.4339 | 1.4339 |
|  | Nevada | 1.0000 | 1.0000 |
|  | New Mexico | 1.0000 | 1.0000 |
|  | Oregon | 1.1317 | 1.1317 |
|  | Utah | 1.0000 | 1.0000 |
|  | Washington | 1.0456 | 1.0456 |
|  | Wyoming | 1.4339 | 1.4339 |

- indicates no metropolitan subsample is identified for the state

Table 6: SIPP Indirect Generalized Variance Parameters for the 1991 Panel
Characteristics ${ }^{1}$

PERSONS
Total or White
16+ Program Participation and Benefits, Poverty (3)
Both Sexes
Male
Female
16+ Income and Labor Force (5)
Both Sexes
Male
Female
16+ Pension Plan ${ }^{2}$
Both Sexes
Male
Female
All Others ${ }^{2}$
Both Sexes
Male
Female
Black
Poverty (1)
Both Sexes
Male
Female
(4)
(6)

All Others (2)
Both Sexes
Male
Female

HOUSEHOLDS
Total or White
Black
$\begin{array}{lll}-0.0001342 & 22,040 & 0.90 \\ -0.0002789 & 22,040 & \\ -0.0002587 & 22,040 & \end{array}$
$-0.0000407 \quad 7.514 \quad 0.52$
$-0.0000850 \quad 7,514$
-0.0000778 7,514
$-0.0000744 \quad 13,761 \quad 0.71$
-0.0001556 13,761
-0.0001425 13,761
$\begin{array}{lll}-0.0001134 & 27,327 & 1.00\end{array}$
$-0.0002334 \quad 27,327$
-0.0002203 27,327

| -0.0006397 | 18,800 | 0.83 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| -0.0013668 | 18,800 |  |
| -0.0012028 | 18,800 |  |

## Parameters

a
b
f
,0002203 27,
$-0.0003441 \quad 10,110 \quad 0.61$
$-0.0007350 \quad 10,110$
$-0.000646810,110$

$$
\begin{array}{lll}
-0.0001005 & 9,286 & 1.00 \\
-0.0006115 & 6,416 & 0.83
\end{array}
$$

To account for sample attrition, multiply the $a$ and $b$ parameters by 1.09 for estimates which include data from Wave 5 and beyond.

For cross-tabulations, use the parameters of the characteristic with the smaller number within the parentheses.

Use the "16+ Pension Plan" parameters for pension plan tabulations of persons $16+$ in the labor force. Use the "All Others" parameters for retirement tabulations, 0+ program participation, $0+$ benefits, $0+$ income, and $0+$ labor force tabulations, in addition to any other types of tabulations not specifically covered by another characteristic in this table.

Fable 7. Factors to be Applied to Table 6 sase Parameters to Obtain Parameters for Various Reference Periods

> \# of available rotation months
factor
Monthly estimate
1
2
3
4.0000
2.0000
1.3333
4

Quarterly estimate

| 6 | 1.8519 |
| :--- | :--- |
| 8 | 1.4074 |
| 9 | 1.2222 |
| 10 | 1.0494 |
| 11 | 1.0370 |
| 12 | 1.0000 |

The number of available rotation months for a given estimate is the sum of the number of rotations available for each month of the estimate.

Table 8. Etandard Errors of Estimated Numbers of Households, Families or Unrelated Persons (Numbers in Thousands)

| Size of Estimate | Standard <br> Error | Size of Estimate | Standard <br> Error |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 200 | 43 | 15,000 | 342 |
| 300 | 53 | 25,000 | 412 |
| 500 | 68 | 30,000 | 434 |
| 750 | 83 | 40,000 | 459 |
| 1,000 | 96 | 50,000 | 462 |
| 2,000 | 135 | 60,000 | 442 |
| 3,000 | 164 | 70,000 | 397 |
| 5,000 | 210 | 80,000 | 316 |
| 7,500 | 253 | 90,000 | 147 |
| 10,000 | 288 | 92,000 | 61 |

1
To account for sample attrition, multiply the standard error of the estimate by 1.04 for estimates which include data from Wave 5 and beyond.

Table 9. Standard Errors of Estimated Jumbers of Persons (Numbers in Thousands)

| Size of Estimate | Standard <br> Error | Size of Estimate | Standard <br> Error |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 200 | 74 | 50,000 | 1041 |
| 300 | 90 | 80,000 | 1208 |
| 600 | 128 | 100,000 | 1264 |
| 1,000 | 165 | 130,000 | 1279 |
| 2,000 | 233 | 135,000 | 1274 |
| 5,000 | 366 | 150,000 | 1244 |
| 8,000 | 460 | 160,000 | 1212 |
| 11,000 | 536 | 180,000 | 1116 |
| 13,000 | 580 | 200,000 | 964 |
| 15,000 | 620 | 210,000 | 859 |
| 17,000 | 657 | 220,000 | 723 |
| 22,000 | 739 | 230,000 | 535 |
| 26,000 | 796 | 240,000 | 163 |
| 30,000 | 847 |  |  |

To account for sample attrition, multiply the standard error of the estimate by 1.04 for estimates which include data from Wave 5 and beyond.
rable 10. Btandard Errors of Estimated Percentages of of Households Families or Unrelated Persons

| Base of Estimated <br> Percentage <br> (Thousands) | Estimated Percentages |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1 or 299 | 2 or 98 | 5 or 95 | 10 or 90 | 25 or 75 | 50 |
| 300 | 2.1 | 3.0 | 4.7 | 6.5 | 9.3 | 10.8 |
| 500 | 1.8 | 2.5 | 3.8 | 5.3 | 7.6 | 8.8 |
| 750 | 1.4 | 1.9 | 3.0 | 4.1 | 5.9 | 6.8 |
| 1,000 | 1.1 | 1.6 | 2.4 | 3.3 | 4.8 | 5.6 |
| 2,000 | 1.0 | 1.3 | 2.1 | 2.9 | 4.2 | 4.8 |
| 3,000 | 0.68 | 1.0 | 1.5 | 2.0 | 3.0 | 3.4 |
| 5,000 | 0.55 | 0.78 | 1.2 | 1.7 | 2.4 | 2.8 |
| 7,500 | 0.43 | 0.60 | 0.9 | 1.3 | 1.9 | 2.2 |
| 10,000 | 0.35 | 0.49 | 0.8 | 1.1 | 1.5 | 1.8 |
| 15,000 | 0.30 | 0.43 | 0.66 | 0.9 | 1.3 | 1.5 |
| 25,000 | 0.25 | 0.35 | 0.54 | 0.75 | 1.1 | 1.2 |
| 30,000 | 0.19 | 0.27 | 0.42 | 0.58 | 0.8 | 1.0 |
| 40,000 | 0.18 | 0.25 | 0.38 | 0.53 | 0.76 | 0.9 |
| 50,000 | 0.15 | 0.21 | 0.33 | 0.46 | 0.66 | 0.76 |
| 60,000 | 0.14 | 0.19 | 0.30 | 0.41 | 0.59 | 0.68 |
| 70,000 | 0.12 | 0.17 | 0.27 | 0.37 | 0.54 | 0.62 |
| 80,000 | 0.11 | 0.16 | 0.25 | 0.35 | 0.50 | 0.58 |
| 90,000 | 0.11 | 0.15 | 0.23 | 0.32 | 0.47 | 0.54 |
| 92,000 | 0.10 | 0.14 | 0.22 | 0.30 | 0.44 | 0.51 |
|  | 0.10 | 0.14 | 0.22 | 0.30 | 0.44 | 0.50 |

To account for sample attrition, multiply the standard error of the estimate by 1.04 for estimates which include data from Wave 5 and beyond.

Table 11. Standard Errors of Estimated Percentages of Persons

| Base of Estimated Percentage (Thousands) | Estimated Percentages |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\leq 1$ or $\geq 99$ | 2 or 98 | 5 or 95 | 10 or 90 | 25 or 75 | 50 |
| 200 | 3.7 | 5.2 | 8.1 | 11.1 | 16.0 | 18.5 |
| 300 | 3.0 | 4.2 | 6.6 | 9.1 | 13.1 | 15.1 |
| 600 | 2.1 | 3.0 | 4.7 | 6.4 | 9.2 | 10.7 |
| 1,000 | 1.6 | 2.3 | 3.6 | 5.0 | 7.2 | 8.3 |
| 2,000 | 1.2 | 1.6 | 2.5 | 3.5 | 5.1 | 5.8 |
| 5,000 | 0.74 | 1.0 | 1.6 | 2.2 | 3.2 | 3.7 |
| 8,000 | 0.58 | 0.8 | 1.3 | 1.8 | 2.5 | 2.9 |
| 11,000 | 0.50 | 0.70 | 1.1 | 1.5 | 2.2 | 2.5 |
| 13,000 | 0.46 | 0.64 | 1.0 | 1.4 | 2.0 | 2.3 |
| 17,000 | 0.40 | 0.56 | 0.9 | 1.2 | 1.7 | 2.0 |
| 22,000 | 0.35 | 0.49 | 0.8 | 1.1 | 1.5 | 1.8 |
| 26,000 | 0.32 | 0.45 | 0.71 | 1.0 | 1.4 | 1.6 |
| 30,000 | 0.30 | 0.42 | 0.66 | 0.9 | 1.3 | 1.5 |
| 50,000 | 0.23 | 0.33 | 0.51 | 0.70 | 1.0 | 1.2 |
| 80,000 | 0.18 | 0.26 | 0.40 | 0.55 | 0.8 | 0.9 |
| 100,000 | 0.16 | 0.23 | 0.36 | 0.50 | 0.72 | 0.8 |
| 130,000 | 0.14 | 0.20 | 0.32 | 0.43 | 0.63 | 0.72 |
| 200,000 | 0.12 | 0.16 | 0.25 | 0.35 | 0.51 | 0.58 |
| 220,000 | 0.11 | 0.16 | 0.24 | 0.33 | 0.48 | 0.56 |
| 230,000 | 0.11 | 0.15 | 0.24 | 0.33 | 0.47 | 0.55 |
| 240,000 | 0.11 | 0.15 | 0.23 | 0.32 | 0.46 | 0.53 |

To account for sample attrition, multiply the standard error of the estimate by 1.04 for estimates which include data from Wave 5 and beyond.

## Table 12. 1991 Topical Module Generalized Variance Parameters ${ }^{1}$

|  | a | b |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Fertility |  |  |
| \# Women | -0.0000748 | 6,119 |
| Births | -0.0000670 | 11,158 |
| Educational Attainment ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |
| Wave 2 | -0.0000457 | 8,335 |
| Wave 5 | -0.0000511 | 9,085 |
| Wave 8 | -0.0000511 | 9,085 |
| Marital Status and |  |  |
| Person's Family Characteristics |  |  |
| Some HH members | -0.0000644 | 12,613 |
| All HH members | -0.0000804 | 15,326 |
| Child Support |  |  |
| Wave 3 | -0.0000883 | 9,286 |
| Support for non-household members |  |  |
| Health and Disability | -0.0000499 | 12,014 |
| 0-15 Child Care |  |  |
| Wave 3 | -0.0001340 | 7,514 |
| Welfare History and AFDC |  |  |
| Both sexes 18+ | -0.0001241 | 22,040 |
| Males 18+ | -0.0002604 | 22,040 |
| Females 18+ | -0.0002372 | 22,040 |

[^1]Table 13. 8IPP 1990, 1991 Combined Panel Topical Module
Generalized Variance Parameters

|  | a | b |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Educational Attainment |  |  |
| 1990. Wave 5/1991 Wave 2 | -0.0000190 | 3,470 |
| 1990 Wave 8/1991 Wave 5 | -0.0000201 | 3,582 |
| Support for non-household members 1990 Wave 6/1991 Wave 3 | -0.0000400 | 3,866 |
| Health and Disability 1990 Wave 6/1991 Wave 3 | -0.0000208 | 5,001 |
| 0-15 Child Care <br> 1990 Wave 6/1991 Wave 3 | -0.0000558 | 3,128 |
| Child Support <br> 1990 Wave 6/1991 Wave 3 | -0.0000368 | 3,866 |

Table 14. Distribution of Monthly Cash Income Among Persons 25 to 34 Years Old

|  | total | ${ }_{\text {under }}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3800 \\ & 5090 \\ & 509 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\begin{array}{\|c} \begin{array}{c} 81,200 \\ 50 \\ 30,490 \end{array} \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 82,500 \\ & s, 2,290 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|r\|r\|} \hline 3,0000 \\ \hline 3,490 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c} \begin{array}{c} 33,500 \\ 33,590 \\ \hline \end{array} \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  |  | (ention |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (tamemat in | 3,951 | 1371 | 1651 | 225 | 273 | 452 | 6278 | 579 | 473 | 373 | 2519 | 2619 | 123 | 143 |
|  | * | 100.0 | 9.6 | 92.6 | 86.7 | 79.9 | 71.2 | 5.5 | 40.9 | 29.1 | 19.7 | 13.4 | ${ }^{6.8}$ | 3.7 |

Table 15. 8IPP Factors to be Applied to the 1991 Base Parametprs to Obtain the 1990, 1991 Combined Panel Parameters

|  | Waves to be Combined |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1990_panel | 1991_panel | g_factor2 |
| 5 | 2 | 0.4163 |
| 6 | 3 | 0.4163 |
| 7 | 4 | 0.4163 |
| 8 | 5 | 0.3943 |

When deriving estimates based on two or more waves of data from the same panel, choose the corresponding gfactor with the greatest value. Apply only this factor to the base parameter.

Table 16. Factors to be Applied to Base Parameterp to Obtain Combined Panel Parameters for Estimates from Various Reference Periods.
\# of available
rotation months
for 2 panels combined ${ }^{2}$
factor
Monthly Estimate

| 2 | 4.0000 |
| :--- | :--- |
| 3 | 3.0000 |
| 4 | 2.0000 |
| 5 | 1.6667 |
| 6 | 1.3333 |
| 7 | 1.1667 |
| 8 | 1.0000 |

Quarterly Estimates
1.8519
12
1.5631
15
18
19
1.2222
1.1470
1.0000
24
Annual Estimates
1.0000
96

1
2

Estimates are based on monthly averages.
The number of available rotation months for a given estimate is the sum of the number of rotations available for each month of the estimate for the two panels. There must be at least one rotation month available for each month from each panel for monthly and quarterly estimates.

## APPENDIX A-1

Income Source Code List

## Code Income Sources

1 - Social Security
2 - U.S. Government Railroad Retirement pay
3 - Federal Supplemental Security Income (SSI)
5 - State unemployment compensation
6 - Supplemental Unemployment Benefits
7 - Other unemployment compensation (Trade Adjustment Act benefits, strike pay, other)
8 - Veterans compensation or pensions
10 - Worker's compensation
12 - Employer or union temporary sickness policy
13 - Payments from a sickness, accident or disability insurance policy purchased on your own
20 - Aid to Families with Dependent Children (AFDC, ADC)
21 - General assistance or General relief
23 - Foster child care payments
24 - Other welfare
25 - WIC (Women, Infants and Children) Nutrition Program
27 - Food stamps
28 - Child support payments
29 - Alimony payments
30 - Pension from company or union
31 - Federal Civil Service or other Federal civilian employee-pensions
32 - U.S. Military retirement pay
34 - State government pensions
35 - Local government pensions
36 - Income from paid-up life insurance policies or annuities
37 - Estates and trusts
38 - Other payments for retirement, disability or survivor
40-G.I. Bill/VEAP education benefits
41 - Other VA educational assistance
50 - Income assistance from a charitable group
51 - Money from relatives or friends
52 - Lump sum payments
53 - Income from roomers or boarders
54 - National Guard or Reserve pay
55 - Incidental or casual earnings
56 - Other cash income not included elsewhere
75 - Categories combined and recoded for confidentiality reasons
State Administered Supplemental Security Income (old code 4)
Black lung payments (old code 9)
State temporary sickness or disability benefits (old code 11)
Indian, Cuban, or Refugee Assistance (old code 22)
National Guard or Reserve Force retirement (old code 33)

## Code Asset List

100 - Regular/passbook savings accounts in a bank, savings and loan or credit union
101 - Money market deposit accounts
102 - Certificates of Deposit or other savings certificates
103 - NOW, Super NOW or other interest earning checking accounts
104 - Money market funds
105 - U.S. Government securities
106 - Municipal or corporate bonds
107 - Other interest-earning assets
110 - Stocks or mutual fund shares
120 - Rental property
130 - Mortgages
140 - Royalties
150 - Other financial investments

## Code Special Indicators

170 - Worked
171 - Disabled
172 - Medicare
173 - Medicaid
174 - U.S. Saving Bonds (E, EE)
175 - College Work Study
176 - PELL Grant
177 - Supplemental Educational Opportunity Grant (SEOG)
178 - National Direct Student Loan (NSL)
179 - Guaranteed Student Loan
180 - JTPA Training
181 - Employer assistance
182 - Fellowship/Scholarship
183- Other financial aid
200 - VA disability rating of $\mathbf{1 0 0 \%}$
201 - VA disibility of less than 100\%

## APPENDIX A-2

## Income Sources Included in Monthly Cash Income

## Earnings from Employment

Wages and salaries
Nonfarm self-employment income
Farm self-employment Income

## Income from Assets (Property Income)

Regular/passbook savings accounts in a bank, savings and loan or credit union
Money market deposit accounts
Certificates of Deposit or other savings certificates
NOW, Super NOW or other Interest-earning checking accounts
Money market funds
U.S. Government securitles

Municipal or corporate bonds
Other Interest-earning assets
Stocks or mutual fund shares
Rental property
Mortgages
Royalties
Other financial investments

## Other Income Sources

Social Security
U.S. Government Railroad Retirement pay

Federal Supplemental Security Income (SSI)
State Administered Supplemental Security Income
State unemployment compensation
Supplemental Unemployment Benefits
Other unemployment compensation (Trade Adjustment Act benefits, strike pay, other)
Veterans compensation or pensions
Black lung payments
Worker's compensation
State temporary sickness or disability benefits
Payments from a sickness, accident or disability Insurance policy purchased on your own
Aid to Familles with Dependent Children (AFDC, ADC)
General Assistance or General Relief
Indian, Cuban, or Refugee Assistance
Foster child care payments
Other welfare
Child support payments
Alimony payments
Pension from company or union
Federal Civil Service or other Federal civilian employee pensions
U.S. Military retirement pay

National Guard or Reserve Forces retirement
State government pensions
Local government pensions
Income from paid-up life insurance policies or annulties
Estates and trusts

Other payments for retirement, disability or survivor benefits
G.I. Bill/VEAP education benefits

Income assistance from a charitable group
Money from relatives or friends
Lump sum payments
Income from roomers or boarders
National Guard or Reserve pay
Incidental or casual earnings
Other cash income not included elsewhere

## APPENDIX A-3

## Sources of Means-Tested Benefits Covered in SIPP

## Cash Benefits

Federal Supplemental Security Income (SSI)
State Administered Supplemental Security Income Veterans' pensions
Aid to Families with Dependent Children (AFDC, ADC)
General Assistance or General Relief
Indian, Cuban, or Refugee Assistance
Other welfare
Foster child care payments

## Noncash Benefits

Food Stamps
Special Supplemental Food Program for Women, Infants, and Children (WIC)
Low-Income Home Energy Assistance
Medicaid
Free or reduced price school lunches
Free or reduced price school breakfasts
Public or subsidized rental housing

## APPENDIX A-4

## 1980 Census of Population Occupation Classification System

(The numbers in parentheses refer to the 1980 Standard Occupational Classification code equivalents. Pt means part. N.e.c. means not elsewhere classified.)

# MANAGERIAL AND PROFESSIONAL SPECIALTY OCCUPATIONS 

1980
Code
003 Legislators (111)
004 Chief executives and general administrators, public administration (112)
005 Administrators and officials, public administration (1132-1139)
006 Administrators, protective services (1131)
007 Financial managers (122)
008 Personnel and labor relations managers (123)
009 Purchasing managers (124)
013 Managers, marketing, advertising, and public relations (125)
014 Administrators, education and related fields (128)
015 Managers, medicine and health (131)
016
017
018
019 Managers and administrators, n.e.c. (121, 126, 127, 132-139, exc. 1344, 1353, pt 1359)
Management related occupations
Accountants and auditors (1412)
Underwriters (1414)
Other financial officers $(1415,1419)$
Management analysts (142)
Personnel, training, and labor relations specialists (143)
Purchasing agents and buyers, farm products (1443)
Buyers, wholesale and retail trade except farm products (1442)
Purchasing agents and buyers, n.e.c. (1449)
Business and promotion arents (145)
Construction inspectors (1472)
Inspectors and compliance officers, exc. construction (1473)
Management related occupations, n.e.c. (149)

## Professional Specialty Occupations

```
    Engineers, Architects, and Surveyors
    Architects (161)
    Engineers
        Aerospace (1622)
        Metallurgical and materials (1623)
        Mining (1624)
        Petroleum (1625)
        Chemical (1626)
        Nuclear (1627)
        Civil (1628)
        Agricultural (1632)
        Electrical and electronic (1633, 1636)
        Industrial (1634)
        Mechanical (1635)
```

Marine and naval architects (1637)
Engineers, n.e.c. (1639)
Surveyors and mapping scientists (164)
Mathematical and Computer Scientists
Computer systems analysts and scientists (171)
Operations and systems researchers and analysts (172)
Actuaries (1732)
Statisticians (1733)
Mathematical scientists, n.e.c. (1739)
Natural Scientists
Physicists and astronomers $(1842,1843)$
Chemists, except blochemists (1845)
Atmospheric and space scientists (1846)
Geologists and geodesists (1847)
Physical scientists, n.e.c. (1849)
Agricultural and food scientists (1853)
Biological and life scientists (1854)
Forestry and conservation scientists (1852)
Medical scientists (1855)
Health Diagnosing Occupations
Physicians (261)
Dentists (262)
Veterinarians (27)
Optometrists (281)
Podiatrists (283)
Health diagnosing practitioners, n.e.c. (289)
Health Assessment and Treating Occupations
Registered nurses (29)
Pharmacists (301)
Dietitians (302)
Therapists
Inhalation therapists (3031)
Occupational therapists (3032)
Physical therapists (3033)
Speech therapists (3034)
Therapists, n.e.c. (3039)
Physicians' assistants (304)
Teachers, Postsecondary
Earth, environmental, and marine science teachers (2212)
Biological science teachers (2213)
Chemistry teachers (2214)
Physics teachers (2215)
Natural science teachers, n.e.c. (2216)
Psychology teachers (2217)
Economics teachers (2218)
History teachers (2222)
Political science teachers (2223)
Sociology teachers (2224)
Social science teachers, n.e.c. (2225)
Engineering teachers (2226)
Mathematical science teachers (2227)
Computer science teachers (2228)
Medical science teachers (2231)
Health specialties teachers (2232)
Business, commerce, and marketing teachers (2233)
Agriculture and forestry teachers (2234)

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Art, drama, and music teachers (2235)
Physical education teachers (2236)
Education teachers (2237)
English teachers (2238)
Foreign language teachers (2242)
Law teachers (2243)
Social work teachers (2244)
Theology teachers (2245)
Trade and industrial teachers (2246)
Home economics teachers (2247)
Teachers, postsecondary, n.e.c. (2249)
Postsecondary teachers, subject not specified
Teachers, Except Postsecondary
Teachers, prekindergarten and kindergarten (231)
Teachers, elementary school (232)
Teachers, secondary school (233)
Teachers, special education (235)
Teachers, n.e.c. $(236,239)$
Counselors, educational and vocational (24)
Librarians, Archivists, and Curators
Librarians (251)
Archivists and curators (252)
Social Scientists and Urban Planners
Economists (1912)
Psychologists (1915)
Sociologists (1916)
Social scientists, n.e.c. $(1913,1914,1919)$
Urban planners (192)
Social, Recreation, and Religious Workers
Social workers (2032)
Recreation workers (2033)
Clergy (2042)
Religious workers, n.e.c. (2049)
Lawyers and Judges
Lawyers (211)
Judges (212)
Writers, Artists, Entertainers, and Athletes
Authors (321)
Technical writers (398)
Designers (322)
Musicians and composers (323)
Actors and directors (324)
Painters, sculptors, craft-artists, and artist printmakers (325)
Photographers (326)
Dancers (327)
Artists, performers, and related workers, n.e.c. $(328,329)$
Editors and reporters (331)
Public relations specialists (332)
Announcers (333)
Athletes (34)

# TECHNICAL, SALES, AND ADMINISTRATIVE SUPPORT OCCUPATIONS <br> Technicians and Related Support Occupations 

Health Technologists and Technicians
Clinical laboratory technologists and technicians (362)
Dental hygienists (363)
Health record technologists and technicians (364)
Radiologic technicians (365)
Licensed practical nurses (366)
Health technologists and technicians, n.e.c. (369)
Technologists and Technicians, Except Health
Engineering and Related Technologists and Technicians
Electrical and electronic technicians (3711)
Industrial engineering technicians (3712)
Mechanical engineering technicians (3713)
Engineering technicians, n.e.c. (3719)
Drafting occupations (372)
Surveying and mapping technicians (373)
Science Technicians
Biological technicians (382)
Chemical technicians (3831)
Science technicians, n.e.c. (3832, 3833, 384, 389)
Technicians; Except Health, Engineering, and Science
Airplane pilots and navigators (825)
Air traffic controllers (392)
Broadcast equipment operators (393)
Computer programmers (3971, 3972)
Tool programmers, numerical control (3974)
Legal assistants (396)
Technicians, n.e.c. (399)

## Sales Occupations

Supervisors and proprietors, sales occupations (40)
Sales Representatives, Finance and Business Services
Insurance sales occupations (4122)
Real estate sales occupations (4123)
Securities and financial services sales occupations (4124)
Advertising and related sales occupations (4153)
Sales occupations, other business services (4152)
Sales Representatives, Commodities Except Retail
Sales engineers (421)
Sales representatives, mining, manufacturing, and wholesale $(423,424)$
Sales Workers, Retail and Personal Services
Sales workers, motor vehicles and boats $(4342,4344)$
Sales workers, apparel (4346)
Sales workers, shoes (4351)
Sales workers, furniture and home furnishings (4348)
Sales workers; radio, TV, hi-fi, and appliances $(4343,4352)$
Sales workers, hardware and building supplies (4353)
Sales workers, parts (4367)
Sales workers, other commodities (4345, 4347, 4354, 4356, 4359,4362, 4369)
Sales counter clerks (4363)
Cashiers (4364)
Street and door-to-door sales workers (4366)

News vendors (4365)
Sales Related Occupations
Demonstrators, promoters and models, sales (445)
Auctioneers (447)
Sales support occupations, n.e.c. $(444,446,449)$

## Administrative Support Occupations, Including Clerical

Supervisors, Administrative Support Occupations
Supervisors, general office (4511, 4513, 4514, 4516, 4519, 4529)
Supervisors, computer equipment operators (4512)
Supervisors, financial records processing (4521)
Chief communications operators (4523)
Supervisors; distribution, scheduling, and adjusting clerks (4522, 4524-4528)
Computer Equipment Operators
Computer operators (4612)
Peripheral equipment operators (4613)
Secretaries, Stenographers, and Typists
Secretaries (4622)
Stenographers (4623)
Typists (4624)
Information Clerks
Interviewers (4642)
Hotel clerks (4643)
Transportation ticket and reservation agents (4644)
Receptionists (4645)
Information clerks, n.e.c. (4649)
Records Processing Occupations, Except Financial
Classified-ad clerks (4662)
Correspondence clerks (4663)
Order clerks (4664)
Personnel clerks, except payroll and timekeeping (4692)
Library clerks (4694)
File clerks (4696)
Records clerks (4699)
Financial Records Processing Occupations
Bookkeepers, accounting, and auditing clerks (4712)
Payroll and timekeeping clerks (4713)
Billing clerks (4715)
Cost and rate clerks (4716)
Billing, posting, and calculating machine operators (4718)
Dupllcating, Mail and Other Office Machine Operators
Duplicating machine operators (4722)
Mail preparing and paper handling machine operators (4723)
Office machine operators, n.e.c. (4729)
Communications Equipment Operators
Telephone operators (4732)
Telegraphers (4733)
Communications equipment operators, n.e.c. (4739)
Mail and Message Distributing Occupations
Postal clerks, exc. mail carriers (4742)
Mail carriers, postal service (4743)
Mail clerks, exc. postal service (4744)
Messengers (4745)
Material Recording, Scheduling, and Distributing Clerks
Dispatchers (4751)

Production coordinators (4752)
Traffic, shipping, and receiving clerks (4753)
Stock and inventory clerks (4754)
Meter readers (4755)
Weighers, measurers, and checkers (4756)
Samplers (4757)
Expediters (4758)
Material recording, scheduling, and distributing clerks, n.e.c. (4759)
Adjusters and Investigators
Insurance adjusters, examiners, and investigators (4782)
Investigators and adjusters, except insurance (4783)
Eligibility clerks, social welfare (4784)
Bill and account collectors (4786)
Miscellaneous Administrative Support Occupations
General office clerks (463)
Bank tellers (4791)
Proofreaders (4792)
Data-entry keyers (4793)
Statistical clerks (4794)
Teachers' aides (4795)
Administrative support occupations, n.e.c. (4787, 4799)

## SERVICE OCCUPATIONS

## Private Household Occupations

Launderers and ironers (503)
Cooks, private household (504)
Housekeepers and butlers (505)
Child care workers, private household (506)
Private household cleaners and servants $(502,507,509)$

## Protective Service Occupations

Supervisors, Protective Service Occupations
Supervisors, firefighting and fire prevention occupations (5111)
Supervisors, police and detectives (5112)
Supervisors, guards (5113)
Firefighting and Fire Prevention Occupations
Fire inspection and fire prevention occupations (5122)
Firefighting occupations (5123)
Police and Detectives
Police and detectives, public service (5132)
Sheriffs bailiffs, and other law enforcement officers (5134)
Correctional institution officers (5133)

## Guards

Crossing guards (5142)
Guards and police, exc. public service (5144)
Protective service occupations, n.e.c. (5149)

## Service Occupations, Except Protective and Household

Food Preparation and Service Occupations
Supervisors, food preparation and service occupations (5211)
Bartenders (5212)
Waiters and waitresses (5213)

W(473) Farmers, except horticultural (5512-5514)
Cooks, except short order (5214)
Short-order cooks (5215)
Food counter, fountain and related occupations (5216)
Kitchen workers, food preparation (5217)
Waiters'/waitresses' assistants (5218)
Miscellaneous food preparation occupations (5219)
Health Service Occupations
Dental assistants (5232)
Health aides, except nursing (5233)
Nursing aides, orderlies, and attendants (5236)
Cleaning and Building Service Occupations, except Household Supervisors, cleaning and building service workers (5241) Maids and housemen $(5242,5249)$
Janitors and cleaners (5244)
Elevator operators (5245)
Pest control occupations (5246)
Personal Service Occupations
Supervisors, personal service occupations (5251)
Barbers (5252)
Hairdressers and cosmetologists (5253)
Attendants, amusement and recreation facilities (5254)
Guides (5255)
Ushers (5256)
Public transportation attendants (5257)
Baggage porters and bellhops (5262)
Welfare service aides (5263)
Child care workers, except private household (5264)
Personal service occupations, n.e.c. $(5258,5269)$

| W(473) | Farmers, except horticultural (5512-5514) |
| :---: | :--- |
| 474 | Horticultural specialty farmers (5515) |
| 475 | Managers, farms, except horticultural (5522-5524) |
| 476 | Managers, horticultural specialty farms (5525) |

Farm Occupations, Except Managerial
Supervisors, farm workers (5611)
Farm workers (5612-5617)
Marine life cultivation workers (5618)
Nursery workers (5619)
Related Agricultural Occupations
Supervisors, related agricultural occupations (5621)
Groundskeepers and gardeners, except farm (5622)
Animal caretakers, except farm (5624)
Graders and sorters, agricultural products (5625)
Inspectors, agricultural products (5627)

FARMING, FORESTRY, AND FISHING OCCUPATIONS

## Farm Operators and Managers

## Other Agricultural and Related Occupations

Supervisors, forestry, and logging workers (571)
Forestry workers, except logging (572)
Timber cutting and logging occupations $(573,579)$
Fishers, Hunters, and Trappers
Captains and other officers, fishing vessels (pt 8241)
Fishers (583)
Hunters and trappers (584)
PRECISION PRODUCTION, CRAFT, AND REPAIR OCCUPATIONS

## Mechanics and Repairers

Supervisors, mechanics and repairers (60)
Mechanics and Repairers, Except Supervisors
Vehicle and Mobile Equipment Mechanics and Repairers
Automobile mechanics (pt 6111)
Automobile mechanic apprentices (pt 6111)
Bus, truck, and stationary engine mechanics (6112)
Aircraft engine mechanics (6113)
Small engine repairers (6114)
Automobile body and related repairers (6115)
Aircraft mechanics, exc. engine (6116)
Heavy equipment mechanics (6117)
Farm equipment mechanics (6118)
Industrial machinery repairers (613)
Machinery maintenance occupations (614)
Electrical and Electronic Equipment Repairers
Electronic repairers, communications and industrial equipment $(6151,6153,6155)$
Data processing equipment repairers (6154)
Household appliance and power tool repairers (6156)
Telephone line installers and repairers (6157)
Telephone installers and repairers (6158)
Miscellaneous electrical and electronic equipment repairers $(6152,6159)$
Heating, air conditioning, and refrigeration mechanics (6161)
Miscellaneous Mechanics and Repairers
Camera, watch, and musical instrument repairers $(6171,6172)$
Locksmiths and safe repairers (6173)
Office machine repairers (6174)
Mechanical controls and valve repairers (6175)
Elevator installers and repairers (6176)
Millwrights (6178)
Specified mechanics and repairers, n.e.c. $(6177,6179)$
Not specified mechanics and repairers

## Construction Trades

Supervisors, construction occupations
Supervisors; brickmasons, stonemasons, and tile setters (6312)
Supervisors, carpenters and related workers (6313)
Supervisors, electricians and power transmission installers (6314)
Supervisors; painters, paperhangers, and plasterers (6315)
Supervisors; plumbers, pipefitters, and steamfitters (6316)

| 558 | Supervisors, n.e.c. (6311, 6318) Construction Trades, Except Supervisors |
| :---: | :---: |
| 563 | Brickmasons and stonemasons (pt 6412, pt 6413) |
| 564 | Brickmason and stonemason apprentices (pt 6412, pt 6413) |
| 565 | Tile setters, hard and soft (6414, pt 6462) |
| 566 | Carpet installers (pt 6462) |
| Y(567) | Carpenters (pt 6422) |
| 569 | Carpenter apprentices (pt 6422) |
| 573 | Drywall installers (6424) |
| 575 | Electricians (pt 6432) |
| 576 | Electrician apprentices (pt 6432) |
| 577 | Electrical power installers and repairers (6433) |
| 579 | Painters, construction and maintenance (6442) |
| 583 | Paperhangers (6443) |
| 584 | Plasterers (6444) |
| 585 | Plumbers, pipefitters, and steamfitters (pt 645) |
| 587 | Plumber, pipefitter, and steamfitter apprentices (pt 645) |
| 588 | Concrete and terrazzo finishers (6463) |
| 589 | Glaziers (6464) |
| 593 | Insulation workers (6465) |
| 594 | Paving, surfacing, and tamping equipment operators (6466) |
| 595 | Roofers (6468) |
| 596 | Sheetmetal duct installers (6472) |
| 597 | Structural metal workers (6473) |
| 598 | Drillers, earth (6474) |
| 599 | Construction trades, n.e.c. $(6467,6475,6476,6479)$ |
|  | Extractive Occupations |
| 613 | Supervisors, extractive occupations (632) |
| 614 | Drillers, oil well (652) |
| 615 | Explosives workers (653) |
| 616 | Mining machine operators (654) |
| 617 | Mining occupations, n.e.c. (656) |
|  | Precision Production Occupations |
| 633 | Supervisors, production occupations (67, 71) |
|  | Precision Metal Working Occupations |
| 634 | Tool and die makers (pt 6811) |
| 635 | Tool and die maker apprentices (pt 6811) |
| 636 | Precision assemblers, metal (6812) |
| 637 | Machinists (pt 6813) |
| 639 | Machinist apprentices (pt 6813) |
| 643 | Boilermakers (6814) |
| 644 | Precision grinders, filers, and tool sharpeners (6816) |
| 645 | Patternmakers and model makers, metal (6817) |
| 646 | Lay-out workers (6821) |
| 647 | Precious stones and metals workers (Jewelers) $(6822,6866)$ |
| 649 | Engravers, metal (6823) |
| 653 | Sheet metal workers (pt 6824) |
| 654 | Sheet metal worker apprentices (pt 6824) |
| 655 | Miscellaneous precision metal workers (6829) |
|  | Precision Woodworking Occupations |
| 656 | Patternmakers and model makers, wood (6831) |
| 657 | Cabinet makers and bench carpenters (6832) |
| 658 | Furniture and wood finishers (6835) |
| 659 | Miscellaneous precision woodworkers (6839) |
|  | Precision Textile, Apparel, and Furnishings Machine Workers |
| 666 | Dressmakers (pt 6852, pt 7752) |



Printing Machine Operators
Printing machine operators $(7443,7643)$
Photoengravers and lithographers $(6842,7444,7644)$
Typesetters and compositors $(6841,7642)$
Miscellaneous printing machine operators (6849, 7449, 7649)
Textile, Apparel, and Furnishings Machine Operators
Winding and twisting machine operators $(7451,7651)$
Knitting, looping, taping, and weaving machine operators (7452, 7652)
Textile cutting machine operators (7654)
Textile sewing machine operators (7655)
Shoe machine operators (7656)
Pressing machine operators (7657)
Laundering and dry cleaning machine operators $(6855,7658)$
Miscellaneous textile machine operators $(7459,7659)$
Machine Operators, Assorted Materials
Cementing and gluing machine operators (7661)
Packaging and filling machine operators $(7462,7662)$
Extruding and forming machine operators $(7463,7663)$
Mixing and blending machine operators (7664)
Separating, filtering, and claritying machine operators (7476, 7666, 7676)
Compressing and compacting machine operators $(7467,7667)$
Painting and paint spraying machine operators (7669)
Roasting and baking machine operators, food (7472, 7672)
Washing, cleaning, and pickling machine operators (7673)
Folding machine operators $(7474,7674)$
Furnace, kiln, and oven operators, exc. food (7675)
Crushing and grinding machine operators (pt 7477, pt 7677)
Slicing and cutting machine operators $(7478,7678)$
Motion picture projectionists (pt 7479)
Photographic process machine operators $(6863,6868,7671)$
Miscellaneous machine operators, n.e.c. (pt 7479, 7665, 7679)
Machine operators, not specified
Fabricators, Assemblers, and Hand Working Occupations
Welders and cutters $(7332,7532,7714)$
Solderers and brazers $(7333,7533,7717)$
Assemblers $(772,774)$
Hand cutting and trimming occupations (7753)
Hand molding, casting, and forming occupations $(7754,7755)$
Hand painting, coating, and decorating occupations (7756)
Hand engraving and printing occupations (7757)
Hand grinding and polishing occupations (7758)
Miscellaneous hand working occupations (7759)
Production Inspectors, Testers, Samplers, and Weighers
Production inspectors, checkers, and examiners $(782,787)$
Production testers (783)
Production samplers and weighers (784)
Graders and sorters, exc. agricultural (785)
Transportation and Material Moving Occupations

## Motor Vehicle Operators

Supervisors, motor vehicle operators (8111)
Truck drivers, heavy $(8212,8213)$
Truck drivers, light (8214)
Driver-sales workers (8218)
Bus drivers (8215)

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Taxicab drivers and chauffeurs (8216)
Parking lot attendants (874)
Motor transportation occupations, n.e.c. (8219)
Transportation Occupations, Except Motor Vehicles
Rail Transportation Occupations
Railroad conductors and yardmasters (8113)
Locomotive operating occupations (8232)
Railroad brake, signal, and switch operators (8233)
Rail vehicle operators, n.e.c. (8239)
Water Transportation Occupations
Ship captains and mates, except fishing boats (pt 8241, 8242)
Sailors and deckhands (8243)
Marine engineers (8244)
Bridge, lock, and lighthouse tenders (8245)
Material Moving Equipment Operators
Supervisors, material moving equipment operators (812)
Operating engineers (8312)
Longshore equipment operators (8313)
Hoist and winch operators (8314)
Crane and tower operators (8315)
Excavating and loading machine operators (8316)
Grader, dozer, and scraper operators (8317)
Industrial truck and tractor equipment operators (8318)
Miscellaneous material moving equipment operators (8319)

## Handlers, Equipment Cleaners, Helpers, and Laborers

Supervisors, handlers, equipment cleaners, and laborers, n.e.c. (85)
Helpers, mechanics and repairers (863)
Helpers, Construction and Extractive Occupations
Helpers, construction trades (8641-8645, 8648)
Helpers, surveyor (8646)
Helpers, extractive occupations (865)
Construction laborers (871)
Production helpers $(861,862)$
Freight, Stock, and Material Handlers
Garbage collectors (8722)
Stevedores (8723)
Stock handlers and baggers (8724)
Machine feeders and offbearers (8725)
Freight, stock, and material handlers, n.e.c. (8726)
Garage and service station related occupations (873)
Vehicle washers and equipment cleaners (875)
Hand packers and packagers (8761)
Laborers, except construction (8769)
Member of the Armed Forces

## APPENDIX A-5

## 1980 Census of Population Industry Classification System

(Alphabets parentheses are the 1972 SIC code equivalents ${ }^{1}$ )

## Census

## Code

## AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY, AND FISHERIES

010 (A) Agricultural production, crops (01)
011 Agricultural production, livestock (02)
020 Agricultural services, except horticultural (07, except 078)
021 Horticultural services (078)
030 Forestry (08)
031 Fishing, hunting, and trapping (09)
MINING
040 Metal mining (10)
041 Coal mining (11, 12)
042 Crude petroleum and natural gas extraction (13)
050 Nonmetallic mining and quarrying, except fuel (14)
060 (B) CONSTRUCTION $(15,16,17)$

## MANUFACTURING

## Nondurable Goods

Food and kindred products
Meat products (201)
Dairy products (202)
Canned and preserved fruits and vegetables (203)
102 Canned and preserved fr
111 Bakery products (205)
112 Sugar and confectionery products (206)
120 Beverage industries (208)
121
122
Miscellaneous food preparations and kindred products $(207,209)$
Not specified food industries
Tobacco manufactures (21)
Textile mill products
Knitting mills (225)
140 Dyeing and finishing textiles, except wool and knit goods (226)
141 Floor coverings, except hard surface (227)
142 Yarn, thread, and fabric mills (221-224, 228)
150 Miscellaneous textile mill products (229)

1 See Executive Office of the President, Office of Management and Budget, Standard Industrial Classification Manual, 1972 and the 1977 Supplement.

Apparel and other finished textile products
Apparel and accessories, except knit (231-238)
Miscellaneous fabricated textile products (239)
Paper and allied products
Pulp, paper, and paperboard mills (261-263, 266)
Miscellaneous paper and pulp products (264)
Paperboard containers and boxes (265)
Printing, publishing, and allied industries
C) Newspaper publishing and printing (271)

Printing, publishing, and allied industries, except newspapers (272-279)
Chemicals and allied products
Plastics, synthetics, and resins (282)
Drugs (283)
Soaps and cosmetics (284)
Paints, varnishes, and related products (287)
Agricultural chemicals (287)
Industrial and miscellaneous chemicals (281, 286, 289)
Petroleum and coal products
Petroleum refining (291)
Miscellaneous petroleum and coal products $(295,299)$
Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products
Tires and inner tubes (301)
Other rubber products, and plastics footwear and belting (302-304, 306)
Miscellaneous plastics products (307)
Leather and leather products
Leather tanning and finishing (311)
Footwear, except rubber and plastic $(313,314)$
Leather products, except footwear (315-317, 319)
Durable Goods
Lumber and wood products, except furniture
Logging (241)
Sawmills, planing mills, and millwork $(242,243)$
Wood buildings and mobile homes (245)
Miscellaneous wood products $(244,249)$
Furniture and fixtures (25)
Stone, clay, glass, and concrete products
Glass and glass products (321-323)
Cement, concrete, gypsum, and plaster products $(324,327)$
Structural clay products (325)
Pottery and related products (326)
Miscellaneous nonmetallic mineral and stone products $(328,329)$.
Metal industries
Blast furnaces, steelworks, rolling and finishing mills (331)
Iron and steel foundries (332)
Primary aluminum industries (3334, part 334, 3353-3355, 3361)
Other primary metal industries (3331-3333, 3339, part 334, 3351, 3356, 3357, 3362, 3369, 339)
Cutiery, handtools, and other hardware (342)
Fabricated structural metal products (344)
Screw machine products (345)
Metal forgings and stampings (346)
Ordnance (348)

Miscellaneous fabricated metal products (341, 343, 347, 349)
Not specified metal industries
Machinery, except electrical
Engines and turbines (351)
Farm machinery and equipment (352)
Construction and material handling machines (353)
Metalworking machinery (354)
Office and accounting machines (357, except 3573)
Electronic computing equipment (3573)
Machinery, except electrical, n.e.c. $(355,356,358,359)$
Not specified machinery
Electrical machinery, equipment, and supplies
Household appliances (363)
Radio, T.V., and communication equipment $(365,366)$
Electrical machinery, equipment, and supplies, n.e.c. (361, 362, 364, 367, 369)
Not specified electrical machinery, equipment, and supplies
Transportation equipment
Motor vehicles and motor vehicle equipment (371)
Aircraft and parts (372)
Ship and boat building and repairing (373)
Railroad locomotives and equipment (374)
Guided missiles, space vehicles, and parts (376)
Cycles and miscellaneous transportation equipment $(375,379)$
Professional and photographic equipment, and watches
Scientific and controlling instruments $(381,382)$
Optical and health services supplies $(383,384,385)$
Photographic equipment and supplies (386)
Watches, clocks, and clockwork operated devices (387)
Not specified professional equipment
Toys, amusement, and sporting goods (394)
Miscellaneous manufacturing industries (39 exc. 394)
Not specified manufacturing industries

## TRANSPORTATION, COMMUNICATIONS, AND OTHER PUBLIC UTILITIES

Transportation
Railroads (40)
Bus service and urban transit (41, except 412)
Taxicab service (412)
Trucking service $(421,423)$
Warehousing and storage (422)
U.S. Postal Service (43)

Water transportation (44)
Air transportation (45)
Pipe lines, except natural gas (46)
Services incidental to transportation (47)
Communications
Radio and television broadcasting (483)
Telephone (wire and radio) (481)
Telegraph and miscellaneous communication services $(482,489)$
Utilities and sanitary services
Electric light and power (491)

## WHOLESALE TRADE

## Durable Goods

500 Motor vehicles and equipment (501)
Furniture and home furnishings (502)
510 Sporting goods, toys, and hobby goods (504)
511 Metals and minerals, except petroleum (505)
512 Electrical goods (506)
521 Hardware, plumbing and heating supplies (507)
Not specified electrical and hardware products
Machinery, equipment, and supplies (508)
Scrap and waste materials (5093)
532 Miscellaneous wholesale, durable goods $(5094,5099)$

## Nondurable Goods

Paper and paper products (511)
541 Drugs, chemicals and allied products $(512,516)$
542 Apparel, fabrics, and notions (513)
550 Groceries and related products (514)
551 Farm products - raw materials (515)
552 Petroleum products (517)
560 Alcoholic beverages (518)
561 Farm supplies (5191)
562 Miscellaneous wholesale, nondurable goods (5194, 5198, 5199)
571 Not specified wholesale trade

## RETAIL TRADE

580 Lumber and building material retailing $(521,523)$
581 Hardware stores (525)
582 Retail nurseries and garden stores (526)
590 Mobile home dealers (527)
591 (D) Department stores (531)
592 Variety stores (533)
600 Miscellaneous general merchandise stores (539)
601 (E) Grocery stores (541)
602 Dairy products stores (545)
610 Retail bakeries (546)
611 Food stores, n.e.c. $(542,543,544,549)$
612 Motor vehicle dealers $(551,552)$
620 Auto and home supply stores (553)
621 Gasoline service stations (554)
622 Miscellaneous vehicle dealers (555, 556, 557, 559)
630 Apparel and accessory stores, except shoe (56, except 566)
631 Shoe stores (566)

632 Furniture and home furnishings stores (571)
640 Household appliances, TV, and radio stores $(572,573)$
641 (F) Eating and drinking places (58)
642 Drug stores (591)
650 Liquor stores (592)
651 Sporting goods, bicycles, and hobby stores ( $5941,5945,5946$ )
652 Book and stationery stores $(5942,5943)$
660 Jewelry stores (5944)
661 Sewing, needlework and piece goods stores (5949)
662 Mail order houses (5961)
670 Vending machine operators (5962)
671 Direct selling establishments1establishments (5963)
672 Fuel and ice dealers (598)
681 Retail florists (5992)
682 Miscellaneous retail stores (593, 5947, 5948, 5993, 5994, 5999)
691 Not specified retail trade
FINANCE, INSURANCE, AND REAL ESTATE
$700(G) \quad$ Banking (60)
701 Savings and loan associations (612)
702 Credit agencies, n.e.c. (61, except 612)
710 Security, commodity brokerage, and investment companies (62, 67)
711 (H) Insurance $(63,64)$
712 Real estate, including real estate-insurance-law offices $(65,66)$
ing (731)
722 Services to dwellings and other buildings (734)
730 Commercial research, development, and testing labs (7391, 7397)
731 Personnel supply services (736)
732 Business management and consulting services (7392)
$740 \quad$ Computer and data processing services (737)
741 Detective and protective services (7393)
742
750
751
752
760

761 (J)
762
770 Lodging places, except hotels and motels (702, 703, 704)
771 Laundry, cleaning, and garment services (721)
772 Beauty shops (723)
780 Barber shops (724)
781 Funeral service and crematories (726)
782 Shoe repair shops (725)
790 Dressmaking shops (part 729)

791 Miscellaneous personal services (722, part 729)

## ENTERTAINMENT AND RECREATION SERVICES

800 Theaters and motion pictures $(78,792)$
801 Bowling alleys, billiard and pool partors (793)
802 Miscellaneous entertainment and recreation services (791, 794, 799)
PROFESSIONAL AND RELATED SERVICES

812 Offices of physicians $(801,803)$
820 Offices of dentists (802)
821 Offices of chiropractors (8041)
822 Offices of optometrists (8042)
830 Offices of health practitioners, n.e.c. (8049)
831 (K) Hospitals (806)
832 Nursing and personal care facilities (805)
840 Health services, n.e.c. $(807,808,809)$
841 Legal services (81)
842 (L) Elementary and secondary schools (821)
850 (M) Colleges and universities (822)
851 Business, trade, and vocational schools (824)
852 Libraries (823)
860 Educational services, n.e.c. (829)
861 Job training and vocational rehabilitation services (833)
862 Child day care services (835)
870 Residential care facilities, without nursing (836)
871 Social services, n.e.c. $(832,839)$
872 Museums, art galleries, and zoos (84)
880 Religious organizations (866)
881 Membership organizations (861-865, 869)
882 Engineering, architectural, and surveying services (891)
890 Accounting, auditing, and bookkeeping services (893)
891 Noncommercial educational and scientific research (892)
892 Miscellaneous professional and related services (899)

## PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION

900 Executive and legislative offices (911-913)
901 General government, n.e.c. (919)
910 Justice, public order, and safety (92)
921 Public finance, taxation, and monetary policy (93)
922 Administration of human resources programs (94)
930 Administration of environmental quality and housing programs (95)
931 Administration of economic programs (96)
932 National security and international affairs (97)
991 Member of the Armed Forces






| Section 4 - TOPICAL MODULES |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Perta - SELECTED FINANCIALAESETS |  |
| Statement $A$ Read to respondent: Theee nert questiona concewn veriove essots. |  |
| ASK OR VERIIFY - <br> 1a. Did ... own my U.S. Servinge Eecmele as of (fiead lest day of reference period? (Type E or EE bonds only.) |  |
| b. What was the FACE VALUE of the U.E. Eavinga Conds that . . . Owned? <br> (If ownership wes shared, count only . . .'s shere.) | 3208 $\square$ .00 $\begin{gathered} x_{1} \cap_{R e f}^{D K} . \end{gathered}$ |
|  |  |
| 2a. As of (Read last day of reference period), atd ... ewn jointly with ...'s (humbend/wife) any ehecking accounts which didd NOT corn |  |
| b. What is your best cetioneme of the monount of monoy . . . and . . .s (therband/wife) had in those checking nccoumben of (Read last day of reference period)? | 8210 $\square$ . $\times 3 \square$ $\square$ None $\square$ $\square$ DK <br> $\times 2 \square$ Ref. |
| C. Reosides my checking pecoumtas ownod folinty Whterance periodi, dild . ot (Rwn mist (othther) etheokerett occoumts which did NOT Oem |  |
| d. What is youn best eotimete of the amoumt of of (Roodi iust day of ef eronce porioof? If eccoum was shered, count only . . .'s share.) | 233 $\square$ 1. <br> $\times 3 \square$ $\square$ None $\qquad$ DK $\times 2 \square$ Ref. |
|  | $\square$ Yes <br> ${ }_{2}$ No - SKIP to Statement B, page 58 |
|  IIf...is onfy included in spouse's IRA account. mark the "No" box.) |  |
| b. For hew many prers hee ... comertbered to ...'s ita nocomenta? |  |
| C. As of (Read last day of reference period), what is the toter halance or merket value finctedting <br>  | Cin $\square$ .100 - SKIP to 4a $x$ i $\square D K$ <br> $\times 2$ Ref. - SKIP to 40 |
|  frime mormexin is mpectelly mportemp for the morpeces of thic exiver.) | $\begin{gathered} 1256, ~ \square \text { Yes - Merk Collocack Summary and } \\ 2 \square N_{0} \end{gathered}$ |







| Section 5 - PROGRAM QUESTIONS |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| CHECK Refer to cc item 19b. <br> ITEM P1 <br>  <br>  <br>  <br>  <br>  <br> Is this the reference person's <br> questionnaire? | 18000 $1 \square$ Yes <br> $2 \square$ No - SKIP to Check Item C1, pege 64  |
| CHECK Refor to cc items $16 a$ and 16 b. <br> ITEM P2 Is this residence owned by the local housing <br>  authority OR does the government pay part <br>  of the rent? ('Yes "marked in cc item 16a <br>  or $16 b$ ) | 148023  <br>  $1 \square \mathrm{Yes}$ <br> $2 \square \mathrm{No}-$ SKIP to 2a  |
| 18. What ts your montiny rent? |  |
| b. In eddition to remt,I do you pay for any urivimes such es water, elvetricity, gest, or oll? Exclude telaphone. | 14808 $\square$ Yes <br>  $2 \square$ No <br>  $x 1 \square D K$ |
| 2a. The government has an energy ascistance program which helpe pay haeting end coolling costis. This tasiatance can be recelved directiy by the houcehold or it can be pald directiy to the chectric or gee company, fuel dealer, or lendiord. Has this household recelved ascistance of this type during the pact 4 months? | $\left.\begin{array}{l} 1 \square 816 \pi \text { Yes } \\ 1 \\ \left.\begin{array}{l} 1 \square \text { No } \\ 1 \end{array}\right\} \text { DKIP to Check Item P3 } \end{array}\right\} \text { Si }$ |
| b. Was this aselstance recelved in the form of elreeks, couppons or vouchers eent to this heupehold, or were the payments sent directly to a utillity compeny, fuel dealer, or fandliord? Mark (X) afl that apply. |  |
| c. What was the totel amount of the energy eselistance recefved by thlas houschold during the past 4 months? |  |
| CHECK Are there any children 5 to 18 years <br> ITEM P3 old who live in this household? | $\begin{array}{ll}\text { cise } & \text { ? Yes } \\ & 2 \square \text { No - SKIP to Check Hem C1, pege } 64\end{array}$ |
| 3a. De eny of the chilidren in thit household uavally ent a complote hot lunch offered int school? | 1428 $1 \square$ Yes <br>  $2 \square$ No SKIP to Check Hem C1, page 64 |
| b. How mamy chudren? | 1430 $\square$ Children |
| 6. How many complete sethool lunetree to dh of the children ent per woek? |  |
| d. Did you (or ancther person) apply for the childron to receive free or raduced-pries lunches under the Fedord 8chool Lunch Progrem duaing this echoof year? | $1434]$ 1 <br> 2 Yes <br> 2 <br>   |
| e. In the past 4 monthe, wore the hascheas free, reduced-price, or were they full-pice? Mark (X) all that apply. | 4836 $1 \square$ Free lunch - SKIP to 39 <br> $2 \square$ 2 Reduced-price lunch <br>   |
| f. What was the averege price peld by oll of the chlldren for a cemplete sehool humoh? | 1288 $\square$ <br> \$ . <br> $\times 1$ ■ DK |
| g. Do may of the chilidron manally eat breacifest at gehool under the Federal Echool Breathast Program? | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \square \text { Yes } \\ & 2 \square \text { No - SKIP to Check Item C 1, page } 64 \end{aligned}$ |
| h. Mow memy chridren? | $\square$ Children |
| f. Mow many cempleta scheol breehfacte do eli of the chillten ciet per meok? | TTMA $\square \square$ Number of breakfasts |
| J. In the pars 4 months, were the broukfeats free. pechiced-prees, or were they full-price? <br> Mark ( $X$ ) aft that apply. |  |


| CALLBACK SUMMARY |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CHECK <br> ITEM 1 |  |  |  |
| $\square$ | 1. Social Security Number (Enter in cc hem 33a) | $\square$ - | $\begin{array}{ll} x_{1} \square \mathrm{DK} \\ x_{2} \square \text { Ref. } \end{array} x_{3} \square \text { None }$ |
| $\square$ | 2. Medicere claim number (Item 23b, page 8) | $-\square$ - [5004 | - [0065 |
| $\square$ |  | . 50 Last month . 200 2 months ago .008 3 months ago .000 4 months ago | $x_{1} \square D K x_{2} \square$ Ref. $x_{3} \square$ None <br> $x_{1} \square D K \times 2 \square R e f . x_{3} \square$ None <br> $x_{1} \square D K \times 2 \square R e f . x_{3} \square$ None <br> $x_{1}$ 口DK $\times 2 \square$ Ref. $\times 3 \square$ None |
| $\square$ | b. Employer *2 2 trem 168, page 19) <br> What was the total beforere deductions on this job in....? | . 50 Last month <br> -00 2 months ago <br> . 1003 months ago <br> . 304 months ago | $x_{1} \square D K x_{2} \square$ Ref. $x_{3} \square$ None $x_{1} \square \mathrm{D}_{1} \times 2$ Ref. $\times 3 \square$ None $x_{1} \square \mathrm{D}_{1} \times 2_{2}$ ■Ref. $x_{3} \square$ None $x_{1} \square D K \times 2 \square$ Ref. $\times 3 \square$ None |
| 口 |  | 00 Last month <br> 002 months ago <br> . 30 3 months ago $\square$ 4 months ago | $x_{1} \square D_{1} \times 2 \square$ Ref. $x_{3} \square$ None <br> $x_{1} \square D K \times 2$ Ref. $\times 3$ ПNone <br> $x_{1} \square D K \times 2$ Ref. $x_{3} \square$ None <br>  |
| $\square$ | b. Self-employment \#2 (tem 18, pags 23) What was the total amount of income received from this business in . . .? | . 008 Last month $=002$ months ago .008 months $2 g 0$ .004 months ago | $x_{1} \square \mathrm{DK} \times 2 \square$ Ref. $x_{3} \square$ None $x_{1} \square \mathrm{DK} \times 2$ Ref. $x_{3}$ ■None $x_{1} \square \mathrm{DK} \times 2$ Ref. $x_{3}$ ПNone $x_{1} \square \mathrm{dK} \times 2$ Ref. $\mathrm{x}_{3}$ ПNone |
| Amounts as of Monenticory yoar |  | (the last day of the reference period) |  |
| $\square$ | 5. What was the total amount in savings/Money market deposit accounts/CD's /Interest-earning checking accounts held jointly by husband and checking accounts held jo | $\square$ <br> $\times 1 \square D K$ <br> $\times 2 \square$ Ref. <br> $\times 3 \square$ None |  |
| $\square$ | 6. What was the total amount in sevings/Money market deposit accounts/CD's/Interestsarning checking accounts in own name? (Item 3c, page 48) | 180 $\square$ <br> x. $\square \mathrm{DK}$ <br> $x_{2} \square$ Ref. <br> $\times 3$ None |  |
| $\square$ | 7. What was the total amount in Money market funds/securities/ bondst held jointly by hubbend and wite? (Item 2c, pepe 49) |  $\square$ 00 <br> $\times 1$ DDK <br> $\times 2 \square$ Ref. <br> $\times 3 \square$ None |  |
| $\square$ | 8. What was the total amoum in Money market funde/socurities/bonds in own nemoi (Item 3C, pepe 49) |  |  |


| CALLBACK SUMMARY (Continuod) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Amounts for the 4-month period of Month |  |  |
| - | 8. What was the amount received in dividends jointly by husband and wife during the 4 -month period? them 1b, page 50) |  |
|  | 10. What wes the amount received in dividends in own name during the 4 -month period? (them 2a, page 50) |  |
| Amounts as of momenh/cov/rear |  |  |
| 11. What was the market value of stocks and murual funds held jointly by husbend and wife? (them 4a, page 50) |  | $\square$ xı■DK $x_{2} \square \text { Ref. }$ $\times 3 \square \text { None }$ |
| 12. What was the market value of stocks and mutual funds held in own name? (ttem 5b, page 51) |  |  |
| 13. What was the marker value of rental property owned jointly by husband and wifte? Itrem 2g, page 52) |  |  |
| 14. What was the market value of rental property owned in own name? (trem 3g, page 53) |  | $\qquad$ 00 $\times 1$ DDK $\times 2$ Ref |
| $\square$ | 15. What wes the share of equity in rental property hald jointly with others? (fem 4h, page 54) |  |
| 口 | 16. What was the total balance or market value (including interest earned) of IRA accounts? (ttem 3c, page 56) |  |
| $\square$ | 17. What was the total balance or market value of assets in KEOGH account(s)? (them 4c, page 57) |  |
|  | Has an interview been conducted for af housohold members $15+$ ? |  |
|  | TES | - |


| INCOME SOUREE LST |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ANCOME LIST |  |  |  |
| Code | Type | Code | Type |
|  | Social Security <br> U.S. Govemment Raifroad Retirement pay <br> Federal Supplemental Security Income (SSI) <br> State Supplemental Security Income (State administered SSI only) <br> State unemployment compensetion <br> Supplemental Unemployment Benefits <br> Other unemployment compensation (Trade Adjustment Act benefits, strike pay, other) <br> Veterans' compensation or pensions <br> Black lung payments <br> Workers' compensation <br> State temporary sickness or disebility benefita <br> Employer or union temporary sickness policy <br> Poyments from a sickness, accident or disablity insurance policy purchased on your own <br> Aid to Farmilies with Dependent Children (AFDC, ADC) <br> General assistance or General reliof <br> Indian, Cuban, or Rofugee Assistance <br> Foster child care payments <br> Other welfare <br> WIC (Women, Infants and Children Nutrition Program) <br> Food stamps | 28 28 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 40 41 50 51 52 53 54 56 56 | Child support payments <br> Alimony payments <br> Pension from company or union <br> Federal Civil Service or other Federal civilian employee pensions <br> U.S. Military retirement pay <br> National Guard or Reserve Forces retirement <br> State government pensions <br> Local government pensions <br> Income from paid-up life insurance policies or annuities <br> Estates and trusts <br> Other payments for retirement, disability or survivor <br> G.I. 8 <br> Other VA educational assistence <br> Income assistance from a charitable group <br> Money from relatives or friends <br> Lump sum payments <br> income from roomers or boarders <br> National Guard or Reserve pay <br> Incidental or casual eamings <br> Other cash income not included elsewhere |
|  | ASEET LIST |  | BPECIAL INDICATORS |
| Code | Type | Code | Type |
| 100 101 102 103 104 105 108 107 110 120 130 140 150 | Regular/passbook savings accounts in a bank, savings and loan or credit union <br> Muney market deposit accounts <br> Certificates of Deposit or other savings certificates <br> interest-saming checking accounts (such es NOW or Super NOW accounts) <br> Money markat funds <br> U.S. Govemment securities <br> Municipal or corporate bonds <br> Other interest-eaming essots <br> Stocks or mutual fund theres <br> Rental property <br> Mortgagas <br> Royalties <br> Other financiel investments | $\begin{aligned} & 170 \\ & 171 \\ & 172 \\ & 173 \\ & 174 \\ & 176 \\ & 176 \\ & 177 \\ & 178 \\ & 179 \\ & 180 \\ & 181 \\ & 182 \\ & 183 \\ & 200 \\ & 201 \end{aligned}$ | Worked <br> Disabled <br> Medicere <br> Mediceid <br> U.S. Savings Bonds (E, EE) <br> College work etudy <br> PELL Grant <br> Supplamental Educational Opportunity Grant (SEOG) <br> National Direct Studant Loan (NDSL) <br> Guaranteed Student Loan <br> JTPA Training <br> Employer assistance <br> Fellowship/Scholarship <br> Other finencial aid <br> VA disability reting of $\mathbf{1 0 0 \%}$ <br> VA disability of less than $100 \%$ |

INCOME SOURCE SUMMARY (ISS)



## APPENDIX C

## Working Papers

This appendix provides a list of a SIPP Working Papers. Any of these papers are free of charge. See the order form on page C-7.

1990
9001 - "Recent Developments in the Survey of Income and Program Participation", Census Bureau
9002 - "An Analysis of Leaving Home Using Data From the 1984 Panel of the SIPP", by Alden Speare, Roger Avery, Frances Goldscheider, Brown University

9003 - "The Effect of the Marriage Market on First Marriages: Evidence From SIPP", John Fitzgerald, Bowdoin College

9004 - "Counting Spells of Unemployment", Paul Ryscavage and Kathleen Short, Census Bureau
9005 - "The Elderly and Their Sources of Income: Implications for Rural Development", Robert Hoppe, Economic Research Service, U.S. Department of Agriculture

9006 - "Alternative Estimates of Economic Well-Being by Age Using Data on Wealth and Income, Daniel Radner, Social Security Administration

9007 - "Longitudinal Analysis of Federal Survey Data", Patricia Ruggles, Joint Economic Committee
9008 - "Measurement Errors in SIPP Program Reports", Kent H. Marquis and Jeffrey C. Moore, Census Bureau
9009 - "Handling Single Wave Nonresponse in Panel Survey," R. Singh, V. Huggins, and D. Kasprzyk, Census Bureau

9010 - "Nonresponse Research for SIPP," R. Petroni, Census Bureau
9011 - "The Seam Effect in Panel Surveys," G. Kalton, D. Hill, and M. Miller, University of Michigan
9012 - "The Effects of Being Uninsured on Health Care Service Use: Estimates from the SIPP," S. Long and J. Rodgers, Congressional Budget Office

9013 - "Wage Differential and Job Changes," S. Seninger and D. Greenberg, University of Maryland
9014 - "Wages and Employment Among the Working Poor: New Evidence From SIPP," S. Long and A. Martini, The Urban Institute and Mathematica Policy Research

9015 - "Pension Portability \& Labor Mobility: Evidence from SIPP," A. Gustman and T. Steinmeier, Dartmouth College and Texas Tech University

9016 - "Response \& Procedural Error Variance in Surveys: An Application of Poisson and Newman Type A Regression," D. Hill, University of Toledo

9017 - "Aging and the Income Value of Housing Wealth," S.F. Venti and D.A. Wise, Darmouth College and Harvard University

9018 - "Welfare Participation and Welfare Recidivism: The Role of Family Events," S.K. Long, The Urban Institute

SIPP FILES
9019 - "Racial Differences in Health and Health Care Service Utilization: The Effect of Socioeconomic Status," J.E. Mutchler and J.A. Burr, State University of New York at Buffalo

9020 - "Living Benefits: Closing the Gap for LTC Financing," D.G. Shea, Pennsylvania State University
9021 - "SIPP Record Check Results: Implications for Measurement Principles and Practice," K.H. Marquis and J.C. Moore, Census Bureau

9022 - "Workers with Disabilities in Large and Small Firms: Profiles from the SIPP," D. Drury, Berkeley Planning Associates

9023 - "Entry into Marriage and the Transition to Adulthood Among Recent Firth Cohorts of Young Adults in the United States and the Federal Republic of Germany," J. Witte, Harvard University

9024 - "The Saving Effect of Tax-Deferred Retirement Accounts: Evidence from the SIPP," S. Venti and D.A. Wise, Dartmouth College and Harvard University

9025 - "Children and Welfare: Patterns of Multiple Program Participations," S.K. Long, The Urban Institute
9026 - "Household and Nonhousehold Living Arrangements in Later Life: A Longitudinal Analysis of A Social Process," J.E. Mutchler and J.A. Burr, University of Buffalo

9027 - "The SIPP Event History Calendar: Aiding Respondents in the Dating of Longitudinal Process," R. Kominski, Census Bureau

9028 - "Estimates of Employer Contributions for Health Insurance by Worker Characteristics," S. Haber, George Washington University

9029 - "Two Notes on Relating the Risk of Disclosure for Microdata and Geographic Area Size," B. Greenberg and L. Voshell, Census Bureau

9030 - "Childcare Effects on Social Security Benefits (91 ARC)," H.M. lams, Social Security Administration
9031 - "The Effect of the Medicaid Program on Welfare Participation \& Labor Supply," R. Moffit and B. Wolfe, Brown University and University of Wisconsin

9032 - "Proxy Reports: Results from a Record Check Study," J.C. Moore, Census Bureau
9033 - "Spells Without Health Insurance: What Affects Spell Durations and Who are the Chronically Uninsured?," T. McBride and K. Swartz, The Urban Institute

9034 - "Spells Without Health Insurance: Distributions of Durations and their Link to Point-in-Time Estimates of the Uninsured," K. Swartz and T. McBride, The Urban Institute

9035 - "Discrete Time Models of Entry into Marriage Based on Retrospective Marital Histories of Young Adults in the U.S. and the Federal Republic of Germany," J. Witte, Harvard University

8901 - "Quality of SIPP Estimates," R. P. Singh, L. Weidman, and G. Shapiro, Census Bureau
8902 - "Two Notes on Sampling Variance Estimates from the 1984 SIPP Public-Use Files," by B. Bye and S. J. Gallicchio, Social Security Administration

8903 - "Longitudinal vs. Retrospective Measures of Work Experience," P. Ryscavage and J. Coder, Census Bureau

8904 - "Analyzing the Characteristics of Blacks: A Comparison of Data from SIPP and CPS," R. Farley and L. J. Neidert, University of Michigan

8905 - "Enhanced Demographic-Economic Data Sets," R. Herriot, C. Bowie, D. Kasprzyk, and S. Haber, Census Bureau

8906 - "Reflections on the Income Estimates from the Initial Panel of The Survey of Income and Program Participation (SIPP)," D. Vaughan, Social Security Administration

8907 - "Measuring Spells of Unemployment and Their Outcomes," P. Ryscavage, Census Bureau
8908 - "Welfare Dependency and its Causes: Determinants of the Duration of Welfare Spells," P. Ruggles, The Urban Institute

8909 - "Measuring the Duration of Poverty Spells," P. Ruggles, The Urban Institute and R. Williams, Congressional Budget Office

8910-"Methods of Processing Unit Data Longitudinally on the SIPP," K. Smith, Congressional Budget Office
8911 - "Composite Estimation for SIPP Annual Estimates," R. P. Chakrabarty, Census Bureau
8912 - "Research and Evaluation Conducted on the Survey of Income and Program Participation," R. Petroni, T. Carmody, and V. Huggins, Census Bureau

8913 - "A Poisson Model of Response and Procedural Error Analysis of SIPP Reinterview Data," D. Hill, University of Michigan

8914 - "The Economic Resources of the Edlerly," S. Crystal and D. Shea, Rutgers University
8915 - "Multivariate Analysis by Users of SIPP Micro-Data Files," R. P. Chakrabarty, Census Bureau
8916 - "A Resource-Based Model of Living Arrangements Among the Unmarried Elderly," J. E. Mutchler and J. A. Burr, University of Buffalo

8917 - "Measuring Household Change at The individual Level Using Data From SIPP," A. Speare, Jr. and R. Avery, Brown University

8918 - "The Effect of Child Care Costs on Married Women's Labor Force participation," R. Connelly, Bowdoin College

8919 - "Income and Assets of Social Security Beneficiaries by Type of Benefit," S. Grad, Social Security Administration

8920 - "Development and Evaluation of a Survey-Based Type of Benefit Classification for the Social Security Program," D. Vaughan, Social Security Administration

8921 - "Wave Seam Effects in the SIPP," N. Young, The Urban Institute
8922 - "Components of Longitudinal Household Change for 1984-1985: An Evaluation of National Estimates from the SIPP," by Donald J. Hernandez, Bureau of the Census

8923 - "Database Design for Large-Scale Complex Data," by Martin H. David and Alice Robbin, University of Wisconsin-Madison

8924 - "Measuring the Frequency and Consequences of Job Separations: Data from the Survey of Income and Program Participation," by John M. McNeil and Enrique J. Lamas, Bureau of the Census

8925 - "The Regular Receipt of Child Support: A Multi-step Process," by James L. Peterson and Christine Winquist Nord, Child Trends, Inc.

## 1988

8801 - "The Impact of the Unit of Analysis on Measures of Serial Multiple Program Participation," by P. Doyle and S. E. Long, Mathematica Policy Research, Inc.

8802 - "Short-Term Fluctuations in Income and Their Impacts on the Characteristics of the Low-Income Population: New Data From the Survey of Income and Program Participation," by P. Ruggles, Urban Institute

8803 - "Residential Mobility of One-Person Households," by J. Witte and H. Lahmann, German Institute for Economic Research

8804 - "Year-Apart Estimates of Household Net Worth From the Survey of Income and Program Participation," by John M. McNeil and Enrique J. Lamas, Bureau of the Census

8805 - "Measuring Poverty and Crises: A Comparison of Annual and Subannual Accounting Program Participation," by Martin David and John Fitzgerald, Institute for Research on Poverty

8806 - "Using Administrative Record Data to Evaluate the Quality of Survey Estimates," by Jeffrey C. Moore and Kent H. Marquis, Bureau of the Census

8807 - "The Wealth of the Aged and Nonaged, 1984," by Daniel B. Radner, HHS
8808 - "Examining the Dynamics of Health Insurance Loss: A Tale of Two Cohorts," by Alan C. Monheit and Claudia L. Schur, NCHSR

8809 - "The Dynamics of Medicaid Enrollment," by Pam Farley Short, Joel C. Cantor, and Alan C. Monheit, NCHSR
8810 - "The Discouraged Worker Effect: A Reappraisal Using Spell Duration Data," by Alberto Martini, University of Wisconsin-Madison

8811 - "Income as a Proxy for the Economic Status of the Elderly," by Deborah J. Chollet and Robert B. Friedland, Employee Benefit Research Institute

8812 - "The SIPP: Data from the Social Security Administration's 1987 Annual Statistical Supplement"
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| 8501 | 8602 | 8609 | 8702 | 8709 | 8716 | 8723 |
| 8502 | 8603 | 8610 | 8703 | 8710 | 8717 | 8724 |
| 8503 | 8604 | 8611 | 8704 | 8711 | 8718 | 8725 |
| 8504 | 8605 | 8612 | 8705 | 8712 | 8719 |  |
| 8505 | 8606 | 8613 | 8706 | 8713 | 8720 |  |
| 8506 | 8607 | 8614 | 8707 | 8714 | 8721 |  |
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| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 9001 | 9008 | 9015 |  | 9029 |
| 9002 | 9009 | 9016 | 9023 | 9030 |
| 9003 | 9010 | 9017 | 9024 | 9031 |
| 9004 | 9011 | 9018 | 9025 | 9032 |
| 9005 | 9012 | 9019 | 9026 | 9033 |
| 9006 | 9013 | 9020 | 9027 | 9034 |
| 9007 | 9014 | 9021 | 9028 | 9035 |

## APPENDIX D

## Machine-Readable Data Dictionary Layout

Data dictionary lines are 46 characters. The character on the first position determines the type of lines. Each variable may have the following lines:

1. COMMENTS ( " *") lines
2. DATA DICTIONARY ( " $D$ ") ; line and DATA DESCRIPTION
3. UNIVERSE (" $U$ ") lines
4. VALUE DESCRIPTION lines
5. One blank line at the end

## FORMAT

"*" LINE COMMENTS
a. "*" in the first position indicates that this is a comment line. This line can appear any place in the dictionary. It will be used for short comments or to nullify any value codes.
b. "**" in the first two positions is also comments but it has additional meaning. It indicates this is a block of comments which will be applied to several variables. The first line of this block will ave the COMMENT NO. so that subsequent variable can refer back to this comment block.

## "D" LINE DATA DICTIONARY

This line contains the following information:

| ID | "D" | COL. | $1-1$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | ---: |
| NAME | Variable name | COL. | $3-10$ |
| SIZE | Size of data field | COL. | $14-15$ |
| BEGIN | Begin position of data field | COL. | $19-22$ |
| TYPE | Character variable indicator "CHAR" |  |  |
|  | or blanks if numeric variable | COL. | $26-29$ |
| DEC | Implied decimal places | COL. | $33-34$ |
| IND | TABLE variable indicator "TABLE" with "(aa)" for |  |  |
|  | its dimension; otherwise blanks | COL. | $38-46$ |

Text describing the variable will follow this " $D$ " line. Use COL. 6-46 and repeat as many lines as necessary.
"U" LINE UNIVERSE DEFINITION
This line contains the universe definition. Use COL. 3-46 and repeat as many lines as necessary.

| ID | "U" | COL | $1-1$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | ---: |
| DESCRIPTION | Universe description | COL. | $3-46$ |

(For continuation use COL. 3-46 and repeat as many lines as necessary.)
"V" LINE VALUE DEFINITION

| ID | " $V$ " | COL. | $1-1$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | ---: |
| VALUE | Value code-right justified | COL. | $3-12$ |
| DESCRIPTION | "." | COL | 14 |
|  | Value description | COL. | $15-46$ |

(Repeat COL. 14-46 format for continued value description.)

## APPENDIX E

## User Notes

This section is reserved for any information relevant to the SIPP 1991 Panel, Wave 4 Topical Module Microdata File that indicates specific problems with the data, or that becomes available after the file is released. Any such information should be filed behind this page.

User Notes will be sent to all users who (1) purchased their file (or technical documentation) from the Census Bureau and (2) returned the coupon following the title page.


[^0]:    Sample Unit Identification Number
    Address ID
    Entry Address ID
    Person Number

[^1]:    1
    Use the "16+ Income and Labor Force" core parameter for tabulations of reasons for not working/reservation wage and work related income.

    2
    The parameter also applies to the School Enrollment and Finance Topical Module Subject.

